REGISTERED NUMBER: 08603405 (England and Wales)

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 FOR

EFFICIENT PARAPLANNING LIMITED

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EFFICIENT PARAPLANNING LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

Directors:	Mrs M Wilson-Stimson P Merrigan U Ozturk Ms S K Wilson
Registered office:	12-14 Upper Marlborough Road St.Albans Hertfordshire AL1 3UR
Registered number:	08603405 (England and Wales)
Accountants:	Norwoods Forest House Office 3 - 5 Horndean Road Bracknell Berkshire RG12 0XQ

CHARTERED CERTIFIED ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS ON THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF EFFICIENT PARAPLANNING LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 08603405)

The following reproduces the text of the report prepared for the directors in respect of the company's annual unaudited financial statements. In accordance with the Companies Act 2006, the company is only required to file a Balance Sheet. Readers are cautioned that the Statement of Comprehensive Income and certain other primary statements and the Report of the Directors are not required to be filed with the Registrar of Companies.

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Efficient Paraplanning Limited for the year ended 31 March 2023 which comprise the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, Balance Sheet and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.accaglobal.com/rulebook.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Efficient Paraplanning Limited, as a body, in accordance with our terms of engagement. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Efficient Paraplanning Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of Efficient Paraplanning Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with the requirements of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants as detailed at http://www.accaglobal.com/factsheet163. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and its Board of Directors, as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Efficient Paraplanning Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and loss of Efficient Paraplanning Limited. You consider that Efficient Paraplanning Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Efficient Paraplanning Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Norwoods Forest House Office 3 - 5 Horndean Road Bracknell Berkshire RG12 0XQ

18 October 2023

BALANCE SHEET 31 March 2023

		2023		2022	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	4		6,302		7,292
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	5	33,766 50,067 83,833		69,511 46,333 115,844	
CREDITORS		30,300		110,011	
Amounts falling due within one year NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIE	6 : S	121,392	<u>(37,559)</u> (31,257)	105,851	9,993 17,285
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one year NET LIABILITIES	7		39,583 (70,840)		43,529 (26,244)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Retained earnings SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			101 (70,941) (70,840)		101 (26,345) (26,244)

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2023.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 18 October 2023 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mrs M Wilson-Stimson - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Efficient Paraplanning Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

When cash inflows are deferred and represent a financing arrangement, the fair value of the consideration is the present value of the future receipts. The difference between the fair value of the consideration and the nominal amount received is recognised as interest income.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that it is probable will be recovered.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Fixtures and fittings - 25% on cost Computer equipment - 33% on cost

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

Financial instruments

The company has financial assets and liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments, which are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measures at their settlement value.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 18 (2022 - 17).

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

		Fixtures		
		and	Computer	
		fittings	equipment	Totals
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 April 2022	10,518	24,948	35,466
	Additions	4,402	146	4,548
	Disposals	<u>(2,999</u>)	<u>(13,232</u>)	<u>(16,231</u>)
	At 31 March 2023	11,921	11,862	23,783
	Depreciation			
	At 1 April 2022	7,519	20,655	28,174
	Charge for year	2,980	2,558	5,538
	Eliminated on disposal	<u>(2,999</u>)	<u>(13,232</u>)	<u>(16,231</u>)
	At 31 March 2023	7,500	9,981	<u> 17,481</u>
	Net book value			
	At 31 March 2023	<u>4,421</u>	<u> 1,881</u>	6,302
	At 31 March 2022	2,999	<u>4,293</u>	7,292
_				
5.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
			2023	2022
			£	£
	Trade debtors		760	45,942
	Other debtors		33,006	23,569
			<u>33,766</u>	69,511
6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
0.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE TEAR		2023	2022
			2023 £	2022 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts		5,000	4,938
	Trade creditors		11,707	7,370
	Taxation and social security		35,476	46,043
	Other creditors		69,209	47,500
			121,392	105,851
			121,002	100,001
7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YE	EAR		
			2023	2022
			£	£
	Bank loans		39,583	43,529
			<u> </u>	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

8. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

The following advances and credits to a director subsisted during the years ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022:

	2023	2022
	£	£
Mrs M Wilson-Stimson		
Balance outstanding at start of year	9,287	-
Amounts advanced	-	9,287
Amounts repaid	(5,180)	-
Amounts written off	-	-
Amounts waived	-	-
Balance outstanding at end of year	<u>4,107</u>	9,287

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.