In accordance with Rule 5.10 of the Insolvency (England & Wales) Rules 2016 & Section 94(3) of the Insolvency Act 1986.

LIQ13 Notice of final account prior to dissolution in MVL





03/08/2018 **COMPANIES HOUSE**

1	Company details	
Company number	0 7 7 9 9 5 4 9	→ Filling in this form Please complete in typescript or in
Company name in full	Green Line Music Limited	bold black capitals.
2	Liquidator's name	
Full forename(s)	Simon	
Surname	Thomas	
3	Liquidator's address	
Building name/number	88 Wood Street	
Street	London	
Post town	EC2V 7QF	
County/Region		
Postcode		
Country		
4	Liquidator's name •	
Full forename(s)	Nicholas	Other liquidator Use this section to tell us about
Surname	O'Reilly	another liquidator.
5	Liquidator's address o	
Building name/number	88 Wood Street	Other liquidator
Street	London	Use this section to tell us about another liquidator.
Post town	EC2V 7QF	
County/Region		
Postcode		
Country		

LIQ13
Notice of final account prior to dissolution in MVL

6	Final account
	☐ I have delivered the final account of the winding up to the members in accordance with Section 94(2) and attach a copy.
7	Sign and date
Liquidator's signature	X MMM X
Signature date	

LIQ13

Notice of final account prior to dissolution in MVL

Presenter information You do not have to give any contact information, but if you do it will help Companies House if there is a query on the form. The contact information you give will be visible to searchers of the public record. Emma Bidlake-Corser Moorfields Address 88 Wood Street London EC2V 7QF County/Region Postcode Country DX Telephone 0207 186 1144 Checklist

We may return forms completed incorrectly or

Please make sure you have remembered the

The company name and number match the information held on the public Register.
 You have attached the required documents.

with information missing.

You have signed the form.

following:

Important information

All information on this form will appear on the public record.

Where to send

You may return this form to any Companies House address, however for expediency we advise you to return it to the address below:

The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, Wales, CF14 3UZ. DX 33050 Cardiff.

Further information

For further information please see the guidance notes on the website at www.gov.uk/companieshouse or email enquiries@companieshouse.gov.uk

This form is available in an alternative format. Please visit the forms page on the website at www.gov.uk/companieshouse

Green Line Music Limited (In Liquidation)

s' Abstract of Receipts & Payments From 21 August 2013 To 27 July 2018

£	£		S of A £
	•	COSTS OF REALISATION	<u>. </u>
	24.84	VAT - Unrecoverable	
(24.84)			
(··- · ,			
		ASSET REALISATIONS	
	59,648.57	Cash at Bank	64,383,00
	8.52	CT refund - HMRC	•
	190,89	Bank Interest Gross	
59,847.98			
,			
		COST OF REALISATIONS	
	23,075.00	Office Holders Fees	
	471.43	Office Holders Expenses	
	5,690.28	Legal fees	
	1,250.00	Accountancy fees	
	72.31	Corporation Tax	
	545.00	Accounting Fees	
	0.02	Bank Charges	
(31,104.04)		S	
(, , , ,			
		UNSECURED CREDITORS	
	2,706.00	Trade & Expense Creditors	2,465.00)
	23,136.81	HMRC (Corporation Tax)	7,401.00)
	2,876.29	Statutory Interest	
(28,719.10)	<u></u>	•	
•			
(0.00)			44,517.00
		REPRESENTED BY	
		NEI NEGENTED DI	
NIL			
NIL			

Simon Thomas

morfields

Green Line Music Limited
(In Members' Voluntary Liquidation)
Joint Liquidators' Final Account
in accordance with

S94 of the Insolvency Act 1986

And

Rule 5.10 of the Insolvency Rules 2016

27 July 2018

Contents

Green Line Music Limited (In Members Voluntary Liquidation)

- 1. Background and Statutory Information
- 2. Conduct of Liquidation
- 3. Creditors
- 4. Tax
- 5. Joint Liquidators' Remuneration and Disbursements
- 6. Liquidation Expenses
- 7. Professional Advisors
- 8. Distributions
- 9. Members and Creditors Rights to Request Further Information
- 10. Date of Final Account

Appendix I: Statutory information

Appendix II: Summary of the Joint Liquidators' receipts and payments

account

Appendix III: Summary of time costs

Appendix IV: Schedule of Activities

Appendix V: Moorfields Advisory Ltd remuneration and disbursement policy

Green Line Music Limited - In Liquidation)

1. Background and Statutory Information

This is the Joint Liquidators' proposed final account on the conduct of the liquidation from 21 August 2017 date of appointment, to 27 July 2018 ("Final Period") and a cumulative account for 21 August 2013 to 27 July 2018 ("Whole Period"), prepared in accordance with the requirements of S94 of the Insolvency Act 1986. This report provides an account of the liquidation of the Company to date.

