South Bank Academies

Annual Report and Financial Statements

31 August 2021

Company Limited by Guarantee Registration Number 08589525 (England and Wales)



COMPANIES HOUSE

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Reference and administrative information

Members London South Bank University (LSBU)

> Richard Flatman David Phoenix

Directors / Trustees Hitesh Tailor (Chair)

James Blastland (appointed 22 February 2021)

Richard Flatman **Anthony Giddings** Nicole Louis

Christopher Mallaband

Hilary McCallion Fiona Morey Lesley Morrison David Phoenix

Company Secretary Michael Broadway

Key Management Personnel

Chief Executive Officer Fiona Morey **Executive Principal** Dan Cundy

Principal of UTC

Austin Sheppard

Principal of University Academy of

Engineering South Bank John Taylor

> **Business Manager** Helena Abrahams

Registered address 103 Borough Road

> London SE1 0AA

Company registration number 08589525 (England and Wales)

> **Auditor Buzzacott LLP**

> > 130 Wood Street

London EC2V 6DL

Bankers Lloyds Bank pic

Threadneedle Street

London EC2R 8AU

The Trustees present their annual report together with the audited financial statements of South Bank Academies ('SBA' or the 'Academy Trust') for the year ended 31 August 2021. The annual report serves the purpose of both a Trustees' report and a directors' report under company law.

The Company operates two education establishments in London, the University Academy of Engineering South Bank ('UAE'), renamed to South Bank University Academy ('SBUA') in September 2021, in the London Borough of Southwark which opened in September 2014, and South Bank Engineering UTC ('UTC'), renamed to South Bank UTC ('SBUTC') in September 2021, in the London Borough of Lambeth which opened in September 2016.

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

Constitution

South Bank Academies is a company limited by guarantee and an exempt charity. The Company's articles of association are its primary governing documents. SBA's Directors are also Trustees in relation to the charity.

Details of the trustees who served throughout the period, except as noted, are included in the Reference and Administrative Details on page 1.

Members' liability

Each member of the Academy Trust undertakes to contribute to the assets of the company in the event of it being wound up while they are a member, or within one year after they cease to be a member, such amount as may be required, not exceeding £10, for the debts and liabilities contracted before they ceased to be a member.

Trustees' indemnities

In June 2015 the Academy Trust joined the Department for Education's Risk Protection Scheme which gives cover of up to £10 million for Trustees' Liability Insurance. This cover has been renewed and is ongoing.

Method of recruitment and appointment or election of trustees

The Board of Trustees is composed as follows:

- 5 trustees appointed by the sponsor, London South Bank University (LSBU);
- The Chief Executive Officer (CEO);
- The Chairs of the School Advisory Boards (to a maximum of three); and
- Co-opted Trustees.

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT (continued)

Method of recruitment and appointment or election of trustees (continued)

One new co-opted trustee was appointed during 2020/21, James Blastland.

A skills audit was undertaken in October 2020 which supported the recruitment process. James Blastland was recruited to sit on the Audit Committee, in addition to the Board, and has extensive experience in finance.

Policies and procedures adopted for the induction and training of trustees

All new trustees receive an induction, both in-house and outsourced. New trustees meet with the CEO, the Chair of the Trust, the Chair of the relevant committees and the Executive Principal to discuss the operations and strategy of the Trust. They meet with the governance team to review the expectations of the governance role and how they will be supported to carry out their role.

During 2020/21, the training and development programme for trustees and local governors was revised to include more online, self-directed training, in line with the shift to homeworking during the Covid-19 pandemic. This focuses on resources provided by the National Governance Association (NGA) and other organisations. Training is also provided by London Borough of Southwark and London Borough of Lambeth; this training is currently online.

During the year, trustees and local governors received online training in Centre Assessed Grades (CAG) through the Association of School and College Leaders, exclusions training through Veale Wasbrough Vizard and various self-directed online courses through Governors for Schools. Safeguarding training was provided in September to cover the updates to Keeping Children Safe in Education guidance.

Organisational structure

The Academy Trust is responsible for running the University Academy of Engineering South Bank and South Bank Engineering UTC.

The Academy Trust, headed by a Board of Trustees, is responsible for overseeing the business of the Academy Trust and may exercise all the powers of the Academy Trust. The Board has three sub-committees: Nomination Committee, Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee. Both schools have a School Advisory Board.

The matters reserved to the Board and responsibilities delegated to the Local Governing Bodies is set out in a Scheme of Delegation approved by the Board.

Under the Scheme of Delegation, the School Advisory Board is primarily focused on reviewing, challenging and advising on the local School Development Plan, on academic performance and support, key Link Governor roles, and support and advocacy for the school with parents and community. Although local control is delegated, the Board remains responsible for ensuring that standards are maintained across all academies. The Board, with its oversight of all the schools, will ensure sharing of best practice, professional development and effective resource management delivering value for money.

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT (continued)

Arrangements for setting pay and remuneration of key management personnel

The Remuneration Committee has defined the key management personnel as the CEO, Executive Principal, Principals, and the Trust Business Manager. The Committee reviews performance of the key management personnel, against agreed objectives and any increases are proposed in accordance with the Trust's agreed pay policy and pay scales which are periodically reviewed with relevant benchmarking data. The CEO is employed by South Bank Colleges, which pays her salary and is accounted for as donated to South Bank Academies Trust.

Trade union facility time

In accordance with the Trade Union (Facility Time Publication Requirements) Regulations 2017, we are required to publish certain information on trade union officials and facility time. During the period from 1 September 2020 - 31 August 2021 the Trust employed no union representatives and therefore there is no time, pay costs or paid trade union activities to report.

Related parties and other connected charities and organisations

Owing to the nature of the Academy Trust and the composition of the Board of Trustees, which is drawn from local public and private sector organisations, transactions may take place with organisations in which the Academy Trust has an interest. All transactions involving such organisations are conducted at arm's length and in accordance with the Trust's financial regulations and normal procurement procedures.

London South Bank University (LSBU) sponsors South Bank Academies which was established as part of the University's mission and which has developed a close working relationship with the University Group. The University appoints the majority of trustees to the Board of South Bank Academies. LSBU operates two wholly owned subsidiaries; South Bank Colleges and London South Bank University Enterprises Ltd.

During the year and up to the date the accounts were signed, four trustees are full time salaried employees of LSBU Group entities including the current CEO.

Trustee	Employer	
Richard Flatman	London South Bank University	
Nicole Louis	London South Bank University	
Fiona Morey	South Bank Colleges	
David Phoenix	London South Bank University	

One trustee, Hillary McCallion, retired as a non-remunerated governor of LSBU on 11 March 2021.

Full details of transactions occurring between related parties during the period of report is provided within the notes to the financial statements accompanying this report.

OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES

Public benefit

South Bank Academies is an exempt charity within the meaning of the Charities Act 2011 and is regulated by the Secretary of State for Education on behalf of the Charity Commission.

The members of the Board of Trustees are the charitable trustees of the Academy Trust. In undertaking its duties, the Board of Trustees has given due regard to the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit.

Charitable objects

South Bank Academies receives the majority of its income from the Department for Education to provide educational services to children and to ensure a broad and balanced curriculum across its schools.

The charitable objectives of the Academy Trust as set out in its articles of association are restricted to the following:

> "to advance for the public benefit education in the United Kingdom, in particular but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing by establishing, maintaining, carrying on, managing and developing schools offering a broad and balanced curriculum which includes provision for technical education".

The Academy Trust's objects are applied solely for the public benefit and SBA advances education for the public benefit by:

- ♦ Establishing and running two academy schools which offer a broad and balanced curriculum. Both schools have provision for technical education;
- Each school providing teaching to its students; and
- Vetting and marking assessments and giving feedback to students.

Beneficiaries

In carrying out its objects, SBA benefits its students and future students through teaching and learning activities.

The Trustees affirm that the opportunity to benefit is not unreasonably restricted. The schools are committed to open, fair and transparent admissions arrangements and act in accordance with the School Admissions Code.

OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES (continued)

Improving educational outcomes

We have defined our Trust level strategy informed by the LSBU Group corporate strategy 2020-25. In it we have articulated our mission: what South Bank Academies seeks to do is to provide excellent education for our learners in its widest sense, securing excellent outcomes, providing unrivalled care, advice and guidance and supporting high value pathways into higher education, employment or apprenticeships.

We have distilled our offer into six features which make South Bank Academies distinct and compelling in the local market.

- Diversity of opportunities for our students to be positive citizens who actively improve the lives of others.
- 2. Access to technology brings opportunities for and expectations of powerful learning.
- 3. Outstanding, personal care, information, advice and guidance to support progression.
- Wealth of opportunities for students to develop social and cultural capital. 4.
- 5. Excellent preparation for successful, high value professional and technical careers.
- 6. Unrivalled development of students' employability and professional skills within and beyond the LSBU Group.

Following their studies at the UAE or the UTC, students advance to higher education, apprenticeships or directly into employment. Many students who progress to university choose London South Bank University although our students are successful in securing places in a wide range of universities and do so with the guidance and support you would expect from a progressive education provider.

Both schools in the Trust continue to develop and improve. Secure and robust self-evaluation is in place along with improvement plans linked to key priority areas. Disruption related to the pandemic was profound but minimised as far as possible given statutory guidance, resource and practical considerations. Close focus was paid to ensuring that students' wellbeing was promoted and high-quality care offered in tandem with high quality education with systems in place to ensure that students regardless of background or circumstance were able to access learning.

Practical engagements with the LSBU Group were to some degree disrupted or required to change shape through the pandemic. However the Group was able to offer significant value add to the curriculum and back office support. Likewise closer links with Group have enabled work to begin on curriculum development, teaching research, staff training, joined up initiatives and more, which will further enhance quality and breadth of provision in the future.

STRATEGIC REPORT

Achievements and performance

UAE South Bank

GCSE results: Note these were based on Teacher Assessed Grades (TAGs) rather than a conventional examination cycle. Data is not published nationally and is not comparable to other schools or to previous years. 2021 outcomes at GCSE do, however, represent an improved performance with progress in line with national (2019) data.

◆ Attainment 8

'Progress 8' +0.01

A Level results: These results are significantly higher than 2019 and 2020 results and resulted in very pleasing destinations.

