COLE SHEET METAL LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

CONTENTS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	Page
Company Information	1
Balance Sheet	2
Notes to the Financial Statements	4

COLE SHEET METAL LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

DIRECTORS: Mrs J E Cole

M J Cole

REGISTERED OFFICE: Highland House

Mayflower Close Chandlers Ford Eastleigh Hampshire SO53 4AR

REGISTERED NUMBER: 08560971 (England and Wales)

BALANCE SHEET 30 JUNE 2023

		2022	2022
	Notes	2023	2022
FIXED ASSETS	Notes	£	£
	4	18,901	19,507
Tangible assets	4	16,901	19,507
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	5	48,919	25,469
Cash at bank	3	•	*
Cash at bank		$\frac{28,281}{77,200}$	$\frac{34,251}{59,720}$
CDEDITORS		77,200	39,720
CREDITORS		(53.050)	(20.470)
Amounts falling due within one year	6	<u>(53,070)</u>	(38,470)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		<u>24,130</u>	21,250
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			
LIABILITIES		43,031	40,757
CDEDITOR(
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due after more than one	_		
year	7	(12,083)	(17,083)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	8	(4.725)	(2.707)
	0	<u>(4,725)</u>	(3,707)
NET ASSETS		<u> 26,223</u>	<u>19,967</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
		100	100
Called up share capital			
Retained earnings		<u>26,123</u>	19,867
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		<u>26,223</u>	<u>19,967</u>

The notes form part of these financial statements

Page 2 continued...

BALANCE SHEET - continued 30 JUNE 2023

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 30 June 2023.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2023 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 16 February 2024 and were signed on its behalf by:

M J Cole - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Cole Sheet Metal Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS102 "The Financial Reporting Standards applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and far view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £1.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

Turnover

Turnover represents the sales of goods net of VAT and trade discounts. Turnover is recognised when the goods are physically dispatched to the customer.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery - 20% Reducing balance
Computer equipment - 33% Straight line
Motor Vehicle - 25% Reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset and is recognised in the income statement.

Government grants

The following government grants were received in the prior year:

Business Interruption Payment (BIP) under the Bounce Back Loan scheme: The BIP is payable in respect of the loan interest for the first 12 months, together with any related fees. The accrual model has been used to recognise the income on a systematic basis over the periods in which the related finance costs are incurred. The company has also benefited from the UK government's provision of security for 100% of the loan.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Page 4 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Financial assets

The Company has elected to apply the provision of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial assets are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, unless the arrangement constitutes a financial transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities which include trade and other payables, are initially measured at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the fair value of the proceeds received net of direct issue costs. Dividend's payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 3 (2022 - 2).

Page 5 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

4.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS				
		Plant and	Motor	Computer	
		machinery	vehicles	equipment	Totals
	COOT	£	£	£	£
	COST	20 522	10 500	1.000	42.202
	At 1 July 2022	30,532	10,500	1,260	42,292
	Additions At 30 June 2023	3,100	10.500	$\frac{370}{1,630}$	3,470
		33,632	10,500	1,030	45,762
	DEPRECIATION At 1 July 2022	12.424	9,099	1 240	22 705
	Charge for year	12,426 3,726	,	1,260	22,785 4,076
	At 30 June 2023	$\frac{-3,720}{16,152}$	$\frac{350}{9,449}$	1,260	26,861
	NET BOOK VALUE	10,152	9,449	1,200	20,801
	At 30 June 2023	17,480	1,051	370	18,901
	At 30 June 2022	$\frac{17,480}{18,106}$	1,401		19,507
	At 50 Julie 2022	18,100	1,401		19,507
5.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN	ONE VEAR			
٥.	DEBTORS, AMOUNTS PARELING DEE WITHIN	ONE TEAK		2023	2022
				£	£
	Trade debtors			48,919	25,469
6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITH	IIN ONE YEAR			
				2023	2022
				£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts			5,000	5,000
	Trade creditors			23,774	10,856
	Taxation and social security			22,203	16,870
	Other creditors			2,093	5,744
				<u>53,070</u>	38,470
7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTE YEAR	R MORE THAN (DNE		
	ILAK			2023	2022
				£	£
	Bank loans			<u> 12,083</u>	17,083
				124000	. 7,000
8.	PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES				
				2023	2022
				£	£
	Deferred tax			<u>4,725</u>	<u>3,707</u>
					

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

8. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES - continued

Deferred tax £
3,707
1,018
4,725

Balance at 1 July 2022 Provided during year Accelerated capital allowances Balance at 30 June 2023

9. **OPERATING LEASES**

At the balance sheet date the company had future commitments under operating leases which totalled £21,816.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.