Registration number: 08010020

Dyfed Telecom Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

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Company Information

Directors Mr A S G Cox

Mr S H Cox

Registered office The Livestock Centre

Nantyci Carmarthen Carmarthenshire SA33 5DR

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(Registration number: 08010020) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>5</u>	72	85
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>6</u>	5,750	-
Debtors	6 <u>7</u>	132,237	45,611
		137,987	45,611
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	8	(137,794)	(45,416)
Net current assets		193	195
Net assets	_	265	280
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		2	2
Profit and loss account		263	278
Total equity	_	265	280

For the financial year ending 31 March 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 6 December 2019 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr A S G Cox	Mr S H Cox
Director	Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: The Livestock Centre Nantyci Carmarthen Carmarthenshire SA33 5DR

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 6 December 2019.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ircland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class
Fixture and fittings
Motor vehicles

Depreciation method and rate 15% reducing balance basis 20% reducing balance basis

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the eash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 3 (2018 - 3).

4 Profit before tax

Arrived at after charging/(crediting)

	2019 £	2018 £
Depreciation expense	13	15

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

5 Tangible assets

	Fixtures and fittings	Office equipment	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2018	225_	825	1,050
At 31 March 2019	225	825	1,050
Depreciation At 1 April 2018 Charge for the year	140 13	825	965 13
At 31 March 2019	153	825	978
Carrying amount			
At 31 March 2019		<u>-</u>	72
At 31 March 2018	85		85
6 Stocks Other inventories	=	2019 £ 5,750	2018 £
7 Debtors		2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors Other debtors	- -	2,250 129,987 132,237	3,870 41,741 45,611
8 Creditors			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		2019	2018
	Note	£	£
Due within one year Bank loans and overdrafts	9	1,073	3,155
Taxation and social security Other creditors		3,454 133,267	69 42,192
	-	137,794	45,416
	=		15,110

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

9 Loans and borrowings

		2019 £		2018 £
Current loans and borrowings Bank overdrafts			1,073	3,155
10 Related party transactions Transactions with directors				
2019		At 1 April 2018 £	Advances to directors	At 31 March 2019 £
Mr A S G Cox Directors loan account - interest free to be repaid within 9 months of year end		13,850	41,808	55,658
Mr S H Cox Directors Loan Account - Interest free to be repaid within 9 mon	ths of year end	13,850	41,808	55,658
2018 Mr A S G Cox	At 1 April 2017 £	Advances to directors	Repayments by director £	At 31 March 2018
Directors loan account - interest free to be repaid within 9 months of year end	3,399	10,500	(49)	13,850
Mr S H Cox Directors Loan Account - Interest free to be repaid within 9 months of year end	3,399	10,500	(49)	13,850

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