- 100% Pass rate at A level and BTEC
- Average grade B+
- ♦ Value add +0.83
- Destinations. First 'home-grown' cohort, 80% university, 33% Russell Group

45.71

South Bank UTC

GCSE results: This was a small and weaker cohort than 2020 (or 2019); however although attainment was lower, progress from starting points was above national levels, meaning students joining the UTC in Key Stage 4 made more progress from the start of Year 10 than their peers nationally.

Attainment 8 37.7

♦ 'Progress 8' +0.15

A Level results: With a more technical intake than the academy and with more students on a BTEC pathway this again was a pleasing set of outcomes, with value add particularly strong.

- ♦ 100% Pass rate at A level and BTEC
- Average grade C+
- ♦ Value add +1.09
- Destinations: 51% university, 35% apprenticeships. 25% LSBU, 20% Russell Group

STRATEGIC REPORT (continued)

Financial review

Results for the year

The results for the year are shown on the statement of financial activities on page 31.

Total income for the year ended 31 August 2021 amounted to £26,025,000 (2020: £8,745,000). Income for 2020/21 includes an amount of £16,347,000 relating to the value of the UTC property recognised for the first time this year, effectively a gift from the Local Authority. Further details are provided within note 12 to the financial statements. Excluding this amount, total income for the year was £9,678,000

Most of the Academy Trust's income comes from the Education and Skills Agency (ESFA) in the form of recurrent grants for educational provision. Total income for 2020/21 also included exceptional Covid-19 related funding of £131,000 (2020: £77,000) which was all fully expended in year.

Total expenditure for the year ended 31 August 2021 amounted to £10,636,000 (2020: £9,413,000). The largest component of the Academy Trust's expenditure is in relation to its staff costs which totalled £7,466,000 (2020: £6,764,000).

Overall net expenditure (before other recognised gains and losses) was therefore £15,389,000 (2020: net expenditure of £668,000). After accounting for actuarial losses of £239,000 (2020: actuarial gains of £147,000) on the local government pension scheme (LGPS), the overall net increase in the Academy Trust's fund balances were £15,150,000 (2020: net decrease of £521,000).

Excluding movements relating to the Academy Trust's fixed assets and the effects of noncash adjustments made in respect of the LGPS liability, the operational loss for the year (being equal to the movement on revenue reserves (see 'financial position' below) amounted to £304,000 (2020: operational loss of £144,000).

Financial position

The total funds held by the Academy Trust at 31 August 2021 were £30,715,000 (2020: £15,565,000). This comprised unrestricted funds of £483,000 (2020: £218,000), restricted fixed assets fund of £31,028,000 (2020: £14,963,000) and other restricted funds (including the LGPS pension reserve) of £796,000 deficit (2020: £384,000 surplus).

The unrestricted funds are available to the Academy Trust for use towards meeting any of the charitable objects of the Academy Trust at the discretion of the Trustees. This therefore forms part of the Academy Trust's operational revenue reserves (as discussed below).

STRATEGIC REPORT (continued)

Financial review (continued)

Financial position (continued)

The restricted fixed assets fund is equal to the carrying value of the Academy Trust's tangible fixed assets. It is separated on the balance sheet in recognition of the fact that the funds are not readily available for use without the sale of tangible fixed assets, the major part of which is required for the day-to-day operation of the Academy Trust. This therefore does not form part of the Academy Trust's operational revenue reserves (as discussed below).

The other restricted funds relate to unspent funding from the ESFA and also incorporates the Academy Trust's share of the net liability in the LGPS which, at 31 August 2021, amounted to £1,317,000 (2020: £706,000).

Excluding the pension reserve, the restricted revenue funds at 31 August 2021 were £521,000 (2020: £1,090,000). Aggregating this with unrestricted revenue reserves of £483,000 (2020: £218,000) provides the Academy Trust with total operational revenue reserves of £1,004,000 (2020: £1,308,000). This is effectively the free reserves of SBA which may be used on the day-to-day operations of the Academy Trust.

Reserves policy and position

South Bank Academies aims to carry forward some resources from each school to support central services provided by the Trust. After accounting for central costs, the Trust aims to make a small surplus each year to cover the medium and long-term needs for renewal and replacement of major capital projects and unforeseen contingencies. As a general target, the Academy Trust aims to hold between 3% and 5% of recurrent funding as revenue reserves at any given time.

At 31 August 2021 the balance of unrestricted revenue reserves was £483,000 (2020: £218,000). This will be used to increase the capacity for learning and teaching at the Academy. Restricted revenue reserves on the same date amounted to £521,000 (2020: £1,090,000). The aggregate of the aforementioned balances provides total revenue reserves of £1,004,000 at 31 August 2021 (2020: £1,308,000).

The Trustees are satisfied that the revenue reserves held at 31 August 2021 meets the agreed reserves policy.

Investment policy

South Bank Academies does not operate an investment programme and any surplus cash balances are held with its bank, Lloyds Bank PLC.

STRATEGIC REPORT (continued)

Financial review (continued)

Fundraising

The Academy Trust does not actively engage in fundraising activities (by way of appeals, collections, or otherwise seeking donations). The Trustee therefore do not consider that they are obliged to take account of regulations or best practice guidance notes for this area covered by the Charities (Protection and Social Investment) Act 2016.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Risks are identified and managed through the Academy Trust's risk management processes as described further in the governance statement forming part of this annual report.

The Academy Trust risk register is the subject of careful and frequent review, and aligns to the Academy Trust's strategy. It is presented in a format common to the LSBU Group to allow for scrutiny and challenge at the audit and risk committee.

The principal risks which the institution faces and associated mitigation strategies are as follows:

Risk	Controls and mitigating strategies
Poor financial performance by one or more of the schools	 Effective budgeting and management Prudent financial planning 3-5-year forecast planning Sufficient reserves Capital expenditure planning Staffing and budget scrutiny and review Marketing strategy in place at both schools New marketing appointment for the trust and both schools
Changes in personnel/ high turnover of staff creating instability in operations at the Trust	 Experienced Trust Business Manager in financial management Experienced Financial Controller oversight Financial policies and procedures in place Trust HR Manager in place

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES (continued)

Risk	Controls and mitigating strategies
Pandemic	 Regular monitoring of updates and guidance from DfE and Public Health England as well as local authorities. Frequent communication between key staff All issues reported to central office for decision-making support with ultimate accountability for H&S at board level. Frequent communication with stakeholders on behaviours and hygiene Enhanced hygiene facilities including sanitizer gels. Risk assessments completed and updated DfE guidance followed in full Engaging with track and trace
Failure of the trust to produce accurate and timely management accounts	 Regular reporting to the Audit Committee and SBA Board Effective internal and external audits Oversight by Sponsor LSBU of finances Awareness of ESFA Academies Financial Handbook and regulations Annually updated SBA Financial Regulations and Procedures presented to Audit Committee for oversight and approval
Failure of the schools to recruit sufficient learners	 Admissions policy review Parent/Carer communication and wider word of mouth building Marketing strategy and activity Use of Integrated Curriculum and Financial Planning Effective networking including with potential feeder schools
Cybersecurity incident	 Internal Audit Hardware upgrades being implemented Software upgrades being implemented, including off-site backup to cloud services Operating practice changes.

PLANS FOR FUTURE PERIODS

The Academy Trust's plans for future period include:

Student success

- Continue to innovate the curriculum to drive the acquisition of powerful knowledge, to support the development of professional and technical capability and to build social and cultural capital.
- Further enhance wellbeing and pastoral support for students to understand and mitigate the barriers to success
- Further enhance delivery models including remote education to support learning
- Refine and develop pedagogies including through the LSBU Group structure to further improve the quality of teaching, learning and assessment to secure excellent outcomes for all learners regardless of background within a knowledge-rich curriculum.
- Further develop delivery and assessment models which support high quality responsive teaching based on high-quality, personalised feedback. This is particularly a focus after a period of remote learning.
- Develop and embed evidence-informed approaches to closing the gap between groups of learners, especially boys and the most disadvantaged as well as other identified groups.
- Continue to build support for learners with a focus on high quality advice and guidance to support destinations and pathways; improve access to labour market information and support from external stakeholders.
- Further improve and align self-evaluation and improvement planning, using rich data and other management information to improve the quality of education.
- Further develop a Trust-wide and Group-wide approach to staff development and talent management in order to support recruitment, progression and retention of high-quality staff.
- Generate, share, publish and learn from insight and research within, across and beyond the group in order to increase expertise and improve the quality of education.

Access to opportunity

- Create an even wider range of high-quality education pathways to cater for the diversity of our current and potential learner population. To include development of HNC model and pathways within LSBU Group and partner organisations.
- Embed interaction with stakeholders, sponsors and partners in a systematic way such that all students benefit and transfer into high quality destinations is supported and enabled.

PLANS FOR FUTURE PERIODS (continued)

Access to opportunity (continued)

Develop a sustainable network of support to mentor and guide learners through education and into their chosen next steps.

Real world impact

- Further leverage LSBU group relationships to drive research to benefit the quality of teaching and learning. Ensure that insight and successes from our evidence-informed pedagogic practice is shared across the group to maximise impact.
- Develop student agency and enterprise through range of activities, prioritising those which deliver local community benefit.
- Ensure that all learners, irrespective of background, make an active contribution to local and wider society through enrichment, project and service activities in line with the mission of the schools
- Pursue enrichment work and engagements to make a positive difference in our communities, supporting our students to be positive citizens

Fit for the Future

- Develop organisational capabilities and efficiency of operations to extend provision and generate improved value for money
- Further develop scale and breadth of trust and Group offer, in terms of pathways and portfolio of curriculum subjects.
- Explore alternative models of learning delivery both in-person and remote, and utilising opportunities across the LSBU Group estate.
- Become financially sustainable by increasing student numbers to PAN, as well as increasing breadth of revenue-generating activity.
- Develop and expand sponsor-led enrichment activities to enhance provision further. Extension of value add driven by LSBU group as well as engagement of a further tier of employer partners to support projects at the UTC.
- Lead on developing the culture of our organisations, innovating to minimise workload and maximise wellbeing, valuing difference and celebrating success. Articulating the benefits of our mission and values widely.
- Develop system leadership through wider collaborations, such as the Southwark School Learning Partnership (SSLP) and improve our ability to articulate and share thought leadership, for example through the publication of research.