On 21 August 2013 the shareholder of the above Company resolved to wind up the Company and Simon Thomas and Shelly Bullman, both of Moorfields, 88 Wood Street, London EC2V 7QF, were appointed Joint Liquidators.

Nicholas O'Reilly, of Moorfields, 88 Wood Street, London EC2V 7QF replaced Shelly Bullman as Joint Liquidator by an Order of the Court dated 20 November 2013.

I attach the statutory information relating to the Company and the Joint Liquidators' appointment at Appendix I.

2. Conduct of the Liquidation

The Joint Liquidators' receipts and payments account for the period from 21 August 2017 to 27 July 2018 and cumulatively from 21 August 2013 to 27 July 2018 is attached at Appendix II.

Final Period

No assets were realised in the Final Period.

Whole Period

Cash at bank

At the date of liquidation, the Company held funds in a Barclays Bank account, the sum of £59,648.57 was realised into the liquidation estate in October 2013.

Bank interest

The sum of £190.89 has been earnt on the funds held in the liquidation account with Allied Irish Bank. No further interest is to be received as the account has been transferred to a non-interest-bearing account.

Corporation Tax

The Company received a Corporation Tax refund of £8.52 in March 2018.

Assets still to be realised

There are no further assets to be realised.

3. Creditors

Secured creditors

The Company has no secured creditors.

Unsecured creditors

There were 2 unsecured creditors at the date of Liquidation. The total amount due to unsecured creditors was shown as £21,302.20. This was later agreed at £25,842.81

In accordance with Section 189 of the Insolvency Act 1986, creditors are entitled to receive interest at the official rate on their debts from the date of liquidation until the date they are paid. The official rate of interest is 8%.

A dividend of 100p in the £ was declared on 23 September 2014. The total amount paid to Trade and Expense Creditors was £2,706.00.

A further dividend of 100p in the £ was declared on 12 March 2015. The total amount paid to HM Revenue & Customs in respect of a Corporation Tax claim was £18,629.51.

In addition to the above HM Revenue & Customs evidenced a further claim against the Company in respect of unpaid Corporation Tax. Accordingly, a further 100p in the £ dividend was declared to HM Revenue & Customs on 16 April 2015 for £4,507.30.

4. Tax

Corporation Tax

During the year, the Joint Liquidators arranged for Corporation Tax computations and returns for the period from 21 August 2016 to 20 August 2017 be prepared and filed with HM Revenue and Customs ("HMRC"). There is no liability due to HM Revenue & Customs for the Period.

Please note that my annual report dated 2 October 2017 contained a typographical error. It stated that the sum of £5,311 was paid to HMRC in respect of the preliquidation periods. However, the Corporation Tax liability for the Pre-liquidation period was £53.11.. This amount has been paid to HM Revenue & Customs.

The amount of £19.20 was paid to HMRC in respect of Corporation Tax owed on interest earnt on the funds held in the Liquidation account for the period 21 August 2014 to 20 August 2015.

The Joint Liquidators have requested clearance from HMRC to conclude the liquidation. HMRC have confirmed that they have no objections to the winding up being completed and the Company being dissolved.

Value Added Tax

The Company was de-registered for VAT on 22 August 2013. The Company can recover VAT on the costs of the liquidation. VAT has been paid during the course of the Liquidation and the requisite VAT form has been submitted to HM Revenue & Customs in order to recover the sums into the Liquidation estate.

5. Joint Liquidators' Remuneration and Disbursements

Remuneration

On 21 August 2013 the shareholder passed a resolution that the Joint Liquidators' remuneration be set at a fixed amount of £5,000 plus VAT and disbursements.

However, following further discussions with the Company Shareholder and director, a further fee of £18,075 plus VAT has been agreed in accordance with the terms of the Engagement Letter.

The Joint Liquidators' remuneration has been paid from funds held in the Liquidation.

As per the Receipts & Payments account the sum of £5,000 plus VAT and disbursements has been drawn since appointment. The remaining fee of £18,075 will be paid by the balance held in the Liquidation account together with the VAT refund due.

The Joint Liquidators' time costs for the Final Period from 21 August 2017 to 27 July 2018 are £5,554.74. This represents 20.25 hours at an average rate of £274.31 per hour.

The Joint Liquidators' time costs for the Whole Period from 21 August 2013 to 27 July 2018 are £32,863.25. This represents 129.05 hours at an average rate of £254.66 per hour. It is the Joint Liquidators' policy to delegate the routine administration of the liquidation to less senior staff in order to maximise the cost effectiveness of the work performed. These staff are supervised by senior staff and the Joint Liquidators. Any matter of complexity or significance is dealt with by the senior staff on team and the Joint Liquidators.

