Report and Accounts

30 September 2020

FAI ACCOUNTANTS LTD Chartered Certified Accountants

264 High Street
Beckenham
Kent
BR3 1DZ

Report and accounts

Contents

	Page
Balance sheet	3
Notes to the accounts	4 to 7

Registered number:

Balance Sheet

as at 30 September 2020

	Notes		2020		<u>2019</u>
Fixed assets			£		$\underline{\mathfrak{t}}$
Intangible assets	3		8,000		_
Tangible assets	4		3,997		4,725
Tangiote assets	•		11,997	-	4,725
			,		1,,,20
Current assets					
Stocks		-		5,123	
Debtors	5	160,186		268,490	
Cash at bank and in hand		4,078		1,550	
		164,264		275,163	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(204,533)		(349,468)	
			(10.000)		(= 4.20.5)
Net current liabilities			(40,269)		(74,305)
Total assets less current				_	
<u>liabilities</u>			(28,272)		(69,580)
Creditors: amounts falling					
due after more than one	-				
<u>year</u>	7		(52,573)		(3,158)
Net liabilities		-	(80,845)	_	(72,738)
		=		=	
Capital and reserves		:	:	=	
Called up share capital			2		2
Profit and loss account			(80,847)		(72,740)
Shareholders' funds			(80,845)	_	(72,738)
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The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mr. Graham M. Taylor

Director

Approved by the board on 17 June 2021

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 30 September 2020

Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery 20% Reducing balance
Motor vehicles 25% Reducing balance

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2	Employees	2020	<u>2019</u>
		Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	8	22

Cost	
Additions	

Additions	8,000
At 30 September 2020	8,000
Amortisation At 30 September 2020	
Net book value At 30 September 2020	8,000

Website is being written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated economic life of 4 years.

4 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery etc	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 October 2019	5,990	4,227	10,217
Additions	1,162	-	1,162
Disposals	(607)	-	(607)
At 30 September 2020	6,545	4,227	10,772
Depreciation			
At 1 October 2019	2,603	2,889	5,492
Charge for the year	1,265	335	1,600
On disposals	(317)	-	(317)
At 30 September 2020	3,551	3,224	6,775
Net book value			
At 30 September 2020	2,994	1,003	3,997
At 30 September 2019	3,387	1,338	4,725

5	<u>Debtors</u>	2020 £	2019 £
	Trade debtors	58,500	30,959
	Other debtors	101,686	237,531
		160,186	268,490

6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2020	<u>2019</u>
		£	£

	Bank loans and overdrafts	1,114	-
	Trade creditors	12,133	69,507
	Other taxes and social security costs	34,268	12,864
	Other creditors	157,018	267,097
		204,533	349,468
7	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2020	<u>2019</u>
		<u>£</u>	£
	Bank loans	50,000	-
	Trade creditors	2,573	3,158
		52,573	3,158

8 Related party transactions

During the year an amount of £1,560 (2019 - £1,500) was paid to director for use of home a s of f i c e .

Included in other debtors is a directors loan account balance of £25,033 (2019 - £23,776).

9 Controlling party

Mr. Graham M. Taylor is the controlling party by the connection with his spouse in having the majority of the shares.

10 Other information

The Alpine Generation Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

264 High Street

Beckenham

Kent

BR3 1DZ

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.