Registered number: 08383439

Episode (GP) Limited

Report And Financial Statements
31 March 2018

Rees Pollock Chartered Accountants



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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors S T Murdoch

D J P Lane A E Lloyd P A McNabb

Registered number 08383439

Registered office 112 - 116 New Oxford Street London

London WC1A 1HH

Accountants Rees Pollock

35 New Bridge Street London

London EC4V 6BW

Episode (GP) Limited

DIRECTORS' REPORT For the Year Ended 31 March 2018

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company during the year was that of general partner for the Episode 1 Investments Limited Partnership. This fund constitutes a qualifying partnership and in accordance with Statutory Instrument 'The Partnership (Accounts) Regulations 2008 ('SI 2008/569')' their financial statements have been appended to these accounts for filing with the Registrar.

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

S T Murdoch

DJP Lane

A E Lloyd

P A McNabb

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Company's financial statements and then apply them consistently:
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Small companies note

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

DJP Lane Director

Date: 16 October 2011

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS For the Year Ended 31 March 2018 2017 2018 Note £ £ Turnover 737,574 842,860 (737, 754)(844, 154)Administrative expenses (1,294)**Operating loss** (180)Loss after tax (180)(1,294)Retained earnings at the beginning of the year (1,335)(41)(1,335)(41)Loss for the year (180)(1,294)Retained earnings at the end of the year (1,515)(1,335)

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET As at 31 March 2018					
AS at 51 March 2010	Note		2018 £		2017 £
Current assets					
Cash at bank and in hand		1,533		1,713	
	-	1,533		1,713	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	3	(3,033)		(3,033)	
Net current liabilities	_		(1,500)		(1,320)
Net liabilities		- -	(1,500)		(1,320)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	4		15		15
Profit and loss account			(1,515)		(1,335)
		=	(1,500)	_	(1,320)

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 16 October 2018

D J P Lane Director

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

1. General information

Episode (GP) Limited is a private limited company incorporated in the UK and registered in England and Wales.

The principal activity of the company is documented in the directors' report.

The company's registered address is 112 - 116 New Oxford Street, London, England, WC1A 1HH.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. Management do not consider there are any key accounting estimates or assumptions made that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Management are also required to exercise judgment in applying the entity's accounting policies. Due to the straight forward nature of the business management consider that no critical judgements have been made in applying the entity's accounting policies.

2.2 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of its priority profit share due as general partner of the Episode 1 Investments LP ('the fund').

2.3 Financial instruments

The company does not trade in financial instruments and all such instruments arise directly from operations. All trade and other debtors are initially recognised at transaction value, as none contain in substance a financing transaction. Thereafter trade and other debtors are reviewed for impairment where there is objective evidence based on observable data that the balance may be impaired. The company does not hold collateral against its trade and other receivables so its exposure to credit risk is the net balance of trade and other debtors after allowance for impairment. The company's cash holdings comprise on demand balances. All cash is held with banks with strong external credit ratings. Trade and other creditors and accruals are initially recognised at transaction value as none represent a financing transaction. They are only derecognised when they are extinguished. As the company only has short term receivables and payables, its net current asset position is a reasonable measure of its liquidity at any given time.

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

2.5 Current and deferred taxation

Tax is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

3. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2018 £	2017 £
Amounts owed to group undertakings	3,033	3,033
	3,033	3,033

4. Share capital

	2018 £	2017 £
Allotted, called up and partly paid	-	~
15 Ordinary shares of £1 each	15	15

5. Ultimate parent undertaking

The company's ultimate parent company at the balance sheet date was Episode 1 Ventures LLP, an entity which is registered in England and Wales.

Episode 1 Investments LP

Report And Financial Statements

31 March 2018

Rees Pollock Chartered Accountants

PARTNERSHIP INFORMATION

Registered number

LP015401

Registered office

112 - 116 New Oxford Street

London WC1A 1HH

Independent auditors

Rees Pollock

35 New Bridge Street

London EC4V 6BW

Founder Partner

Episode (FP) LLP

General Partner

Episode (GP) Limited

Preferred Partner

British Business Bank

Manager

Episode 1 Ventures LLP

112 - 116 New Oxford Street

London WC1A 1HH

GENERAL PARTNER'S REPORT

For the Year Ended 31 March 2018

The General Partner presents its report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the Partnership is that of a venture capital fund investing in early stage software-enabled businesses.

General Partner

The General Partner who served during the year was: Episode (GP) Limited

General Partner's responsibilities statement

The General Partner is responsible for preparing the General Partner's report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the General Partner to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the General Partner has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the General Partner must not approve the financial statements unless the General Partner is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the partnership and of the profit or loss of the partnership for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the General Partner is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the partnership's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the partnership will continue in business.