Time incurred during the Final Period solely relates to Administration and Planning, this includes time in preparing and issuing the annual report to members and filing with the Registrar of Companies. Further time was spent in cashiering which related to time spend in reviewing the Receipts and Payments Account ahead of closure. The remaining time was spent in reviewing the Corporation Tax Position, and requisite clearances from HMRC.

The majority of time incurred during the Whole Period, relates to Administration and Planning. This time relates to the post appointment formalities, filing relevant notices in the London Gazette, liaising with the Company's bankers in order to recover the cash at bank held by Barclays. Further time relates to correspondence with HMRC in relation to Corporation Tax, VAT and PAYE. It was necessary to instruct accountants to review the Company's tax position accordingly time was spent liaising with them in this regard.

A time analysis which provides details incurred by staff grade during the period in respect of time properly spent by the Joint Liquidators and their staff in managing the Liquidation is Attached at Appendix III.

A schedule detailing activities undertaken together with supporting information in accordance with the Association of Business Recovery Professionals' Statement of Insolvency Practice 9 is attached at Appendix IV together with a copy of 'A Members' Guide to Liquidators' Fees'.

Attached at Appendix V is additional information relating to this firm's policy on staffing, disbursements and details of our current charge out rates by staff grade.

To date remuneration of £23,075 plus VAT and disbursements of £471.43 has been drawn as per the agreement from shareholders.

6. Liquidation Expenses

During the period the Joint Liquidators have paid the expenses detailed in the receipts and payments account at Appendix II.

Where expenses are incurred in respect of the estate they will be recharged in accordance with Statement of Insolvency Practice No. 9. Such expenses can be divided into two categories.

Category 1 Disbursements

Separate charges are made in respect of directly attributable expenses (Category 1 disbursements) such as travelling, postage, photocopying (if external provider), statutory advertising and other expenses made on behalf of the assignment.

Such disbursements can be paid from the Company's assets without approval from the shareholders. It is our policy to disclose Category 1 disbursements drawn but not to seek approval for their payment In line with Statement of Insolvency Practice No. 9. We are prepared to provide such additional information as may reasonably be requested to support the disbursements drawn.

The Joint Liquidators have incurred disbursements of £471.43 during the Liquidation and £471.43 has been drawn in this respect.

Category 2 Disbursements

The shareholders are required to approve Category 2 disbursements before they can be drawn. These disbursements can include costs incurred by Moorfields for the provision of services which include an element of recharged overhead, for example, room hire or document storage. Statement of Insolvency Practice No. 9 recommends that such disbursements are approved as if they were remuneration. Accordingly, at the aforementioned meeting, creditors passed a resolution authorising the Joint Liquidators to recover Category 2 expenses and disbursements. It is our policy, in line with the Statement, to disclose any Category 2 disbursements before they are drawn. No category 2 disbursements have been drawn and any further disbursements incurred will be written off.

7. Professional Advisers

The Joint Liquidators have used the professional advisers listed below:

Nama or Adviser	Brief description of services provided	flasis of fre arcingsment	Costs Incurred to date	Costs paid to date	Amount unpaid £
Daw Law	Appointed Director	Time costs	5,715.12	5,715.12	-
Hillier Hopkins LLP	Accountants	Fixed fee	1,250	1,250	-
Lindford & Company	Accountants	Fixed fee	545	545	-

The Joint Liquidators' choice was based upon their perception of the advisers' experience and ability to perform this type of work, the complexity and nature of the assignment and the basis of the fee arrangement with them. The Joint Liquidators have reviewed the fees charged and are satisfied that they are reasonable in the circumstances of the case

8. Distributions

In this case, no distribution to shareholders has been made.

9. Members and Creditors Rights to Request Further Information

A secured creditor, an unsecured creditor (with the concurrence of at least 5% in value of the unsecured creditors) or a shareholder (having at least 5% of the total voting rights of all members with the right to vote at a general meeting) may request in writing within 21 days of the receipt of this report, that the Joint Liquidators provide further information about their remuneration or expenses which have been itemised in this final report.

Members of the Company with at least 10% of the total voting rights of all members having the right to vote at general meetings of the Company, or any member with permission of the Court, may within 8 weeks of receipt of this progress report make an application to court on the grounds that the basis fixed for the Liquidator's remuneration, the remuneration charged or the expenses incurred by the Liquidator as set out in this progress report are excessive.

I attach a copy of 'A Members' Guide to Liquidators' Fees together with an explanatory note which shows Moorfields fee policy.

10. Date of Final Account

This proposed account will become final on 27 July 2018. On that date I will send to the members a copy of the final account and within 14 days of that date I must deliver a copy to the Registrar of Companies. Once that account is delivered to the Registrar of Companies the joint liquidators will vacate office and be released from office under Section 171 (6)(b) of the Insolvency Act 1986.