PLANS FOR FUTURE PERIODS (continued)

Fit for the Future (continued)

 Secure judgements of at least 'Good' in all Ofsted inspections supported by robust selfevaluation and improvement planning; training, development and capacity-building activity; challenge and support through governance; internal and external review and validations.

AUDITOR

In so far as the trustees are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the Academy Trust's auditor is unaware;
 and
- the trustees have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware
 of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that
 information.

The Board of Trustees has confirmed that Buzzacott LLP shall continue as auditor of the Academy Trust for the financial year, 2021/22.

The Trustees' report, incorporating a strategic report, was approved by the Board of Trustees, as the Company Directors and signed on the Board's behalf by:

Hitesh Tailor

Hitesh Tailor Chair of Trustees

Date: 21 December 2021

Scope of responsibility

As Trustees, we acknowledge we have overall responsibility for ensuring that South Bank Academies ('SBA' or the 'Academy Trust') has an effective and appropriate system of control, financial and otherwise. However, such a system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Board of Trustees has delegated the day-to-day responsibility to the Chief Executive Officer (also the Accounting Officer), Executive Principal and the Trust Business Manager, for ensuring financial controls conform with the requirements of both propriety and good financial management and in accordance with the requirements and responsibilities assigned to it in the funding agreement between South Bank Academies and the Secretary of State for Education. They are also responsible for reporting to the Board of Trustees any material weaknesses or breakdowns in internal control.

Governance

The information on governance included here supplements that described in the Trustees' Report and in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities. The Board of Trustees has formally met four times during the year (five including a strategy day). Attendance during the year at meetings of the board of trustees was as follows:

Trustee	Meetings attended	Out of a possible	
Hitesh Tailor (Chair)	5	5	
James Blastland	3	3	
Richard Flatman	3	5	
Anthony Giddings	3	5	
Nicole Louis	3	5	
Chris Mallaband	5	5	
Hilary McCallion	3	5	
Fiona Morey	5	5	
Lesley Morrison	4	5	
David Phoenix	5	5	

The Academy Trust has an Audit and Risk Committee which has met four times this year in addition to the four meetings of the SBA Board. The Board regularly receives the management accounts throughout the year. The Board considers that these seven meetings and its regular review of the management accounts have provided the trustees with the opportunity to maintain effective oversight of funds during 2020-21.

Governance (continued)

Proposals are being considered to expand the remit of the Audit and Risk Committee to cover finance as well (currently within the remit of the SBA Board) to provide an opportunity to consider financial matters in greater depth at four meetings over the course of the year. The SBA Board will continue to receive high level financial reporting, in addition to holding a dedicated session focussed on strategic matters in conjunction with financial forecasting. These proposals will be implemented during 2021-22, once agreed by the board.

Governance reviews

A skills audit was conducted across all governors and trustees in October 2020. The results from this audit were used to support the recruitment of a new trustee, plus recruitment of additional specialist knowledge to the Audit Committee.

During 2020/21 a systematic internal review of governance took place, using the Chartered Governance Institute (CGI) Maturity Matrix for Academies to evaluate the current status of governance and to identify areas of improvement.

Combining the result of the skills audit and the internal review, along with consideration of the new model articles from the Department for Education and the remodeled Academy Trust Handbook, a number of changes have been proposed to the Board on 16 December 2021. These changes will be adopted during 2021-22.

The Trust has scheduled a review of governance by its internal auditor in 2022-23. This gap will allow time for the changes to take effect; the internal audit review will then evaluate the changed governance model to ensure that the Trust is following best practice in all areas.

Sub-committees

The Board is supported by three committees: Remuneration Committee, Audit Committee and Nomination Committee.

Remuneration committee

The Remuneration Committee's purpose is to set the objectives and review the performance of the key management personnel. The committee also considers the pay and proposed bonus of the CEO ahead of a decision being taken by the LSBU Remuneration Committee.

Attendance at meetings in the year was as follows:

Trustee	Meetings attended	Out of a possible
Hilary McCallion (Chair)	2	2
David Phoenix	2	2
Lesley Morrison	2	2

Audit and Risk committee

The Audit and Risk Committee's purpose is to monitor the internal and external audit functions, risk management and internal financial control at the Company.

Attendance at meetings in the year was as follows:

Trustee / co-opted member	Meetings attended	Out of a possible		
Richard Flatman (Chair)	4	4		
Tony Giddings	4	4		
James Blastland	2	2		
Zac Yiallouros (co-opted member)	1	2		

Nominations committee

The purpose of the Nomination Committee is to consider succession planning for the Board and to recruit new co-opted Trustees to the Board.

In October 2020 a skills audit of trustees and governors was undertaken. The results were compared to the skills required by the Trust's new strategy. This has enabled the Trust to target its succession planning and recruitment accurately, in order to facilitate the achievement of the new strategy.

Remote meetings

The Trust has continued to operate its governance on a remote basis during 2020-21, holding all meetings online. Trustees and governors have been able to visit schools while they have been open to pupils, following all the necessary safety protocols. The Trust recognises how important it is that governors and trustees attend the school to see how strategy is being implemented; however, it recognises that not all governors were comfortable going into school until the national lockdown was fully lifted.

The Trust is reviewing plans for governance meetings in 2021-22 to consider whether hybrid meetings are feasible, planning for socially distanced in-school meetings and creating a protocol to move meetings online quickly in the event of further changes.

Review of value for money

The Accounting Officer of South Bank Academies has responsibility for ensuring that the Academy Trust delivers good value in the use of public resources. The Accounting Officer understands that value for money refers to the educational and wider societal outcomes achieved in return for the taxpayer resources received.

The Accounting Officer considers how the Academy Trust's use of its resources has provided good value for money during each academic year, and reports to the Board of Trustees where value for money can be improved, including the use of benchmarking data where appropriate. The Accounting Officer for the Academy Trust has delivered improved value for money during the year by the following:

Review of value for money (continued)

LSBU collaboration

The Academy Trust's links with the LSBU Group are varied and growing and these links provide our students and staff with unique opportunities. These are rare or difficult to secure in most schools and academies.

Our links to academics within the University and with Lambeth College supports the enrichment of our curricula and our close collaboration with the Group's Employability, Outreach and Enterprise teams supports our students in raising aspirations, building confidence and developing wider skills.

Our academy staff benefit from being part of a wide and growing network of academic and support professionals. The LSBU Group collaborates on areas such as CPD for support staff, reward and recognition, professional networking and staff and student mentoring.

Building transformational enrichment and engagement for students

Enrichment programmes are designed in partnership with LSBU and Academy Trust staff to ensure that activities extend students' learning and utilise the University's specialist facilities such as workshops, laboratories, sporting facilities and library. University academics deliver mini modules (master classes) to give students a taster for University life, often delivered in conjunction with university STEM (Science, Technology, Engineering, the Arts and Mathematics) ambassadors. These can be seen in projects at the UTC and Day 10 activities at UAE. The Academy Trust also collaborates with other schools in the area in order to share teaching resources and specialisms that the UTC has to offer.

Shared Services Model – SBA and London South Bank University

South Bank Academies has a shared services model for professional services which includes leveraging the resources and expertise within the LSBU Group to ensure our academies benefit from not only expert advice, guidance and support, but also secure efficiencies in many areas of professional services. This enables our school principals, senior leaders and academic staff to focus the vast majority of their time on supporting students and staff to excel and achieve.

Shared resources

The Academy Trust's centralised resource model includes a Chief Executive Officer (CEO) who is also the Accounting Officer, supported by the Executive Principal who is the academic lead for the Academy Trust and the Trust Business Manager who oversees financial and operational matters. Other professional resources, which are either centralised or shared between schools to drive best value, include Human Resources, Marketing, School Financial Management, Estates Management, IT and Procurement.

Review of value for money (continued)

Shared resources (continued)

The Academy Trust has also extended further its cross-Trust economies of scale in leveraging efficiencies and economies of scale in terms of Trust-wide contracts such as the TES subscription, negotiating of cleaning contracts and an LSBU family-wide tender for catering services across the University, South Bank Colleges and South Bank Academies. The aim of shared resources is best value.

Benchmarking

The Academy Trust regularly benchmarks its performance against those of similar size and composition. Benchmarking is used when there is any change to the established working practices.

The results of this were shared with the SBA Executive Team with a recommendation to review the staffing structures in one of its academies.

Tendering for services

South Bank Academies takes a group approach to tendering as this ensures economies of scale and draws upon the expertise of a wider group of professionals. In our capital procurement process, we observe the Academy Trust Handbook (ATH), formerly known as the Academies Financial Handbook (AFH), and thresholds of spend that this details.

The purpose of the system of internal control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives. It can, therefore, only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an on-going process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of Academy Trust policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The system of internal control has been in place in South Bank Academies for the period from 1 September 2020 to 31 August 2021 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements.

Capacity to handle risk

The Board of Trustees has reviewed the key risks to which the Academy Trust is exposed together with the operating, financial and compliance controls that have been implemented to mitigate those risks. The Board of Trustees is of the view that there is a formal on-going process for identifying, evaluating and managing the Academy Trust's significant risks that has been in place for the period from 1st September 2020 to 31 August 2021 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements. This process is regularly reviewed by the Board of Trustees.

The risk and control framework

The Academy Trust's system of internal financial control is based on a framework of régular management information and administrative procedures including the segregation of duties and a system of delegation and accountability. In particular, it includes:

- Budgeting and monitoring systems with an annual budget and periodic financial reports which are reviewed and agreed by the Board of Trustees;
- Regular reviews by the Board of reports which indicate financial performance against the forecasts and of major purchase plans, capital works and expenditure programmes;
- Setting targets to measure financial and other performance;
- Clearly defined purchasing guidelines;
- Delegation of authority and segregation of duties; and
- Identification and management of risks.

The Board of Trustees has decided to use an outsourced internal audit service as part of the internal audit arrangements delivered on a group wide basis to the LSBU Group. During the year the following internal audit reviews were conducted covering facilities contract management, student experience, budget setting and control and HR policies and procedures. In addition, South Bank Academies coverage was included in group level reviews of Covid-19 response, KPIs and IT disaster recovery.

The Internal auditor has delivered their schedule of work as planned. No material control issues were identified as a result of the internal audit and recommendations made as a result of this work have been accepted by management and implementation is underway.

