Registration number: 08612619

# Alissar Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2020

## (Registration number: 08612619) Balance Sheet as at 31 July 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	1,298	30,275
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>5</u>	283,000	273,000
Debtors	<u>6</u>	284,300	304,895
Cash at bank and in hand		160,868	71,439
		728,168	649,334
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u> </u>	(335,256)	(363,796)
Net current assets		392,912	285,538
Total assets less current liabilities		394,210	315,813
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<del></del>	(251,000)	(201,000)
Net assets	_	143,210	114,813
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	8	100	1
Profit and loss account		143,110	114,812
Total equity		143,210	114,813

For the financial year ending 31 July 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

(Registration number: 08612619) Balance Sheet as at 31 July 2020

pproved and authorised by the Board on 26 March 2021 and signed on	its behalf by:
fr Mhd Bassel Chehabi	
virector	

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2020

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Unit 71 - 72 Brindley Road Astmoor Industrial Estate WA7 1PF

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 26 March 2021.

#### 2 Accounting policies

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

#### Foreign currency transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the functional currency rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated into the respective functional currency of the entity at the rates prevailing on the reporting period date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the initial transaction dates.

Non-monetary items measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2020

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class
Fixtures, fittings & equipment
Motor Vehicles

Depreciation method and rate 25% straight line 25% straight line

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### **Trade creditors**

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2020

#### **Borrowings**

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

#### Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

#### Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

#### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 8 (2019 - 10).

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2020

## 4 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 August 2019	17,687	55,032	72,719
Disposals	<del>-</del>	(40,062)	(40,062)
At 31 July 2020	17,687	14,970	32,657
Depreciation			
At 1 August 2019	15,561	26,883	42,444
Charge for the year	829	3,742	4,571
Eliminated on disposal	<del>-</del>	(15,656)	(15,656)
At 31 July 2020	16,390	14,969	31,359
Carrying amount			
At 31 July 2020	1,297	1	1,298
At 31 July 2019	2,126	28,149	30,275
5 Charles			
5 Stocks		2020	2019
Other inventories		£ 283,000	£ 273,000
Other inventories	=	203,000	275,000
6 Debtors			
		2020	2019
		£	£
Trade debtors		244,554	292,497
Prepayments		-	8,922
Other debtors	_	39,746	3,476
	_	284,300	304,895

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2020

## 7 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts	9	100,000	82,080
Trade creditors		46,956	68,793
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest		27,828	26,450
Taxation and social security		1,052	21,795
Accruals and deferred income		4,690	4,600
Other creditors		154,730	160,078
		335,256	363,796
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
		2020	2019

ğ	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	9	251,000	201,000

## 8 Share capital

## Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2020		2019	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary of £1 each	1	1	1	1
Ordinary A of £1 (2019 - £0) each	10	10	-	-
Ordinary B of £1 (2019 - £0) each	10	10	-	-
Ordinary C of £1 (2019 - £0) each	10	10	-	-
Ordinary D of £1 (2019 - £0) each	10	10	-	-
Ordinary of £1 (2019 - £0) each	59	59	-	-
	100	100	1	1

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2020

9 Loans and borrowings		
	2020	2019
	£	£
Non-current loans and borrowings		
Bank borrowings	50,000	-
Other borrowings	201,000	201,000
	251,000	201,000
	2020	2019
	£	£
Current loans and borrowings		
Finance lease liabilities	-	6,911

Other borrowings

100,000

100,000

75,169

82,080

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.