UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

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DUTCHPRO UK LTD REGISTERED NUMBER:07979905

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Note		31 December 2017 £		31 March 2017 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets Current assets	4		77,660		77,573
Stocks		90,846		4,451	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	663,353		480,719	
Cash at bank and in hand	_	107,534		114,296	
		861,733		599,466	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(250,456)		(558,921)	
Net current assets	_	_	611,277		40,545
Total assets less current liabilities			688,937		118,118
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred taxation	7	(13,200)		(13,900)	
	_		(13,200)		(13,900)
Net assets			675,737		104,218
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1,000		1,000
Profit and loss account			674,737		103,218
			675,737		104,218

DUTCHPRO UK LTD REGISTERED NUMBER:07979905

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the period in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 27 September 2018.

Mr F Griek Director

The notes on pages 3 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1. General information

Dutchpro UK Ltd (the Company) is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in England. The address of its registered office is Rutland House, 148 Edmund Street, Birmingham, B3 2FD and the principal place of business is Units 12-13 Maple Leaf Industrial Estate, Bloxwich Lane, Walsall, West Midlands, WS2 8TF.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

2.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, on the following basis.

Plant & machinery

25% straight line

Motor vehicles

25% reducing balance basis

Office equipment

25% straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings.

2.4 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis.

2.5 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.6 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

2.7 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

2.9 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Statement of income and retained earnings on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2.10 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of income and retained earnings when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

2.11 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

3. Employees

5.

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the period to 31 December 2017 was 8 (2017 - 10).

4. Tangible fixed assets

	Plant & machinery £	Motor vehicles	Office equipment £	Total £
Cost				
At 1 April 2017	55,931	53,731	7,725	117,387
Additions	-	20,529	1,798	22,327
At 31 December 2017	55,931	74,260	9,523	139,714
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2017	18,128	15,547	6,139	39,814
Charge for the period on owned assets	10,487	11,008	745	22,240
At 31 December 2017	28,615	26,555	6,884	62,054
Net book value				
At 31 December 2017	27,316	47,705	2,639	77,660
At 31 March 2017	37,803	38,184	1,586	77,573
Debtors				
			31 December	31 March
			2017 £	2017 £
Trade debtors			314,639	443,517
Amounts owed by group undertaking			322,578	-
Other debtors			10,904	11,470
Prepayments			15,232	19,652
Tax recoverable			- -	6,080

663,353

480,719

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

6. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	31 December 2017 £	31 March 2017 £
Trade creditors	35,128	5,313
Amounts owed to group undertaking	-	418,827
Corporation tax	134,700	13,950
Other taxation and social security	61,490	94,188
Accruals	19,138	26,643
	250,456	558,921

7. Deferred taxation

	31 December 2017 £	31 March 2017 £
At beginning of period/year	13,900	7,200
(Credited)/charged to profit or loss	(700)	6,700
At end of period/year	13,200	13,900
The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:		
	31 December	31 March
	2017	2017
	£	£
Accelerated capital allowances	13,200	13,900

8. Pension commitments

The Company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to £801 for the 9 month period ended 31 December 2017 (for the year ended 31 March 2017 - £Nil). There were no contributions outstanding at the end of the period/year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

9. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 December 2017 the Company had future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	31 December 2017 £	31 March 2017 £
Not later than 1 year	30,767	10,800
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	58,969	113,652
	89,736	124,452

10. Ultimate parent undertaking

The ultimate parent undertaking is Dutchpro BV, a company incorporated in the Netherlands.

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