Review of effectiveness

The South Bank Academies Board has responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. During the year in question, the review has been informed by:

- The work of internal audit;
- The work of the external auditor; and
- The work of the managers within the Academy Trust who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework.

Review of effectiveness (continued)

The Accounting Officer has been advised of the implications of the result of their review of the system of internal control by the Audit Committee and a plan to address weaknesses and ensure continuous improvement of the system is in place.

Approved by the Board of Trustees and signed on its behalf by:

Hitesh Tailor

Hitesh Tailor Chair of Trustees

Date: 21 December 2021

Fiona Morry

Fiona Morey Accounting Officer

Statement on regularity, propriety and compliance 31 August 2021

As Accounting Officer of South Bank Academies, I have considered my responsibility to notify the Academy Trust Board of Trustees and the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) . of material irregularity, impropriety and non-compliance with ESFA terms and conditions of funding, under the funding agreement in place between the Academy Trust and the Secretary of State. As part of my consideration I have had due regard to the requirements of the Academies Financial Handbook 2020.

I confirm that I and the Academy Trust Board of Trustees are able to identify any material irregular or improper use of funds or material non-compliance with the terms and conditions of funding under the Academy's funding agreement and the Academies Financial Handbook 2020.

I confirm that no instances of material irregularity, impropriety or funding non-compliance have been discovered to date. If any instances are identified after the date of this statement, these will be notified to the board of trustees and ESFA.

Fiona Morey Fiona Morey

Accounting Officer

Date: 21 December 2021

Statement of trustees' responsibilities 31 August 2021

The Trustees (who are also the Directors of South Bank Academies (the 'Academy Trust') for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with the Annual Accounts Direction issued by the Education and Skills Funding Agency, United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under company law, the Trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Academy Trust and of its income and expenditure for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP FRS 102 and the Academies Accounts Direction 2020 to 2021;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards (FRS 102) have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Academy will continue in operation.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Academy Trust's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Academy Trust and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Academy Trust and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Trustees are responsible for ensuring that in its conduct and operation the Academy Trust applies financial and other controls, which conform with the requirements both of propriety and of good financial management. They are also responsible for ensuring grants received from the ESFA/DfE have been applied for the purposes intended.

The Trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Academy Trust's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Approved by the Board of Trustees and signed on its behalf by:

Hitesh Tailor

Hitesh Tailor
Chair of Trustees

Date: 21 December 2021

Independent auditor's report to the members of South Bank Academies

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of South Bank Academies (the 'charitable company') for the year ended 31 August 2021 which comprise the statement of financial activities, the balance sheet, the statement of cash flows, the principal accounting policies and the notes to the financial statements. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law, United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (the Charities SORP FRS 102) and the Academies Accounts Direction 2020 to 2021.

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 August 2021 and of its income and expenditure, for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP FRS 102 and Academies Accounts Direction 2020 to 2021.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Conclusions relating to going concern (continued)

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the trustees' report, which is also the directors' report for the purposes of company law and includes the strategic report, for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the trustees' report, which is also the directors' report for the purposes of company law and includes the strategic report, has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the trustees' report including the strategic report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns;
 or

Matters on which we are required to report by exception (continued)

- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the statement of trustees' responsibilities, the trustees (who are also the directors for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, was as follows:

- the engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- we identified the laws and regulations applicable to the charitable company through discussions with management, and from our knowledge of the academy trust sector;
- the identified laws and regulations were communicated within the audit team regularly and the team remained alert to instances of non-compliance throughout the audit;

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

- we considered the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the charitable company and determined that the most significant are the Companies Act 2006, the Charities SORP FRS 102, the Academies Accounts Direction 2020 to 2021, the Academies Financial Handbook 2020, and the academy trust's funding agreement with the ESFA as well as legislation pertaining to safeguarding in the UK;
- we understood how the charitable company is complying with those legal and regulatory frameworks by making inquiries to management and those responsible for legal, compliance and governance procedures. We corroborated our inquiries through our review of the minutes of trustees' meetings.
- we planned and carried out a separate limited assurance engagement in respect of regularity, propriety and compliance in accordance with the Framework and Guide for External Auditors and Reporting Accountants of Academy Trusts issued by the ESFA, as set out in our separate independent reporting accountant's assurance report on regularity.

We assessed the susceptibility of the charitable company's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- making enquiries of management and those charged with governance as to where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged fraud; and
- considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships;
- tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions;
- tested the authorisation of expenditure as part of our substantive testing thereon;
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates set out in the accounting policies were indicative of potential bias; and
- used data analytics to identify any significant or unusual transactions and identify the rationale for them.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- reviewing the minutes of trustees' meetings;
- enquiring of management and those charged with governance as to actual and potential litigation and claims;

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

- reviewing any available correspondence with Ofsted, ESFA and HMRC; and
- the work undertaken in relation to the limited assurance engagement in respect of regularity, propriety and compliance in accordance with the Framework and Guide for External Auditors and Reporting Accountants of Academy Trusts issued by the ESFA, as set out in our separate independent reporting accountant's assurance report on regularity.

There are inherent limitations in our audit procedures described above. The more removed that laws and regulations are from financial transactions, the less likely it is that we would become aware of non-compliance. International Standards on Auditing also limit the audit procedures required to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations to enquiry of the trustees and other management and the inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

Material misstatements that arise due to fraud can be harder to detect than those that arise from error as they may involve deliberate concealment or collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Buzzacott UP

Catherine Biscoe (Senior Statutory Auditor) For and on behalf of Buzzacott LLP, Statutory Auditor 130 Wood Street London EC2V 6DL

Independent reporting accountant's report 31 August 2021

Independent reporting accountant's assurance report on regularity to South Bank Academies and the Education and Skills Funding Agency

In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 6 August 2020 and further to the requirements of the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) as included in the Academies Accounts Direction 2020 to 2021, we have carried out an engagement to obtain limited assurance about whether the expenditure disbursed and income received by South Bank Academies (the 'Academy Trust') during the period from 1 September 2020 to 31 August 2021 have been applied to the purposes identified by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

This report is made solely to South Bank Academies and the ESFA in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the South Bank Academies and the ESFA those matters we are required to state in a report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the South Bank Academies and the ESFA, for our work, for this report, or for the conclusion we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of South Bank Academies' Accounting Officer and the reporting accountant

The Accounting Officer is responsible, under the requirements of South Bank Academies' funding agreement with the Secretary of State for Education dated 8 April 2014 and the Academies Financial Handbook, extant from 1 September 2020, for ensuring that expenditure disbursed and income received is applied for the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

Our responsibilities for this engagement are established in the United Kingdom by our profession's ethical guidance and are to obtain limited assurance and report in accordance with our engagement letter and the requirements of the Academies Accounts Direction 2020 to 2021. We report to you whether anything has come to our attention in carrying out our work which suggests that in all material respects, expenditure disbursed and income received during the period from 1 September 2020 to 31 August 2021 have not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament or that the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

Approach

We conducted our engagement in accordance with the Framework and Guide for External Auditors and Reporting Accountant of Academy Trusts issued by ESFA. We performed a limited assurance engagement as defined in our engagement letter.

The objective of a limited assurance engagement is to perform such procedures as to obtain information and explanations in order to provide us with sufficient appropriate evidence to express a negative conclusion on regularity.

Independent reporting accountant's report 31 August 2021

Approach (continued)

A limited assurance engagement is more limited in scope than a reasonable assurance engagement and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in a reasonable assurance engagement. Accordingly, we do not express a positive opinion.

Our engagement includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the regularity and propriety of the Academy Trust's income and expenditure.

The work undertaken to draw to our conclusion includes:

- An assessment of the risk of material irregularity and impropriety across all of the Academy Trust's activities;
- Further testing and review of the areas identified through the risk assessment including enquiry, identification of control processes and examination of supporting evidence across all areas identified as well as additional verification work where considered necessary; and
- Consideration of evidence obtained through the work detailed above and the work completed as part of our financial statements audit in order to support the regularity conclusion.

Conclusion

In the course of our work, nothing has come to our attention which suggests that in all material respects the expenditure disbursed and income received during the period from 1 September 2020 to 31 August 2021 has not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

Buzzacott UP

Buzzacott LLP Chartered Accountants 130 Wood Street London EC2V 6DL

21 December 2021

Statement of financial activities (including income and expenditure account) Year to 31 August 2021

			Restricted funds			
	Notes	Unrestricted general fund £'000	General fund £'000	Fixed assets fund £'000	2021 Total funds £'000	2020 Total funds £'000
Income from:						
Donations and capital grants	1	139	_	16,412	16,551	207
Charitable activities						
Funding for the Academy Trust's	_	444	0.240		0.450	0.522
educational operations	2	111	9,348	_	9,459	8,533
Other trading activities	3	15	_		15	4
Investments	4					1
Total income		265	9,348_	16,412	26,025	8,745
Expenditure on:						
Charitable activities						
. Academy Trust's educational operations		_	10,038	598	10,636	9,413
Total expenditure	5		10,038	598	10,636	9,413
	·					
Net income (expenditure)	6	265	(690)	15,814	15,389	(668)
Transfers between funds	15	_	(251)	251	_	_
Other recognised gains and losses						
Actuarial (losses) gains on defined						
benefit pension schemes	19		(239)		(239)	147
Net movement in funds		265	(1,180)	16,065	15,150	(521)
Reconciliation of funds						
Total fund balances brought forward at 1 September		218	384	14,963	15,565	16,086
Total fund balances carried forward at 31 August	16	483	(796)	31,028	30,715	15,565
Net movement in funds Reconciliation of funds Total fund balances brought forward at 1 September	16	218	, , ,		15,565	16,08

All of the Academy Trust's activities derived from continuing operations during the above two financial periods.

The Academy has no recognised gains or losses other than those shown above.

A full comparative statement of financial activities is presented in note 7 to the financial statements.

