VAUXHALL HOMES LTD ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

TUESDAY



A16 08/08/2023
COMPANIES HOUSE

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

		2022		2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Current assets					
Trade and other receivables	3	1,407		1,407	
Current liabilities					
Trade and other payables	4	6,130		6,130	
Net current liabilities			(4,723)		(4,723)
·					
Equity					
Equity	5		4		4
Called up share capital	э		(4.704)		(4.704)
Retained earnings			(4,724)		(4,724)
Total aguity	•		(4.722)		(4.722)
Total equity			(4,723)		(4,723)

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the income statement within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 480 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to dormant companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Qiang Fu (Jul 25, 2023 13:10 GMT+8)

Qiang Fu Director

Company registration number 08514852

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Vauxhall Homes Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 14 Carnation Way, London, SW8 5GZ. The company's principal activities and nature of its operations are disclosed in the directors' report.

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework (FRS 101) and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

As permitted by FRS 101, the company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions from the requirements of IFRS:

- inclusion of an explicit and unreserved statement of compliance with IFRS;
- · presentation of a statement of cash flows and related notes;
- disclosure of the objectives, policies and processes for managing capital;
- disclosure of the categories of financial instrument and the nature and extent of risks arising on these financial instruments;
- the effect of financial instruments on the statement of comprehensive income;
- disclosure of the future impact of new International Financial Reporting Standards in issue but not yet effective at the reporting date;
- comparative narrative information:
- related party disclosures for transactions with the parent or wholly owned members of the group.

Where required, equivalent disclosures are given in the group accounts of Guangzhou R&F Properties Co., Ltd., which is the largest group of undertakings for which group financial statements are drawn up, by virtue of its deemed control given the option it holds over the parent company. R&F Properties (HK) Company Limited, an intermediate parent company, is the smallest group of undertakings for which group financial statements are drawn up. Copies of the consolidated financial statements of Guangzhou R&F Properties Co., Ltd can be obtained from: 45-54/F, R&F Center, No. 10 Hua Xia Road, Guangzhou 510623.

1.2 Going concern

The directors of the company have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis, which assumes the company will be able to meet its future obligations as they fall due, and the company will settle all payments within the agreed terms. The directors have assessed the company's net liability position and believe that as the company's debtor and creditor balances relate to group companies, the company will not be required to repay these until such a time as it is able. Accordingly, the directors believe that it is appropriate that these financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis.

1.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.4 Financial assets

Financial assets are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are classified into specified categories, depending on the nature and purpose of the financial assets.

At initial recognition, financial assets classified as fair value through profit and loss are measured at fair value and any transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss. Financial assets not classified as fair value through profit and loss are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs.

Financial assets held at amortised cost

Financial instruments are classified as financial assets measured at amortised cost where the objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, and the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest. They arise principally from the provision of goods and services to customers (eg trade receivables). They are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs directly attributable to their acquisition or issue, and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less provision for impairment where necessary.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets carried at amortised cost and FVOCI are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

The expected credit losses associated with these assets are estimated on a forward-looking basis. A broad range of information is considered when assessing credit risk and measuring expected credit losses, including past events, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts that affect the expected collectability of the future cash flows of the instrument.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity.

1.5 Financial liabilities

The company recognises financial debt when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Financial liabilities are classified as either 'financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' or 'other financial liabilities'.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities, amounts owed to fellow group undertakings and other short-term monetary liabilities, are initially measured at fair value net of transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance of the financial liability. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. For the purposes of each financial liability, interest expense includes initial transaction costs and any premium payable on redemption, as well as any interest or coupon payable while the liability is outstanding.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when, and only when, the company's obligations are discharged, cancelled, or they expire.

1.6 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

2	Employees				
	The average monthly number of persons (including ozero (2021: zero).	directors) emp	ployed by the con	npany during th	e year was
3	Trade and other receivables				
				2022 £	2021 £
	Amounts owed by fellow group undertakings			1,407	1,407 =====
	All amounts are held at amortised cost.				
4	Trade and other payables			2022 £	2021 £
	Amounts owed to fellow group undertakings			6,130	6,130 =
	All amounts are held at amortised cost.				
5	Share capital	2022	0004	0000	2024
	Ordinary share capital ssued and fully paid	2022 Number	2021 Number	2022 £	2021 £
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1	1 ===	1 ====
	Each share has full rights in the company with respec	t to voting, div	vidends and distri	butions.	
6	Related party transactions				
	The following amounts were outstanding at the report	ing end date:			
	Amounts due to related parties			2022 £	2021 £
	Other related parties			6,130 ——	6,130 =====
	The following amounts were outstanding at the report	ing end date:			
	Amounts due from related parties			2022 £	2021 £
	Other related parties			1,407	1,407

Other information

All amounts due to and due from related parties and interest free and repayable on demand.