The General Partner is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the partnership's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the partnership and to enable it to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. The General Partner is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the partnership and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to auditors

The General Partner at the time when this General Partner's report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as it is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the partnership's auditors are unaware, and
- it has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a General Partner in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the partnership's auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

The auditors, Rees Pollock, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

GENERAL PARTNER'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended 31 March 2018

Small companies note

In preparing this report, the General Partner has taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on 21 June 2018 and signed on its behalf:

D Lane

As director of Episode (GP) Limited

General Partner



Rees Pollock

Chartered Accountants 35 New Bridge Street London EC4V 6BW Tel: 020 7778 7200 www.reespollock.co.uk

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF EPISODE 1 INVESTMENTS LP

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Episode 1 Investments LP ('the partnership') for the year ended 31 March 2018, which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the statement of changes in net assets attributable to partners and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the partnership's affairs as at 31 March 2018 and of its results for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the partnership in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the General Partner's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the General Partner has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the partnership's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The General Partner is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our Auditors' report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the General Partner's report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the General Partner's report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF EPISODE 1 INVESTMENTS LP (CONTINUED)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the partnership and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the General Partner's report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of General Partner's remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.
- the General Partner was not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies exemptions in preparing the General Partner's report and from the requirement to prepare a Strategic report.

Responsibilities of the General Partner

As explained more fully in the General Partner's responsibilities statement, the General Partner is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the General partner determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the General Partner is are responsible for assessing the partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the General Partner either intends to liquidate the partnership or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditors' report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the partnership's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the partnership's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the partnership and the partnership's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Other matters specified in the Limited Partnership Agreement

In accordance with section 8.2 of the Limited Partnership Agreement, in our opinion:

- all amounts allocated or distributed to Investors have been so allocated or distributed in accordance with the provisions of the Limited Partnership Agreement; and
- the investments acquired by the Partnership fall within the Investment Policy stated in the Limited Partnership Agreement, insofar as the Investment Policy contains objective criteria for assessment.

Jonathan Munday (Senior statutory auditor) for and on behalf of Rees Pollock
21 June 2018

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT For the Year Ended 31 March 2018			
	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Administrative expenses		(26,804)	(12,957)
OPERATING LOSS		(26,804)	(12,957)
Fair value movements		10,990,872	1,661,201
Interest receivable and similar income		58,077	6,557
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR BEFORE PARTNERS' REMUNERATION AND PROFIT SHARES		11,022,145	1,654,801
Partners remuneration charged as an expense - Priority profit share to the General Partner	•	(736,684)	(843,750)
Partners remuneration charged as an expense - Prioritised return to the Preferred Partner		(608,131)	(480,384)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR AVAILABLE FOR DISCRETIONARY DIVISION AMONG PARTNERS		9,677,330	330,667

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2018 or 2017 other than those included in the profit and loss account.

The notes on pages 8 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET As at 31 March 2018					
	Note		2018 £		2017 £
FIXED ASSETS					
Investments	5		46,626,930		31,673,038
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash at bank and in hand		460,918		1,166,862	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(1,553,929)		(946,580)	
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS	•		(1,093,011)		220,282
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			45,533,919	•	31,893,320
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO PARTNERS			45,533,919		31,893,320
REPRESENTED BY:					
Capital contribution accounts	• 7		909	•	909
Partner loan accounts due within one year			31,243,413		27,280,144
Profit and loss account		•	14,289,597		4,612,267
			45,533,919	•	31,893,320

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 21 June 2018:

D Lane

As director of Episode (GP) Limited

General Partner

The notes on pages 8 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO PARTNERS For the Year Ended 31 March 2018

	Capital contribution accounts	Partner loan accounts due within one year	Profit and loss account	Total
	£	£	£	£
At 1 April 2016	909	20,353,969	4,281,600	24,636,478
Profit for the year	-	-	330,667	330,667
Amounts drawn during the period	-	6,926,175	-	6,926,175
At 1 April 2017	909	27,280,144	4,612,267	31,893,320
Profit for the year	-	-	9,677,330	9,677,330
Amounts drawn during the period	-	3,963,269	-	3,963,269
AT 31 MARCH 2018	909	31,243,413	14,289,597	45,533,919

1. General information

Episode 1 Investments LP is a limited partnership incorporated in the UK and registered in Engalnd and Wales.

The partnership's registered address is 112 - 116 New Oxford Street, London, WC1A 1HH.

The principal activities are documented in the General Partner's Report

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

2.2 Going concern

The partnership discloses net current liabilities. However, the prioritised return creditor is only payable on a cash distribution after the partnership has received net income or proceeds from the realisation of the investments and after payment of the General Partner priority profit share. The General Partner therefore adopts the going concern basis when preparing the financial statements.