Balance sheet 31 August 2021

	Notes	2021 £'000	2021 £'000	2020 £'000	2020 £'000
Fixed assets					
Tangible fixed assets	12		31,028		14,963
Current assets					
Debtors	13	392		603	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,766		1,757_	
	,	2,158		2,360	
Liabilities					
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	14	(1,154)		(1,052)	
Net current assets			1,004		1,308
Total assets less current liabilities			32,032		16,271
Pension scheme liability	19		(1,317)		(706)
Total net assets			30,715		15,565
Funds of the Academy Trust: Restricted funds					
Fixed assets fund	15		31,028		14,963
General fund	15		521		1,090
Pension reserve	15		(1,317)		(706)
Total restricted funds			30,232		15,347
Unrestricted income funds					
General fund	15		483		218
Total funds	16		30,715		15,565

The financial statements on page 31 to 58 were approved by the Board of Trustees and signed on its behalf by:

Hitesh Tailor

Hitesh Tailor Chair

Approved on: 21 December 2021

Statement of cash flows Year to 31 August 2021

260 (251) 9	(24) (253)
(251)	
	(253)
9	
•	(277)
1,757	2,034
1,766	1,757
perating activi	ties
2021	2020
£'000	£'000
15,389	(668)
(16.347)	_
598	522
(65)	(119)
`	(1)
	` ,
360	366
12	9
211	(116)
102	(17)
260	(24)
2021 £'000	2020 £'000
_	1
(316)	(373)
65	119
(251)	(253)
	1,766 Derating activi 2021 £'000 15,389 (16,347) 598 (65) — 360 12 211 102 260 2021 £'000 — (316) 65

Statement of cash flows Year to 31 August 2021

D Analysis of changes in net debt

	At 1 September Cash		At 31
	2020	flows	August 2021
	£'000	£,000	£'000
Cash at bank and in hand	1,757	9	1,766
Total	1,757	9	1,766

Statement of accounting policies

A summary of the principal accounting policies adopted (which have been applied consistently, except where noted), judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty, is set out below.

Company information

South Bank Academies (the 'Academy Trust') is a private company limited by guarantee, domiciled and incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 103 Borough Road, London SE1 0AA.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Academy Trust have been prepared under the historical cost convention in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102), Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (Charities SORP FRS 102), the Academies Accounts Direction 2020 to 2021 issued by ESFA, the Charities Act 2011 and the Companies Act 2006.

South Bank Academies meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102.

The financial statements are presented in Sterling presented to the nearest thousand pounds.

Going concern

The trustees assess whether the use of going concern is appropriate i.e. whether there are any material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the company to continue as a going concern. The trustees make this assessment in respect of a period of at least one year from the date of authorisation for issue of the financial statements and have concluded that the Academy Trust has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and there are no material uncertainties about the Academy Trust's ability to continue as a going concern, thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

Going concern (continued)

In forming this assessment, the trustees have considered the impact of the Coronavirus pandemic on the Academy Trust, with a particular focus on its effect on the Academy Trust's financial position including its income, expenditure and reserves; its beneficiaries, and its employees. Whilst the trustees acknowledge the disruption caused by the pandemic to the Academy Trust's day-to-day operations, they do not consider this to be cause for material uncertainty in respect of the Academy Trust's ability to continue as a going concern. The Academy Trust's principal sources of income (funding from the Education and Skills Funding agency and local authorities) has to date been protected by central and local government and there has been no indication to suggest that this position will change in the foreseeable future.

Income

All income is recognised when the Academy Trust has entitlement to the funds, the receipt is probable and the amount can be measured reliably.

Grants

Grants are included in the statement of financial activities on a receivable basis. The balance of income received for specific purposes but not expended during the period is shown in the relevant funds on the balance sheet. Where income is received in advance of meeting any performance-related conditions there is not unconditional entitlement to the income and its recognition is deferred and included in creditors as deferred income until the performancerelated conditions are met. Where entitlement occurs before income is received, the income is accrued.

The General Annual Grant is recognised in full in the statement of financial activities in the year for which it is receivable and any abatement in respect of the period is deducted from income and recognised as a liability.

Capital grants are recognised when there is entitlement and are not deferred over the life of the asset on which they are expended. Unspent amounts of capital grant are reflected in the balance in the restricted fixed asset fund.

Sponsorship income

Sponsorship income provided to the Academy Trust which amounts to a donation is recognised in the statement of financial activities in the period in which it is receivable (where there are no performance-related conditions), where the receipt is probable and it can be measured reliably.

Donations

Donations are recognised on a receivable basis (where there are no performance-related conditions) where the receipt is probable and the amount can be reliably measured.

Income (continued)

Other income

Other income, including the hire of facilities, is recognised in the period it is receivable and to the extent the Academy Trust has provided the goods or services.

Donated services

Certain services are provided to the Academy Trust by the LSBU Group through LSBU personnel. Services such as governance support are recharged by the LSBU Group to the Academy Trust in full as disclosed within the related party transactions disclosure accompanying these financial statements. These are charged to the Academy Trust at no more than the cost of the service provision as determined by the LSBU Group.

There are also certain employees of the LSBU Group that provide regular support to the Academy Trust as disclosed within the related party transactions disclosure accompanying these financial statements. The cost of their time is not recharged by LSBU to the Academy Trust, but instead effectively donated to the Academy Trust. The value of their time commitment to the Academy Trust is determined with reference to their cost of employment with LSBU and an estimate of the time expended on supporting the Academy Trust. This amount is recorded as both a cost to the Academy Trust, and also as a donation of the same value.

Where the donated good is a fixed asset, it is measured at fair value, unless it is impractical to measure this reliably, in which case the cost of the item to the donor should be used. The gain is recognised as income from donations and a corresponding amount is included in the appropriate fixed asset category and depreciated over the useful economic life in accordance with the academy trust's accounting policies.

Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

Expenditure on raising funds

This includes all expenditure incurred by the Academy Trust to raise funds for its charitable purposes and includes costs of all fundraising activities events and non-charitable trading.

Expenditure (continued)

Charitable activities

These are costs incurred on the Academy Trust's educational operations, including support costs and costs relating to the governance of the Academy Trust apportioned to charitable activities. All resources expended are stated net of recoverable VAT.

Tangible fixed assets

Assets costing £1,000 or more are capitalised as tangible fixed assets and are carried at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment.

Where tangible fixed assets have been acquired with the aid of specific grants, either from the government or from the private sector, they are included in the balance sheet at cost and depreciated over their expected useful economic life. The related grants are credited to a restricted fixed asset fund in the statement of financial activities and carried forward on the balance sheet. Depreciation on such assets is charged to the restricted fixed asset fund in the statement of financial activities so as to reduce the fund over the useful economic life of the related asset on a basis consistent with the Academy's depreciation policy.

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost/valuation of each asset on a straight-line basis over its expected useful economic life, as follows:

Long leasehold land and buildings 2% straight line

Fixtures, fittings and equipment 20% straight line

IT equipment 33.3% straight line

Depreciation is charged from the month of acquisition.

A review for impairment of a fixed asset is carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of any fixed asset may not be recoverable. Shortfalls between the carrying value of fixed assets and their recoverable amounts are recognised as impairments. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of financial activities.

Debtors

Debtors are recognised at their settlement amount less any provision for non-recoverability. Prepayments are valued at the amounts prepaid.

Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand represents such accounts and instruments that are available on demand.

Liabilities

Liabilities are recognised when there is an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably. Liabilities are recognised at the amount that the Academy Trust anticipates it will pay to settle the debt or the amount it has received as advanced payments for the goods or services it must provide.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a legal or constructive present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that the company will be required to settle that obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the reporting end date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation is recognised at present value. When a provision in measured at present value the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Leased assets

Rentals under operating leases are charged on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Financial instruments

The Academy Trust only holds basic financial instruments as defined in FRS 102. The financial assets and financial liabilities of the Academy and their measurement basis are as follows:

Financial assets - trade and other debtors are basic financial instruments and are debt instruments measured at amortised cost. Prepayments are not financial instruments.

Cash at bank - is classified as a basic financial instrument and is measured at face value.

Financial liabilities - trade creditors, accruals and other creditors are financial instruments, and are measured at amortised cost. Taxation and social security are not included in the financial instruments disclosure definition. Deferred income is not deemed to be a financial liability, as the cash settlement has already taken place and there is an obligation to deliver services rather than cash or another financial instrument.

Taxation

The Academy Trust is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the Academy Trust is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3 Part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

Employee benefits

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

Pensions benefits

Retirement benefits to employees of the Academy Trust are provided by the Teachers' Pension Scheme ('TPS') and the Local Government Pension Scheme ('LGPS'). These are defined benefit schemes.

The TPS is an unfunded scheme and contributions are calculated so as to spread the cost of pensions over employees' working lives with the Academy Trust in such a way that the pension cost is a substantially level percentage of current and future pensionable payroll. The contributions are determined by the Government Actuary on the basis of quadrennial valuations using a prospective unit credit method. The TPS is a multi-employer scheme and there is insufficient information available to use defined benefit accounting. The TPS is therefore treated as a defined contribution scheme for accounting purposes and the contributions recognised in the period to which they relate.

The LGPS is a funded scheme and the assets are held separately from those of the Academy Trust in separate trustee administered funds. Pension scheme assets are measured at fair value and liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit credit method and discounted at a rate equivalent to the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency to the liabilities. The actuarial valuations are obtained at least triennially and are updated at each balance sheet date. The amounts charged to operating surplus are the current service costs and the costs of scheme introductions, benefit changes, settlements and curtailments. They are included as part of staff costs as incurred. Net interest on the net defined benefit liability/asset is also recognised in the statement of financial activities and comprises the interest cost on the defined benefit obligation and interest income on the scheme assets, calculated by multiplying the fair value of the scheme assets at the beginning of the period by the rate used to discount the benefit obligations. The difference between the interest income on the scheme assets and the actual return on the scheme assets is recognised in other recognised gains and losses.

Pensions benefits (continued)

Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in other recognised gains and losses.

Fund accounting

Unrestricted income funds represent those resources which may be used towards meeting any of the charitable objects of the Academy at the discretion of the trustees.

Restricted fixed asset funds are resources which are to be applied to specific capital purposes imposed by the Education and Skills Funding Agency, Department for Education or other funders where the asset acquired or created is held for a specific purpose.

Restricted general funds comprise all other grants received from the Education and Skills Funding Agency.

Critical accounting estimates and areas of judgement

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Academy Trust makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates and assumptions will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Initial value recognised for the UTC long leasehold land and buildings

The Academy Trust has previously omitted the inclusion of the UTC land and buildings from the balance sheet due to challenges encountered in finalising the terms of the long lease agreement following academisation. At 31 August 2021, the long lease agreement was near to finalisation (subject to administrative issues only), and the trustees are of the opinion that the Academy Trust now holds the major risks and rewards of occupying the property. As such, the Academy Trust has now recognised the asset, effectively donated by the Local Authority for no consideration, on its balance sheet.

