Registered number: 08636340

## ALEXATECH INTEGRATED SYSTEMS LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2019

McGurran & Co.

39 High Street Orpington BR6 0JE

### Alexatech Integrated Systems Limited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 August 2019

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# Alexatech Integrated Systems Limited Balance Sheet As at 31 August 2019

Registered number: 08636340

	201		)19 20		018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
FIXED ASSETS						
Intangible Assets	3		63,530		63,530	
Tangible Assets	4		91,213		39,817	
		-		_		
			154,743		103,347	
CURRENT ASSETS						
Stocks	5	86,825		31,450		
Debtors	6	289,663		217,855		
Cash at bank and in hand		31,406	_	14,816		
		407,894		264,121		
		407,054		204,121		
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	7	(437,069)	-	(243,574)		
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)		-	(29,175)	_	20,547	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		-	125,568	-	123,894	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	8	-	(6,717)	-	(6,717)	
NET ASSETS		_	118,851	_	117,177	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		-		_		
Called up share capital	10		100,000		100,000	
Profit and Loss Account		_	18,851	_	17,177	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		-	118,851	=	117,177	

### Alexatech Integrated Systems Limited Balance Sheet (continued) As at 31 August 2019

For the year ending 31 August 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### **Director's responsibilities**

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.	
On behalf of the board	

Mr Lee Brockman

Director

17 March 2020

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

#### 1. Accounting Policies

#### 1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

#### 1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

#### Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

#### Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

#### 1.3. Intangible Fixed Assets and Amortisation - Goodwill

Goodwill is the difference between amounts paid on the acquisition of a business and the fair value of the separable net assets. It is amortised to profit and loss account over its estimated economic life of .... years.

#### 1.4. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery 10% Reducing
Motor Vehicles 15% Reducing
Fixtures & Fittings 10% Reducing
Computer Equipment 15% Reducing

#### 1.5. Leasing and Hire Purchase Contracts

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in the creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period. Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

#### 1.6. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

#### 1.7. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

#### 2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows:

#### 3. Intangible Assets

	Goodwill
	£
Cost	
As at 1 September 2018	63,530
As at 31 August 2019	63,530
Net Book Value	
As at 31 August 2019	63,530
As at 1 September 2018	63,530

4. Tangible Assets					
	Plant & Machinery	Motor Vehicles	Fixtures & Fittings	Computer Equipment	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost					
As at 1 September 2018	51,756	23,165	109	-	75,030
Additions	56,200			832	57,032 ———
As at 31 August 2019	107,956	23,165	109	832	132,062
Depreciation					
As at 1 September 2018	21,442	12,278	1,493	-	35,213
Provided during the period	4,547	1,089	-	-	5,636
As at 31 August 2019	25,989	13,367	1,493	-	40,849
Net Book Value					
As at 31 August 2019	81,967	9,798	(1,384)	832	91,213
As at 1 September 2018	30,314	10,887	(1,384)	-	39,817
5. Stocks					
				2019	2018
				£	£
Stock - materials and work in progress				86,825	31,450
			_	86,825	31,450
6. 8.11			_		
6. <b>Debtors</b>				2019	2018
				£	£
Due within one year					
Trade debtors				271,616	200,698
Other taxes and social security			_	14,927	14,037
				286,543	214,735
Due after more than one year					
Other debtors: Rent deposit			_	3,120	3,120
				3,120	3,120
			_	289,663	217,855

7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		
	2019	2018
	£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	6,412	6,412
Trade creditors	226,600	127,622
Bank loans and overdrafts	24,497	24,538
Corporation tax	10,222	1,772
VAT	24,739	13,539
Other creditors: Aran Investments Limited	56,200	-
Other creditors.	68,478	68,478
Accruals and deferred income	1,000	1,000
Director's loan account	18,921	213
	437,069	243,574
8. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year		
8. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	2019	2018
	£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	6,717	6,717
	6,717	6,717
9. Obligations Under Finance Leases and Hire Purchase		
	2019	2018
	£	£
The maturity of these amounts is as follows:		
Amounts Payable:		
Within one year	6,412	6,412
Between one and five years	6,717	6,717
	13,129	13,129
	13,129	13,129
10. Share Capital		
	2019	2018
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	100,000	100,000

#### 11. Dividends

On equity shares:	2019 £	2018 £
Final dividend paid	35,001	13,000
	35,001	13,000

#### 12. General Information

Alexatech Integrated Systems Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 08636340. The registered office is 39 High Street, Orpington, Kent, BR6 0JE.

lectronic form, authenticat	ion and maimer or d	envery under section	n 1072 or the Compa	illes Act 2006.	