Report and Financial Statements

Year ended

31 March 2019

Company Number 08661119



Report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019

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Directors

M A Tory M S Baldock M A Skelly

Secretary

M A Skelly

Registered office

125 Old Broad Street, London EC2N 1AR

Auditors

BDO LLP, 55 Baker Street, London, W1U 7EU.

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 March 2019

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019.

Results and dividends

The income statement is set out on page 6 and shows the profit for the year.

On 27 June 2018 the directors approved the payment of an interim dividend of £0.104 (2018: £0.190) per redeemable ordinary share. The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend.

Principal activities, trading review and future developments

The principal activity of the company is an investment holding company. On 5 November 2013 the company was admitted as a corporate member of ONDRA LLP. During the year the company received income of £25,831 (2018: £31,012). It is expected that further income will be received in future periods.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of this report are as follows:

M A Tory M S Baldock M A Skelly

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

Auditors

All of the current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware.

The auditors, BDO LLP, who were appointed as auditors of the company by the directors, are deemed to have been reappointed in accordance with section 487 of the Companies Act 2006.

In preparing this directors' report advantage has been taken of the small companies' exemption.

By order of the Board

Date: 22nd July 2019

Independent auditor's report

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of TBDA Investors (No.6) Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 March 2019 which comprise the Statement of income and retained earnings, the statement of financial position, the Statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent auditor's report (continued)

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit;

- the information given in the director's report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.
- the director's report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Director's report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion;

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.; or
- the Directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies
 regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' report and from the
 requirement to prepare a Strategic report.

Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at the Financial Reporting Council's website at:

https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Independent auditor's report (continued)

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

BOO LLP

Neil Fung-On (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor 55 Baker Street London W1U 7EU

Date: 22/7/19

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

Statement of income and retained earnings for the year ended 31 March 2019

	Note	Year ended 31 March 2019 £	Year ended 31 March 2018 £
Turnover	1	25,831	31,012
Administrative expenses	-	130	(686)
Operating profit	2	25,961	30,326
Interest receivable	4	-	-
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		25,961	30,326
Taxation on profit from ordinary activities	5	(3,358)	(6,409)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		22,603	23,917
Dividends paid		(20,622)	(23,750)
Retained earnings brought forward		10	(157)
Retained earnings carried forward		1,991	10

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the results for the year as set out above. The profit shown above reflects the total comprehensive income. There is no difference between the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and its historical cost equivalent.

The notes on pages 9 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of financial position as at 31 March 2019

Note	2019 £	2019 £	2018 £	2018 £
6		13,235		171,508
		•		•
7	2 120		125	
,	3,061		578	
	5,181		703	
8	(16,425)		(172,201)	
		(11,244)		(171,498)
		1,991		10
		1,991		10
9 10		- 1,991		10
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	6 7 8	£ 6 7	£ £ 6 13,235 7 2,120 3,061	£ £ £ 6 13,235 7 2,120 125 3,061 578

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 22nd July 2019.

M A Tory **Director**

The notes on pages 9 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 March 2019

		2019	2018
	Notes	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities			
Operating profit for the financial year Adjusted for:		25,961	30,326
Decrease/(Increase) in debtors	7	(1,995)	221
Decrease)/Increase in creditors	8	2,497	(516)
axes paid		(3,358)	(6,409)
Net cash generated from operating activities	_	23,105	23,622
Cash flows from investing activities	-	···	
nterest received	_		
Net cash from investing activities		•	-
Cash flows from financing activities	_		-
Equity dividends paid	11	(20,622)	(23,750)
Net cash from financing activities	-	(20,622)	(23,750)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivale	- nts	2,483	(128)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		·	, ,
Cash at beginning of financial year	_	578	706
Cash at the end of financial year		3,061	578

The notes on pages 9 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019

1 Accounting policies

TBDA Investors (No. 6) Limited is a company incorporated in England & Wales. The registered office is shown on the contents page of the financial statements, the principal activities are disclosed in the Report of the directors.

These financial statements are prepared under FRS 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

Turnover

Turnover represents the profit appropriation which the company receives as a member of ONDRA LLP which falls outside the scope of UK VAT.

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred.

Current tax is measured at amounts expected to be paid using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date except that the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the company anticipates making sufficient taxable profits in the future to absorb the reversal of the underlying timing differences.

Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

Investments

Investments in unlisted entities are re-measured to fair value at each balance sheet date. Gains and losses on re-measurement are recognized in profit or loss for the period.

Financial assets

Financial assets, other than investments, are initially held at transaction price (including transaction costs) and subsequently held at cost, less any impairment.

Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities, excluding redeemable ordinary shares, are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs) and subsequently held at amortised cost.

Redeemable ordinary shares

Redeemable ordinary shares are recognised initially at fair value, and are designated as fair value through the profit and loss. At the end of each reporting period, they are measured at fair value and changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. All exchange differences are recognised in the income statement.

The share capital of the company is denominated in US\$. This was translated into £ sterling at the spot rate on the date the shares were subscribed.

Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key judgements the directors have made in the preparation of these financial statements are as follows:

Investments

The fair value of the investment represents estimated future profit shares from Ondra LLP discounted to present value.

Redeemable shares

The redeemable shares are redeemable in August of any year and have a formula linked to profit shares received from Ondra LLP to determine the redemption value. The fair value of the redeemable shares represents estimated profit shares from Ondra LLP to the earliest redemption date, discounted to present value.