The value of the gift, which will be taken to equal its deemed historic cost going forward, has been determined with reference to an ESFA desktop valuation.

Critical accounting estimates and areas of judgement (continued)

Depreciation

The annual depreciation charge is derived after determining an estimate of an asset's expected useful life and the expected residual value at the end of its life.

The useful lives of the Academy Trust's assets are determined by management at the time the asset is acquired and reviewed at least annually for appropriateness. The lives are based on historical experience with similar assets as well as anticipation of future events.

Donated salaries of LSBU Group personnel

As noted in the income recognition accounting policy above, certain employees of the LSBU Group that provide regular support to the Academy Trust as disclosed within the related party transactions disclosure accompanying these financial statements. The cost of their time is not recharged by LSBU to the Academy Trust, but instead effectively donated to the Academy Trust. The value of their time commitment to the Academy Trust is determined with reference to their cost of employment with LSBU and an estimate of the time expended on supporting the Academy Trust.

Local government pension scheme

The present value of the Local Government Pension Scheme defined benefit liability depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a variety of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost (income) for pensions include the discount rate. Any changes in these assumptions will impact the carrying amount of the pension liability. Furthermore a roll forward approach which projects results from the latest full actuarial valuation performed at 31 March 2019 has been used by the actuary in valuing the pensions liability at 31 August 2021. Any differences between the figures derived from the roll forward approach and a full actuarial valuation would impact on the carrying amount of the pension liability.

		On the state of	Restricted	0004	_
	Limenatriated	Restricted	fixed	2021 Total	2 T
	Unrestricted funds	general funds	assets funds	funds	fu
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£
Capital grants	_	<u> </u>	65	65	
Donated fixed assets		_	16,347	16,347	
Other donations	139	_		139	
	139		16,412	16,551	
				Restricted	
			Restricted	fixed	2
		Unrestricted	general	assets	7
		funds £'000	funds £'000	funds £'000	fı. £
Capital grants				119	
Other donations		88	_	_	
		88		119	
		£'000	£'000		£
DfE / ESFA revenue grants					
			0.407	0.407	7
. General Annual Grant (GAG)		_	8,197	8,197	7,
. General Annual Grant (GAG) . Start-up grants		_	19	19	
. General Annual Grant (GAG) . Start-up grants . Pupil Premium		_ _ _	19 367	19 367	7,
. General Annual Grant (GAG) . Start-up grants			19	19	
. General Annual Grant (GAG) . Start-up grants . Pupil Premium . Other DfE / ESFA		_ 	19 367 421	19 367 421	
. General Annual Grant (GAG) . Start-up grants . Pupil Premium			19 367 421	19 367 421	7,
. General Annual Grant (GAG) . Start-up grants . Pupil Premium . Other DfE / ESFA Other Government grants . Local authority grants		- - - - - -	19 367 421 9,004	19 367 421 9,004	7,
. General Annual Grant (GAG) . Start-up grants . Pupil Premium . Other DfE / ESFA Other Government grants			19 367 421 9,004	19 367 421 9,004	7,
. General Annual Grant (GAG) . Start-up grants . Pupil Premium . Other DfE / ESFA Other Government grants . Local authority grants COVID-19 additional funding Catch-up premium	(DfE/ESFA)	- - - - - - - -	19 367 421 9,004	19 367 421 9,004	7,
. General Annual Grant (GAG) . Start-up grants . Pupil Premium . Other DfE / ESFA Other Government grants . Local authority grants COVID-19 additional funding Catch-up premium COVID-19 additional funding DfE/ESFA)	(DfE/ESFA)	- - - - - - - · -	19 367 421 9,004 162	19 367 421 9,004	7,
. General Annual Grant (GAG) . Start-up grants . Pupil Premium . Other DfE / ESFA Other Government grants . Local authority grants COVID-19 additional funding Catch-up premium COVID-19 additional funding DfE/ESFA) Free school meals funding	(DfE/ESFA)	 	19 367 421 9,004 162 51	19 367 421 9,004 162 51	7,
. General Annual Grant (GAG) . Start-up grants . Pupil Premium . Other DfE / ESFA Other Government grants . Local authority grants COVID-19 additional funding Catch-up premium COVID-19 additional funding DfE/ESFA)	(DfE/ESFA)	- - - - - - - - - - -	19 367 421 9,004 162 51	19 367 421 9,004 162 51	7,
. General Annual Grant (GAG) . Start-up grants . Pupil Premium . Other DfE / ESFA Other Government grants . Local authority grants COVID-19 additional funding Catch-up premium COVID-19 additional funding DfE/ESFA) Free school meals funding	(DfE/ESFA)	- 	19 367 421 9,004 162 51	19 367 421 9,004 162 51	7,
. General Annual Grant (GAG) . Start-up grants . Pupil Premium . Other DfE / ESFA Other Government grants . Local authority grants COVID-19 additional funding Catch-up premium COVID-19 additional funding DfE/ESFA) Free school meals funding	(DfE/ESFA) (Non-	- - - - - - - - - - - - - -	19 367 421 9,004 162 51	19 367 421 9,004 162 51	7,
. General Annual Grant (GAG) . Start-up grants . Pupil Premium . Other DfE / ESFA Other Government grants . Local authority grants COVID-19 additional funding Catch-up premium COVID-19 additional funding DfE/ESFA) Free school meals funding Mass testing funding	(DfE/ESFA) (Non-		19 367 421 9,004 162 51	19 367 421 9,004 162 51	7,
. General Annual Grant (GAG) . Start-up grants . Pupil Premium . Other DfE / ESFA Other Government grants . Local authority grants COVID-19 additional funding Catch-up premium COVID-19 additional funding DfE/ESFA) Free school meals funding Mass testing funding Other income from the Acade educational operations	(DfE/ESFA) (Non-		19 367 421 9,004 162 51	19 367 421 9,004 162 51 80 51 131	
. General Annual Grant (GAG) . Start-up grants . Pupil Premium . Other DfE / ESFA Other Government grants . Local authority grants COVID-19 additional funding Catch-up premium COVID-19 additional funding DfE/ESFA) Free school meals funding Mass testing funding Other income from the Acade educational operations Catering income	(DfE/ESFA) (Non-		19 367 421 9,004 162 51	19 367 421 9,004 162 51 80 51 131	7,
. General Annual Grant (GAG) . Start-up grants . Pupil Premium . Other DfE / ESFA Other Government grants . Local authority grants COVID-19 additional funding Catch-up premium COVID-19 additional funding DfE/ESFA) Free school meals funding Mass testing funding Other income from the Acade educational operations Catering income	(DfE/ESFA) (Non-	67	19 367 421 9,004 162 51	19 367 421 9,004 162 51 80 51 131	7,

2 Funding for the Academy Trust's educational operations (continued)

The Academy Trust received £51k of catch-up premium which was fully utilised during the year.

*Following the reclassification in the Academies Accounts Direction 2020/21 of some grants received from the Department for Education and ESFA and Pupil Premium is no longer reported under the Other DfE Group grants heading, but as separate lines under the Other DfE/ESFA grants heading. The prior year numbers have been reclassified.

	Unrestricted funds £'000	Restricted funds £'000	2020 Total funds £'000
DfE / ESFA revenue grants			
General Annual Grant (GAG)	<u> </u>	7,205	7,205
Start-up grants	_	29	29
Pupil Premium	_	375	375
Other DfE / ESFA		207	207
		7,816	7,816
Other Government grants			
Local authority grants		328	328
Other income from the Academy Trust's educational operations			
Catering income	20	_	20
Other	3		3
	23		23
COVID-19 additional funding (Non-DfE/ESFA)			
Free school meals funding		77	77
	23	8,221	8,244
Other trading activities		Unrestricte	d Kunda
		2021	2020
		£'000	£'000
Lettings income		15	4
		15	4
Investment income		Unrestricte	d funds
		2021	2020
		£,000	£,000

5

6

. Other services

Expenditure					
•		Non pay e	expenditure		
	Staff costs	Premises	Other costs	2021 Total funds	2020 Tota funds
	£,000	£,000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Academy's educational operations					
Direct costs	5,998	_	638	6,636	5,394
. Allocated support costs	1,468	668	1,864	4,000	4,019
	7,466	668	2,502	10,636	9,413
		_	Non pay exp	enditure	
		Staff		Other	2020 Total
		costs	Premises	costs	funds
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Academy's educational operations					
. Direct costs		4,806	_	588	5,394
. Allocated support costs		1,958	575	1,486	4,019
		6,764	575	2,074	9,413
Analysis of support costs				2021 Total funds £'000	2020 Total funds £'000
Support staff costs				1,468	1,958
Depreciation				598	519
Technology costs				346	243
Premises costs				668	575
Catering				325	296
Other support costs				459	347
Governance costs			_	136	81
Total support costs				4,000	4,019
Net income (expenditure)					
ret moome (expenditure)				2021	2020
		•		Total	Total
Net income (expenditure) for the ye	ear include	es:		funds £'000	funds £'000
Depreciation				598	522
Fees payable to current auditor				•	
. Statutory audit services			•	15	14
.					4.0

10

10

7 Comparative information

Analysis of income and expenditure in the year ended 31 August 2020 between restricted and unrestricted funds:

	Restricted fund		d funds	
	Unrestricted general fund £'000	General fund £'000	Fixed assets fund £'000	2020 Total funds £'000
Income from:				
Donations and capital grants Charitable activities	88	_	119	207
. Funding for the Academy Trust's educational operations	23	8,510	_	8,533
Other trading activities	4	_	_	4
Investments	1			1
Total income	116	8,510	119	8,745
Expenditure on:				
Charitable activities				
. Academy Trust's educational operations	_	8,891	522	9,413
Total expenditure		8,891	522	9,413
Net income (expenditure)	116	(381)	(403)	(668)
Transfers between funds		(254)	254	_
Other recognised gains and losses	•			
Actuarial gains (losses) on defined benefit pension schemes		147		147
Net movement in funds	116	(488)	(149)	(521)
Reconciliation of funds				
Total fund balances brought forward at 1 September	102	872	15,112	16,086
Total fund balances carried forward at 31 August	218	384	14,963	15,565

8 Staff

(a) Staff costs

Staff costs during the year were:

	2021	2020
	Total	Total
	funds	funds
	£'000	£'000
Wages and salaries	5,118	4,639
Social security costs	539	471
Pension costs	1,254	1,139
	6,911	6,249
Redundancy costs	34	12
Supply teacher costs	521	503
	7,466	6,764

(b) Non-statutory / non-contractual staff severance payment

Included in redundancy costs above are non-statutory/non-contractual severance payments totalling £34,224 (2020: £11,775).

