UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2018

FOR

A & P AUTOS (BLACKPOOL) LTD

Sedulo Accountants Limited Chartered Certified Accountants 62-66 Deansgate Manchester M3 2EN

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A & P AUTOS (BLACKPOOL) LTD

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2018

DIRECTORS: Mrs P Hughes

S Hughes

REGISTERED OFFICE: 223 Common Edge Road

Blackpool Lancashire FY4 5DJ

REGISTERED NUMBER: 08254429 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: Sedulo Accountants Limited

Chartered Certified Accountants

62-66 Deansgate Manchester M3 2EN

BALANCE SHEET 31 OCTOBER 2018

		31.10.18		31.10.17	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	4		15,359		17,242
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		5,000		5,000	
Debtors	5	51,069		51,384	
Cash at bank and in hand		290		<u> 207</u>	
		56,359		56,591	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	6	68,553		<u>69,585</u>	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			<u>(12,194</u>)		<u>(12,994</u>)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			3,165		4,248
LIABILITIES			- 9		-,
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			2,569		2,981
NET ASSETS			596		1,267
CARREAL AND DECEDVES					
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			100		100
Called up share capital			100		100
Retained earnings			<u>496</u> 596		$\frac{1,167}{1,267}$
					1,207

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 October 2018.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 October 2018 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and
- (b) which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable

to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 30 October 2019 and were signed on its behalf by:

S Hughes - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2018

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

A & P Autos (Blackpool) Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life. Plant and machinery etc - 20% on reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2018

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS102 to all of its financial statements.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which includes debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including

transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial asserts classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where

the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods and services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less, if not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or

substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2018

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 7 (2017 - 6).

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

			Plant and machinery etc £
	COST		
	At I November 2017		42,336
	Additions		1,774
	At 31 October 2018		44,110
	DEPRECIATION		
	At 1 November 2017		25,094
	Charge for year		3,657
	At 31 October 2018		<u>28,751</u>
	NET BOOK VALUE		15 250
	At 31 October 2018		15,359
	At 31 October 2017		<u>17,242</u>
5.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		31.10.18	31.10.17
		£	£
	Trade debtors	-	1,957
	Other debtors	51,069	49,427
		<u>51,069</u>	<u>51,384</u>
6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
٧.		31.10.18	31.10.17
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	9,017	3,383
	Hire purchase contracts	-	2,046
	Trade creditors	26,051	32,822
	Taxation and social security	30,884	29,984
	Other creditors	2,601	1,350
		<u>68,553</u>	<u>69,585</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.