2 Operating profit

	Year ended 31 March 2019 £	Year ended 31 March 2018 £
This has been arrived at after charging:	~	~
Auditor remuneration - audit fees - non-audit fees (taxation)	-	-
Foreign exchange loss	24	-23
		

The audit and taxation fees for the company are met by ONDRA LLP.

3 Employees and directors

The company has no employees and no director receives any emoluments.

4 Interest receivable

interest receivable		•
	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March	31 March
	2019	2018
	£	£
Interest receivable on bank and short term deposits	•	-

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

5	Taxation on profit from ordinary activities	Year ended 31 March 2019 £	Year ended 31 March 2018 £
	Analysis of charge for the year	~	. ~
	Current tax:		
	UK corporation tax on result for the year	3,358	6,409
	Factors affecting tax charge for the year:		
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	25,961	30,326
	Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the small profits rate of corporation tax in the UK 19% (2018: 19%)	4,932	5,762
	Effects of: Items not deductible for corporation tax Items not deductible Differences in tax rates Prior year adjustments	(25) (1,549) -	449 198 -
		3,358	6,409

Profit appropriations from ONDRA LLP are received pre-tax. Consequently the company also takes on the liability for UK corporation tax on a corresponding proportion of the LLP's taxable profits.

6	Fixed asset investments	£
	At 1 April 201 8 Additions	171,508
	Fair value adjustment	(158,273)
	At 31 March 201 9	13,235

On 5 November 2013 the company was admitted as a member of ONDRA LLP ("LLP"). The company has invested \$125,000 (2018: \$125,000) in the LLP and \$73,286 (2018: \$73,287) in an unlisted company which is also a member of Ondra LLP. The investment in the LLP represents the ownership of members capital. As a member of the LLP the investment represents 0.17692% (2018: 0.17692%) of the members' capital of the LLP.

The investment is repayable when, and to the extent that, the holders of the company's redeemable ordinary shares elect to redeem.

The company is entitled to a partnership appropriation from the LLP payable out of partnership profits. The fair value of the investment has been calculated by taking the estimated profit shares to be allocated from the LLP up to the date of the first opportunity the holders have to redeem their redeemable shares, discounted at 5% per annum to give the present value.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018 (continued)

7	Debtors	····	
•	Desicois	2019	2018
		£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year:		
	Other debtors	2,120	125
		2,120	125
8	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Redeemable ordinary shares	13,235	171,508
	Amounts due to related companies	3,190	693
		16,425	172,201

At the year end the company had issued 198,287 (2018: 198,287) US\$0.01 redeemable ordinary shares at US\$1.00 per share. The holders of the shares have the right to require the company to redeem any or all the shares at a redemption price equivalent to five and a half times the operating profit per share allocated to the company by Ondra LLP in its previous accounting year. The redemption period being August of each year. The fair value of the redeemable shares represents estimated profit shares from Ondra LLP to the earliest redemption date, discounted to present value.

The fair value of the redeemable shares represents the estimated future profit shares to be allocated to the Company from Ondra LLP up to the next redemption date, discounted at 5% per annum to give the present value.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

2018 £	2019 £	2018 Number	2019 Number	Share capital
				Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid
	<u>-</u>	3	3	Ordinary shares of \$0.01 each
7 a further 1	On 8 November 20	ce of \$0.01.		In 2013 the company issued 2 ordinary ordinary share was issued at a par price
the right to ve and a half	ordinary shares have price equivalent to	redeemable a redemption	he holders of the of their holdings a	In addition the company has allotted 19 share of US\$1.00. On an annual basis require the company to redeem any or all times the operating profit per share allocated to the company to the company to redeem any or all times the operating profit per share allocated to the company has allotted 19 share allocated to the company has allotted 19 share of US\$1.00 to the company has all the company has all the company has all the company has all the US\$1.00 to the company has allotted 19 share of US\$1.00 to the co
				The holders of the redeemable ordinary The ordinary shares have no dividend rig
Profit and loss account £				Reserves
10 22,603 (20,622				At 1 April 2018 Profit for the financial year Dividends paid
1,991				At 31 March 2019
	share.	able ordinary	0.104 per redeem	On 27 June 2018, a dividend was paid of
Year ended 31 March 2018 £	Year ended 31 March 2019 £		olders' funds	Reconciliation of movement in shareh
(157 23,917 (23,750	10 22,603 (20,622)			At 1 April Profit for the year Dividends paid
10	4 004			Observational fronts at 04 March

1,991

10

Shareholders' funds at 31 March

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

12 Related party transactions

Service provision

On 5 November 2011 the company became a member of ONDRA LLP ("LLP"), a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales whose registered office is at 125 Old Broad Street, London EC2N 1AR.

Turnover of £18,209 (2018: £31,012) was received from the LLP during the year. At year end, the company owed the LLP £3,190 (2018: £693). An allocation of profits from the LLP of £18,209 (2018: £31,012) has been included in turnover for the year and dividends of £7,622 received from TBDA 2 for the year.

The investment of £13,235 (2018: £171,508) in note 6 represents the fair value of the ownership of members' capital in the LLP and a new investment in an unlisted company which is also a member of ONDRA LLP.

No remuneration was paid in the year to key management personnel (2018: nil).

13 Ultimate controlling party

There is no ultimate controlling party.

14 Financial instruments

The company's financial instruments may be analysed as follows:

	2019 £	2018 £
Financial assets Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost	13,235 5,181	171,508 703
Financial liabilities Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	13,235 3,190	171,508 693

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise fixed asset investments in unlisted entities.

Financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise cash and trade debtors.

Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise redeemable ordinary shares.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise trade creditors, other creditors and accruals.