Statutory

PANSOPHIC LEARNING UK LIMITED

(FORMERLY MOSAICA EDUCATION UK LIMITED)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR





PANSOPHIC LEARNING UK LIMITED (FORMERLY MOSAICA EDUCATION UK LIMITED) COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

M A Szalay

R Packard

Secretary

Ms M Burnige

Company number

07883196

Registered office

Glenleigh Park Primary Academy

Gunters Lane Bexhill-on-Sea East Sussex TN39 4ED

Auditor

UHY Hacker Young

Quadrant House

4 Thomas More Square

London E1W 1YW

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PANSOPHIC LEARNING UK LIMITED (FORMERLY MOSAICA EDUCATION UK LIMITED) BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 30 JUNE 2017

	Notes	2017		2016	
		£	£	£	£
Current assets					
Debtors	4	49,868		70,808	
Cash at bank and in hand		70,627		1,654	
		120,495		72,462	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	5	(135,616)		(108,644)	
Net current liabilities			(15,121)		(26 192)
net current habitules			(13,121)		(36,182)
	•				
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	6		1		1
Profit and loss reserves			(15,122)		(36,183)
Total equity			(15,121)		(36,182)
			=====		====

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 25 May 2018 and are signed on its behalf by:

R Packard Director

Company Registration No. 07883196

PANSOPHIC LEARNING UK LIMITED (FORMERLY MOSAICA EDUCATION UK LIMITED) STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

		•		
,	Share capital	Profit and loss reserves	Total	
	£	£	£	
Balance at 1 July 2015	1	(10,479)	(10,478)	
Year ended 30 June 2016:				
Loss and total comprehensive income for the year	·	(25,704)	(25,704)	
Balance at 30 June 2016	1	(36,183)	(36,182)	
Year ended 30 June 2017:				
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		21,061	21,061	
Balance at 30 June 2017	1	(15,122)	(15,121)	
		3	====	

PANSOPHIC LEARNING UK LIMITED (FORMERLY MOSAICA EDUCATION UK LIMITED) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Pansophic Learning UK Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Glenleigh Park Primary Academy, Gunters Lane, Bexhill-on-Sea, East Sussex, TN39 4ED.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis, not withstanding the net liabilities of £15,121 which the directors believe to be appropriate because the company has the support of its immediate parent company, Pansophic Learning Holdings Limited.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for services relating to Paragon license and development fees charged per agreement together with staff support costs.

1.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.5 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

PANSOPHIC LEARNING UK LIMITED (FORMERLY MOSAICA EDUCATION UK LIMITED) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.6 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.7 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

PANSOPHIC LEARNING UK LIMITED (FORMERLY MOSAICA EDUCATION UK LIMITED) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.8 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.9 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

2 Exceptional costs/(income)

•	•	,	2017 £	2016 £
Exceptional items			· •	(32,684)

The exceptional item for the year ended 30 June 2016 relate to intercompany balances taken over by new shareholders and were considered to be not payable and had consequently been written off.

3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 3 (2016 - 4).

PANSOPHIC LEARNING UK LIMITED (FORMERLY MOSAICA EDUCATION UK LIMITED) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

4	Debtors	2017	2017
	Amounts falling due within one year:	2017 £	2016 £
	Amounts faming due within one years.		
	Trade debtors	49,868	70,808
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Trade creditors	217	6,509
	Amounts due to group undertakings	129,999	95,235
	Accruals and deferred income	5,400	6,900
	·	135,616	108,644
6	Called up share capital		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		•
	1 Ordinary share of £1 each	<u> </u>	1
		1	1
			

7 Audit report information

As the income statement has been omitted from the filing copy of the financial statements the following information in relation to the audit report on the statutory financial statements is provided in accordance with s444(5B) of the Companies Act 2006:

The auditor's report was unqualified.

The senior statutory auditor was Marc Waterman.

The auditor was UHY Hacker Young.

PANSOPHIC LEARNING UK LIMITED (FORMERLY MOSAICA EDUCATION UK LIMITED) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

8 Parent company

On 31 July 2015 the company's share capital was acquired by Pansophic Learning Holdings Limited, a company registered in Cayman Islands.

The ultimate parent company is Pansophic Learning Limited, a company registered in Cayman Islands.

Pansophic Learning Limited prepares group financial statements and copies can be obtained from PO Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman KY1-1104, Cayman Islands.