(c) Staff numbers

The average numbers of persons (including senior management team) employed by the Academy during the year was as follows:

Charitable activities	2021 No	2020 No.
Teachers	66	60
Administration and support	55	60
Management	11	11
	132	131

(d) Higher paid staff

The number of employees whose employee benefits (excluding employer pension costs) exceeded £60,000 was:

	2021 No	2020 No.
£60,001 - £69,999	3	2
£70,000 - £79,999	5	4
£80,000 - £89,000	3	2
£90,000 - £99,999	1	· 1
£100,001 - £109,999	1	_
£110,001 - £119,999	_	1
£120,001 - £129,999	1	

8 Staff (continued)

(e) Key management personnel

The key management personnel of the Academy Trust comprise the Trustees and those individuals recorded as 'Key Management Personnel' on page 1 of the annual report. The total amount of employee benefits (including employer pension and national insurance contributions) received by key management personnel for their services to the Academy Trust was £558,010 (2020 – £536,218).

9 Trustees' remuneration and expenses

Certain of the trustees are employees of London South Bank University (LSBU) which sponsors the Academy Trust and provides support services to the Academy Trust. Included within staff costs are the value of donated salaries in relation to the following Trustees who are employed by LSBU Group and have provided support services to the Academy Trust. (See also note 19).

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
N Louis (Interim CEO until 30 September 2019)		
. Remuneration	_	0 – 5
. Employer's pension contributions	_	0 – 5
F Morey (CEO)		
. Remuneration	20 – 25	25 – 30
. Employer's pension contributions	0 – 5	5 – 10

No Trustee is remunerated for their services as trustees to the Academy Trust. During the year ended 31 August 2021, no travel and subsistence expenses were reimbursed to any trustee (2020 - £nil).

Other related party transactions involving the trustees are set out in note 20.

10 Trustees and Officers' insurance

The Academy Trust has opted into the Department of Education's risk protection arrangement (RPA), an alternative to insurance where UK government funds cover losses that arise. This scheme protects trustees and officers from claims arising from negligent acts, errors or omissions occurring whilst on academy business, and provides cover up to £10,000,000. It is not possible to quantify the trustees and officers indemnity element from the overall cost of the RPA scheme.

11 Disclosure of central services

The Academy Trust has provided central services to its academies during the year, including human resources, financial services, educational support services, The Trust charges for these services based on rates of 6.3% (2019: 4.7%) of the individual schools' GAG income for the year.

	2021 £'000	£'000
University Academy of Engineering South Bank	476	340
South Bank Engineering UTC	185	113
	661	453

12 Tangible fixed assets

Long leasehold land and buildings £'000	Long leasehold improvements £'000	Furniture and equipment £'000	Computer equipment £'000	Assets under construction £'000	Total funds £'000
14,312	17	1,302	817	61	16,509
	_		50	(50)	_
16,347	_	_		_	16,347
_		126	190		316
30,659	17	1,428	1,057		33,172
•					
232	5	663	646	_	1,546
209	1	267	121	_	598
441	6	930	767		2,144
30,218	11	498	290	11	31,028
14,080	12	639	171	61	14,963
	leasehold land and buildings £'000 14,312 16,347 30,659 232 209 441 30,218	leasehold land and buildings £'000 Long leasehold improvements £'000 14,312 17 30,659 17 232 5 209 1 441 6 30,218 11	leasehold land and buildings £'000 Long leasehold improvements £'000 Furniture and equipment £'000 14,312 17 1,302 — — — 16,347 — — — — 126 30,659 17 1,428 232 5 663 209 1 267 441 6 930 30,218 11 498	leasehold land and buildings £'000 Long leasehold improvements £'000 Furniture and equipment £'000 Computer equipment £'000 14,312 17 1,302 817 — — — 50 16,347 — — — — — 126 190 30,659 17 1,428 1,057 232 5 663 646 209 1 267 121 441 6 930 767 30,218 11 498 290	leasehold land and buildings £'000 Long leasehold improvements £'000 Furniture equipment £'000 Computer equipment £'000 Assets under construction £'000 14,312 17 1,302 817 61 — — — 50 (50) 16,347 — — — — — — 126 190 — 30,659 17 1,428 1,057 11 232 5 663 646 — 209 1 267 121 — 441 6 930 767 — 30,218 11 498 290 11

Initial recognition of UTC property

The Academy Trust has previously omitted the inclusion of the UTC land and buildings from the balance sheet due to challenges encountered in finalising the terms of the long lease agreement following academisation. At 31 August 2021, the long lease agreement was near to finalisation (subject to administrative issues only), and the trustees are of the opinion that the Academy Trust now holds the major risks and rewards of occupying the property. As such, the Academy Trust has now recognised the asset, effectively donated by the Local Authority for no consideration, on its balance sheet.

The value of the gift, which will be taken to equal its deemed historic cost going forward, has been determined with reference to an ESFA desktop valuation.

13 Debtors

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Prepayments and accrued income	 272	475
VAT recoverable	120	54
Other debtors	_	74
	392	603

14 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2021	2020
	£'000	£,000
Trade creditors	214	301
Accruals and deferred income	663	530
Other taxation and social security	139	122
Other creditors	138	99
	1,154	1,052
D. C. C. A.		
Deferred income	0004	0000
	2021 Total	2020 Total
	funds	funds
	£'000	£'000
Deferred income at 1 September	34	13
Resources deferred in the year	(34)	34
Amounts released from previous years	50	(13)
Deferred income at 31 August	50	34
		·

Deferred income at the balance sheet date in in respect of unspent bursary funds received from the ESFA.

15 Funds

	Balance at 1 September 2020 £'000	Income £'000	Expenditure £'000	Gains, losses and transfers £'000	Balance at 31 August 2021 £'000
Restricted general funds					
. General Annual Grant (GAG)	1,090	8,197	(8,515)	(251)	521
. Start Up Grant		19	(19)		
. Pupil premium	_	367	(367)	_	
. Catch-up premium		51	(51)		_
. Other Coronavirus funding		131	(131)	_	_
. Other grants	_	583	(583)	_	
. Pension reserve	(706)		(372)	(239)	(1,317)
	384	9,348	(10,038)	(490)	(796)
Restricted fixed assets fund					
. Transfer for Local Authority	14,080	16,347	(209)	_	30,218
. DfE/ESFA capital grants	809	65	(389)	251	736
. Local authority capital grants	26	_	_	_	26
. Other transfers	48	_	_		48
	14,963	16,412	(598)	251	31,028
Total restricted funds	15,347	25,760	(10,636)	(239)_	30,232
Total unrestricted funds	218	265			483
Total funds	15,565	26,025	(10,636)	(239)	30,715

15 Funds (continued)

The specific purposes for which the funds are to be applied are as follows:

Restricted general funds

All restricted funds are grants received from the Department for Education and the Local Authority for the purpose of running the Academy. This also includes catering income received from pupils.

General Annual Grant

This includes all monies received from the ESFA to carry out the objectives of the Academy Trust. It includes the School Budget Share and education services grants.

Under the funding agreement the Secretary of State, the Academy Trust was not subject to a limit on the amount of GAG that it could carry forward at 31 August 2021.

Start Up Grant

This represents the amount received on conversion to academy status for start-up costs.

Other DfE/ESFA grants

This represents revenue grants received from the ESFA for specific purposes, including funds provided to support individual pupils with a SEN statement and development grants received by the academy trust.

Pension reserve

This represents the negative reserve in respect of the liability on the LGPS defined benefit pension scheme which was transferred to the academy on conversion.

Fixed asset fund

The fund includes the value of the tangible fixed assets of the academy on conversion, and monies transferred from the GAG or other restricted funds specifically for expenditure on tangible fixed assets, and the annual charges for depreciation of these assets.

Transfers between funds

Transfers from the restricted general fund to the fixed asset fund relate to assets purchased from GAG.

15 Funds (continued)

Transfers between funds (continued)

Comparative information in respect of the preceding period is as follows:

	Balance at 1 September 2019 £'000	Income £'000	Expenditure £'000	Gains, losses and transfers £'000	Balance at 31 August 2020 £'000
Restricted general funds					
. General Annual Grant (GAG)	1,350	7,205	(7,211)	(254)	1,090
. Start Up Grant	_	29	(29)	_	_
. Pupil premium	_	375	(375)	_	_
. Other Coronavirus funding	_	77	(77)	_	_
. Other grants	_	824	(824)	_	
. Pension reserve	(478)	_	(375)	147	(706)
	872	8,510	(8,891)	(107)	384
Restricted fixed assets fund					
. DfE/ESFA capital grants	856	119	(420)	254	809
. Local authority capital grants	41	_	(15)	_	26
. Transfer for Local Authority	14,138	_	(58)	_	14,080
. Other transfers	77	_	(29)	_	48
	15,112	119	(522)	254	14,963
Total restricted funds	15,984	8,629	(9,413)	147	15,347
Total unrestricted funds	102	116	· <u> </u>		218
Total funds	16,086	8,745	(9,413)	147	15,565

Fund balances at 31 August 2021 were allocated as follows:

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
University Academy of Engineering South Bank	955	886
South Bank Engineering UTC	(26)	49
Central services	75	373
Total before fixed assets and pension reserve	1,004	1,308
Restricted fixed asset fund	. 31,028	14,963
Pension reserve	(1,317)	(706)
Total funds	30,715	15,565

At 31 August 2021, South Bank Engineering UTC's revenue reserves were in deficit by £26,000. The small deficit has mainly arisen due to additional Covid-19 related expenditure on resources and staffing, and the one-off costs of rebranding South Bank UTC. The amount in question is manageable and is underwritten by the Trust.