2.3 Investments

Investments are initially measured at cost. At each balance sheet date investments are remeasured to market value. Gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in the profit or loss account.

All investments in portfolio companies are held as a means to benefit from increases in their marketable value and not as a medium through which the business of the partnership is carried out. Accordingly they are not accounted for as either subsidiaries or associates.

2.4 Other Financial instruments

Debtors are initially recognised at transaction value, as none contain in substance a financing transaction. Thereafter debtors are reviewed for impairment where there is objective evidence based on observable data that the balance may be impaired. The partnership does not hold collateral against its trade and other receivables so its exposure to credit risk is the net balance of trade and other debtors after allowance for impairment.

The partnership's cash holdings comprise on demand balances. All cash is held with banks with strong external credit ratings.

Other creditors and accruals are initially recognised at transaction value as none represent a financing transaction. They are only derecognised when they are extinguished.

The partnership only has short term receivables and payables. Its net current asset position after adding back the value of the prioritised return is a reasonable measure of its liquidity at any given time given that the prioritised return can only be paid from net income and capital proceeds from the realisation of investments.

Loan contributions from the limited partners to finance the partnership are initially recognised at transaction value. Amounts payable within one year are measured at the undiscounted amount of amount due.

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Foreign currencies

Functional and presentation currency

The partnership's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the profit and loss account.

2.6 Partner loan account

Partner loan account represent the loan contributions from the limited partners to finance the partnership. There is no set repayment date for these contributions and they are due to be paid out of net income or capital proceeds the partnership receives from the realisation of its investments. As there is no unconditional right to defer payment beyond twelve months from the balance sheet date they are treated as due within one year.

2.7 Partners' Remuneration

Partners' remuneration is made up of priority profit share to the General Partner and the prioritised return to the Preferred Partner.

Priority profit share to the General Partner:

The Limited Partnership Agreement provides for a priority profit share ('PPS') to be made for each accounting period to the General Partner. The PPS ranks ahead of any other payments to the partners including the Prioritised return due to the Preferred Partner. If the profit for the year is less than the PPS, any deficiency is treated as an interest free loan. Such loan may only be extinguished by an allocation of future profits and is not recoverable in any other way. On this basis the PPS is treated as partners' remuneration charged as an expense in the profit and loss account.

Prrioritised return to the Preferred Partner:

The Limited Partnership Agreement provides for a prioritised return to the Preferred Partner. This is accrued each year and is payable on a cash distribution after payment to the General Partner for its PPS, but ahead of any other payments to partners. The timing of cash distributions is at the General Partner's discretion. On this basis the prioritised return is treated as partners' remuneration charged as an expense in the profit and loss account.

2.8 Carried interest

The Founder Partner is conditionally entitled to an amount equivalent to 25% of the net income and gains in the partnership after the allocation to the General Partner for its PPS, the Preferred Partner for its prioritised return and the payment of all expenses. This amount is payable only if the partners have received a 3% compound return in cash on their investment in the partnership. Carry payments to the Founder Partner are only recognised in these accounts in the year in which they have been triggered by the required return of cash to the partners.

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.9 Taxation

No provision for taxation has been made as each partner will be responsible for their own tax liability.

3. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. The general partner considers the following are key accounting estimates or assumptions made that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year:

Valuation of Investments

Fixed asset investments are included in the balance sheet at a value determined in accordance with the "International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuations Guidelines" developed by the British Venture Capital Association.

Investments are initially valued on acquisition at the cost of the investment. The investment cost is considered to provide the best indication of fair value for an initial period after the investment has been made. Subsequently, investments are valued at their fair value using methodologies set out in the guidelines, which may include: earnings multiple; the price at which third party capital has recently been raised; or other relevant factors.

The general partner is also required to exercise judgment in applying the partnership's accounting policies. Due to the straight forward nature of the business the general partner considers that no critical judgements have been made in applying the partnership's accounting policies.

4. Auditors' remuneration

	2018 £	2017 £
Auditors' remuneration - audit and taxation services	10,470	10,380

5. Fixed asset investments

	investments £
Valuation	
At 1 April 2017	31,673,038
Additions at cost	3,969,880
Disposals at valuation	(6,860)
Revaluations	10,990,872
At 31 March 2018	46,626,930

The historical cost of the unlisted investments held at the year end was £25,909,793 (2017: £23,059,010).

Unlisted

7.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended 31 March 2018

	2018	2017
	£	£
Trade creditors	•	890
Prioritised return	1,542,019	933,888
Accruals	11,910	11,802
	1,553,929	946,580
Capital contribution accounts	2018 £	2017 £
	£	£
Capital contribution accounts Founder Partner Preferred Partner	£	£
Founder Partner	£ 227	£ 227