## UNAUDITED

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

## **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Director** Mr B Rose

Company secretary Thomas St John Limited

Registered number 08372039

Registered office 30 Market Place

London W1W 8AP

Accountants Thomas St John Limited

30 Market Place

London W1W 8AP

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## LONGSTEM LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 08372039

## BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Note		2016 £		2015 £
Fixed assets			r.		
Tangible assets	4		14,410		6,585
			14,410	-	6,585
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	16,476		11,093	
Cash at bank and in hand	6	248,885		11,375	
	=	265,361		22,468	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(260,975)		(29,943)	
Net current assets/(liabilities)	_		4,386		(7,475)
Total assets less current liabilities Provisions for liabilities		_	18,796	-	(890)
Deferred tax	8	(2,882)		(1,317)	
	-		(2,882)		(1,317)
Net assets/(liabilities)		=	15,914	-	(2,207)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1		1
Profit and loss account			15,913		(2,208)
		_	15,914	_	(2,207)

The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

# LONGSTEM LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 08372039

# BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

The Company has opted not to file the profit and loss account in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 3 July 2017.

## Mr B Rose

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

#### 1. General information

Longstem Limited is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales, registration number 08372039. The address of the registered office is 30 Market Place, London, W1W 8AP.

## 2. Accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

## 2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

#### Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

### 2.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

## 2.3 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Office equipment - 25% straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Profit and loss account.

#### 2.4 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

#### 2.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

#### 2.6 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

#### 2.7 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.8 Foreign currency translation

#### **Functional and presentation currency**

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

#### Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

## 2.9 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting. Dividends on shares recognised as liabilities are recognised as expenses and classified within interest payable.

#### 2.10 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

## 2.11 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Profit and loss account in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance sheet.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.12 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Profit and loss account, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### 3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 3 (2015 - 2)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

## 4. Tangible fixed assets

			Office equipment £
	Cost or valuation		
	At 1 January 2016		8,104
	Additions		13,135
	At 31 December 2016	-	21,239
	Depreciation		
	At 1 January 2016		1,520
	Charge for the period on owned assets		5,310
	At 31 December 2016	-	6,830
	Net book value		
	At 31 December 2016	=	14,409
	At 31 December 2015	=	6,585
5.	Debtors		
		2016 £	2015 £
	Trade debtors	16,469	4,076
	Other debtors	7	-
	Prepayments and accrued income	-	7,017
		16,476	11,093
6.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2016	2015
		£	£
	Cash at bank and in hand	<b>248,885</b>	11,375
		248,885	11,375

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

7.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2016	2015
		£	£
	Trade creditors	-	650
	Corporation tax	46,913	-
	Other taxation and social security	20,551	8,301
	Other creditors	193,511	9,705
	Accruals and deferred income	•	11,287
	- -	260,975	29,943
8.	Deferred taxation		
			2016 £
	At beginning of year		(1,317
	Charged to profit or loss		(1,565
	At end of year		(2,882
	The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:		
			2016 £
	Accelerated capital allowances		(2,882
		=	(2,882
9.	Commitments under operating leases		
	At 31 December 2016 the Company had future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable	e operating leases	as follows:
		2016 £	2015 £
	Not later than 1 year	15,519	15,519
	-		15,519

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

#### 10. Related party transactions

During the year dividends of £170,000 (Period end 31 December 2015: £nil) were paid to the director in his capacity as shareholder of the company.

Included in creditors at the balance sheet date is an amount due to the director of £193,511 (Period end 31 December 2015: £9,705). This amount is in respect of net expenses borne on behalf of the company. This amount is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

## 11. First time adoption of FRS 102

The policies applied under the entity's previous accounting framework are not materially different to FRS 102 and have not impacted on equity or profit or loss.

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