15 Funds (continued)

Total cost analysis by academy

Expenditure incurred by each academy during the year was as follows:

	Teaching and educational support staff costs	Other support staff costs £'000	Educational supplies £'000	Other costs (excluding depreciation) £'000	Total 2021 £'000	Total 2020 £'000
University Academy of Engineering South Bank	3,821	1,092	500	1,412	6,825	6,089
South Bank Engineering UTC	1,484	469	140	398	2,491	2,257
Central services	173	427	_	122	722	545
	5,478	1,988	640	1,932	10,038	8,891

16 Analysis of net assets between funds

	Unrestricted funds £'000	Restricted General Funds £'000	Restricted Fixed Asset Fund £'000	Total 2021 £'000	Total 2020 £'000
Fund balances at 31 August 2021 are represented by:					
Tangible fixed assets	_	_	31,028	31,028	14,963
Current assets	483	1,675	_	2,158	2,360
Current liabilities	_	(1,154)	_	(1,154)	(1,052)
Pension scheme liability		(1,317)	<u> </u>	(1,317)	(706)
Total net assets	483	(796)	31,028	30,715	15,565

	Unrestricted funds £'000	Restricted General Funds £'000	Restricted Fixed Asset Fund £'000	Total 2020 £'000
Fund balances at 31 August 2020 are represented by:				
Tangible fixed assets	_	. —	14,963	14,963
Current assets	218	2,142	_	2,360
Current liabilities	_	(1,052)	_	(1,052)
Pension scheme liability		(706)		(706)
Total net assets	218	384	14,963	15,565

17 Members' Liability

Each member of the Academy Trust undertakes to contribute to the assets of the company in the event of it being wound up while he/she is a member, or within one year after he/she ceases to be a member, such amount as may be required, not exceeding £10 for the debts and liabilities contracted before he/she ceases to be a member.

18 Commitments under operating leases

At 31 August 2021 the total of the Multi Academy Trust's future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases was:

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Amounts due within one year	6	_
Amounts due between one and five years	25	
	31	

19 Pension and similar obligations

The Academy Trust's employees belong to two principal pension schemes: the Teachers' Pension Scheme England and Wales (TPS) for academic and related staff; and the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) for non-teaching staff, which is managed by Surrey County Council. Both are multi-employer defined benefit schemes.

The latest actuarial valuation of the TPS related to the period ended 31 March 2016 and of the LGPS 31 March 2019.

Contributions amounting to £113,000 were payable to the schemes at 31 August 2021 (2020: £94,000) and are included within creditors.

Teachers' Pension Scheme

The Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS) is a statutory, contributory, defined benefit scheme, governed by the Teachers' Pension Scheme Regulations 2014. Membership is automatic for teachers in academies. All teachers have the option to opt-out of the TPS following enrolment.

The TPS is an unfunded scheme to which both the member and employer makes contributions, as a percentage of salary - these contributions are credited to the Exchequer. Retirement and other pension benefits are paid by public funds provided by Parliament.

19 Pension and similar obligations (continued)

Valuation of the Teachers' Pension Scheme

The Government Actuary, using normal actuarial principles, conducts a formal actuarial review of the TPS in accordance with the Public Service Pensions (Valuations and Employer Cost Cap) Directions 2014 published by HM Treasury every 4 years. The aim of the review is to specify the level of future contributions. Actuarial scheme valuations are dependent on assumptions about the value of future costs, design of benefits and many other factors. The latest actuarial valuation of the TPS was carried out as at 31 March 2016. The valuation report was published by the Department for Education on 5 March 2019. The key elements of the valuation and subsequent consultation are:

- employer contribution rates set at 23.68% of pensionable pay (including a 0.08% administration levy)
- total scheme liabilities (pensions currently in payment and the estimated cost of future benefits) for service to the effective date of £218,100 million and notional assets (estimated future contributions together with the notional investments held at the valuation date) of £196,100 million, giving a notional past service deficit of £22,000 million
- an employer cost cap of 10.9% of pensionable pay will be applied to future valuations.
- the SCAPE rate, set by HMT, is used to determine the notional investment return. The current SCAPE rate is 2.4% above the rate of CPI. The assumed real rate of return is 2.4% in excess of prices and 2% in excess of earnings. The rate of real earnings growth is assumed to be 2.2%. The assumed nominal rate of return including earnings growth is 4.45%.
- The TPS valuation for 2012 determined an employer rate of 16.48%, which was payable from September 2015. The most recent actuarial valuation of the TPS was prepared as at 31 March 2016 and the Valuation Report, which was published in March 2019, confirmed that the employer contribution rate for the TPS would increase from 16.48% to 23.6% from 1 September 2019. Employers are also required to pay a scheme administration levy of 0.08% giving a total employer contribution rate of 23.68%.

The next valuation result is due to be implemented from 1 April 2023.

The employer's pension costs paid to TPS in the period amounted to £780,000 (2020: £633,000).

Under the definitions set out in FRS 102, the TPS is an unfunded multi-employer pension scheme. The academy trust has accounted for its contributions to the scheme as if it were a defined contribution scheme. The academy trust has set out above the information available on the scheme.

19 Pension and similar obligations (continued)

Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS)

The LGPS is a funded defined-benefit scheme, with the assets held in separate trusteeadministered funds. The total contribution made for the year ended 31 August 2021 was £257,000 (2020 - £215,000), of which employer's contributions totalled £180,000 (2020: £158,000) and employees' contributions totalled £77,000 (2019 - £57,000). The agreed employer contribution rates for future years are an average of between 13.6% and 16.9% for the UAE and 20.8% and 22.8% for the UTC, with actual contribution rates being dependent upon salary.

Parliament has agreed, at the request of the Secretary of State for Education, to a guarantee that, in the event of an Academy Trust closure, outstanding Local Government Pension Scheme liabilities would be met by the Department for Education. The guarantee came into force on 18 July 2013.

The Academy Trust participates in the following LGPSs:

Academy	Scheme
South Bank Engineering UTC	London Borough of Lambeth Pension Fund
University Academy Engineering South Bank	London Borough of Southwark Pension Fund

The principal assumptions used in determining the valuations are provided below:

Principal actuarial assumptions	Lambeth at 31 August 2021	Southwark at 31 August 2021	Lambeth at 31 August 2020	Southwark at 31 August 2020
Rate of increase in salaries	3.4%	4.1%	2.7%	3.7%
Rate of increase in pensions	2.9%	2.6%	2.2%	2.2%
Discount rate for scheme liabilities	1.7%	1.7%	1.7%	1.7%
Inflation assumption (CPI)	2.9%_	2.6%	2.2%	2.2%

The current mortality assumptions include sufficient allowance for future improvements in mortality rates. The assumed life expectations on retirement age 65 are:

Mortality assumptions	Lambeth at 31 August 2021	Southwark at 31 August 2021	Lambeth at 31 August 2020	Southwark at 31 August 2020
Retiring today				
Males	21.5	20.9	21.3	20.8
Females	23.9	23.7	23.5	23.6
Retiring in 20 years				
Males	23.1	22.8	22.7	22.7
Females	25.7	25.6	25.0	25.5

At 31 August

19 Pension and similar obligations (continued)

Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) (continued)		
	2021	2020
Sensitivity analysis	£'000	£'000
Southwark		
0.1% increase in the pension increase rate	82	50
0.1% decrease in the real discount rate	82	50
0.178 desireds in the real discount rate	-	
Lambeth		
0.1% (and 0.5% in 2020) increase in the pension increase rate	18	47
0.1% (and 0.5% in 2020) decrease in the real discount rate	18	47
The Academy's share of the assets and liabilities in the scheme w	ere:	
	2021	2020
	£'000	£,000
Equity instruments	688	423
Bonds	249	160
Property	131	92
Other	33	22
Cash and other liquid assets	16	22
Total market value of assets	1,117	719
Present value of scheme liabilities	(2,434)	(1,425)
Deficit in the scheme	(1,317)	(706)
	2021	2020
Amounts recognised in statement of financial activities	£'000	£,000
Current service cost	540	518
Past service cost	(14)	6 (11)
Interest income Interest cost	(14) 26	(11) 20
Total amount recognised in the SOFA	552	533
Total amount recognised in the SOFA	332	- 333
		0000
Changes in the present value of defined benefit obligations were as follows:	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
At 1 September	1,425	958
Current service cost	540	518
Interest cost	26	20
Employee contributions	77	57
Actuarial loss (gain)	376	(124)
Benefits paid	(10)	(10)
Past service cost		6

1,425

19 Pension and similar obligations (continued)

Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) (continued)

Changes in the fair value of the Academy's share of scheme assets:	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
At 1 September	719	480
Interest income	14	11
Actuarial gains	137	23
Employer contributions	180	158
Employee contributions	77	57
Benefits paid	(10)	(10)
At 31 August	1,117	719

20 Related party transactions

Owing to the nature of the Academy Trust and the composition of the board of trustees being drawn from local public and private sector organisations, transactions may take place with organisations in which the trust has an interest. All transactions involving such organisations are conducted at arm's length and in accordance with the trust's financial regulations and normal procurement procedures. The following related party transaction took place in the period of account.

Richard Flatman, a Trustee and Member of the Academy Trust, is also a Director of South Bank Enterprises Ltd. During the year ended 31 August 2021, the Academy Trust was charged £38,617 (2020: £30,737) by South Bank Enterprises Ltd for the provision of invigilators. A balance of £30,337 (2020: £nil) was outstanding in relation to these charges at the start or end of the financial year.

The Academy Trust received governance related services from its sponsor, LSBU, during the year ended 31 August 2021 at a cost of £11,000 (2020: £34,420). A balance of £nil (2020: £10,967) was owing to LSBU at the year end and included in creditors.

In addition, three individuals employed by LSBU (2020: four individuals) allocate part of their time to provide support services to the Academy Trust. The cost of this time is gifted to the Academy Trust and included as part of the Academy Trust's income (from donations) and expenditure (on staff costs). The total value of the donated salaries for the year ended 31 August 2021 was £65,036 (2020: £88,453).

One Director David Phoenix is also a director of South Bank Colleges, a wholly owned subsidiary of LSBU. Other than the donated salaries referenced in the previous paragraph, there were no transactions with South Bank Colleges during the year. (2020 - £nil).

David Phoenix is also a trustee of the Science Museum Group. During the year, the Academy Trust paid £90 to the Science Museum Group for the cost of a school trip. There was no balance outstanding at the end of the year in relation to this.