If you have any queries regarding this report please do not hesitate to contact call Emma Bidlake-Corser of this office.

Yours faithfully

Nicholas O'Reilly Joint Liquidator

DDI 0207 186 1 66 Fax 0207 186 1 77

Email ebidlakecorser@moorfieldscr.com

APPENDIX I

Green Line Music Limited (In Members Voluntary Liquidation)

Statutory Information

Company Information

Date of Incorporation

6 October 2013

Company Number

07799549

Registered Office

C/o Moorfields Advisory Limited

88 Wood Street

London EC2V 7QF

Previous Registered Office

C/o Lindford & Co

32 Dukes Street

St James London SW1Y 6DF

Appointment Details

Joint Liquidators

Simon Thomas (IP Number 8920 Nicholas O'Reilly (IP Number 8309)

Nicholas O'Reilly replaced Shelley Bullman as Joint Liquidator by Order of the Court on 5 November 2013. Shelley Bullman replaced Robert Pick as Joint Liquidator by Order of the Court

on 5 November 2012.

Joint Liquidators' address

Moorfields Advisory Limited, 88 Wood Street, London

EC2V 7Q

Date of appointment

21 August 2013

Appointed by:

Members

Functions:

Any act required or authorised under any enactment to be done by a Liquidator may be done by either or both of the

Joint Liquidators acting jointly or alone.

EC Regulations:

The Company's registered office is from where the Company carries on its business. Therefore in the absence of proof to the contrary, the Company's centre of main interests is in the United Kingdom and as such these proceedings will be the main proceedings as defined in article 3 of the EC regulation.

Appendix II: Summary of the Joint Liquidators' receipts and payments account

Green Line Music Limited (In Liquidation)

s' Summary of Receipts and Payments

Total (£)	From 21/08/2017 To 27/07/2018 (£)	From 21/08/2013 To 20/08/2017 (£)	Declaration of Solvency (£)	RECEIPTS
59,648.57	0.00	59,648.57	64,383.00	Cash at Bank
8.52	8.52	0.00		CT refund - HMRC
190.89	0.00	190.89		Bank Interest Gross
3,107.70	3,107.70	0.00		Vat Control Account
62,955.68	3,116.22	59,839.46		
				PAYMENTS
23,075.00	18,075.00	5,000.00		Office Holders Fees
471.43	0.00	471.43		Office Holders Expenses
5,690.28	124.16	5,566.12		Legal fees
1,250.00	0.00	1,250.00		Accountancy fees
72.31	0.00	72.31		Corporation Tax
545.00	0.00	545.00		Accounting Fees
0.02	0.02	0.00		Bank Charges
2,706.00	0.00	2,706.00	(2,465.00)	Trade & Expense Creditors
23,136.81	0.00	23,136.81	(17,401.00)	HMRC (Corporation Tax)
2,876.29	0.00	2,876.29		Statutory Interest
3,132.54	24.84	3,107.70		Vat Receivable
62,955.68	18,224.02	44,731.66		
0.00	(15,107.80)	15,107.80		Net Receipts/(Payments)
				MADE UP AS FOLLOWS
0.00	(15,107.80)	15,107.80		Bank 2 Current A/c NIB 160315
0.00	(15,107.80)	15,107.80		

Appendix III: Summary of time costs

Version 15-01-14

Time Entry - Detailed SIP9 Time & Cost Summary

GREE002 - Green Line Music Limited From: 21/08/2017 To: 27/07/2018 All Post Appointment Project Codes

Classification of Work Function	Partner	Manager	Other Senior Professionals	Assistants & Support Staff	Total Hours	Time Cost (£)	Average Hourly
10 - Case Planning	000						Kate (£)
14 · Statutory Document	00.00	0.00	0.55	00'0	0.55	140.05	00 950
a contact y reporting	20.0	00:0	4.70	000	0.5	01:00	233.00
15 Case Monitoring	0.00	2.55	1.75	000	0.4	06.98.7	255.00
17 : General Administration	000	000	2 6	00.0	4.30	1,565.25	364.01
18 : Cashiering	010	38	08.1	000	1.30	331.50	255.00
70 : Post appoint VAT and GT returns		000	2.55	2.60	5.50	1,322.75	240.50
80 : Case closure	0000	200	2.80	00:00	2.80	714.00	255.00
			00.0	00.00	0.50	127.50	255.00
Admin & Planning	0.10	2.80	14.15	2.60	19.65	5,399.75	274.80
50 : Creditor Correspondence	0:00	000	0.30	0.00	030	7.8 50	79 190
Creditore	600					00:07	201.07
	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00	0.30	78.50	261.67
65 : Director's Correspondence	0.00	0.00	0:30	000	030	25	c u t c
incoet automa						00.00	253.00
e longer de la company de la c	מיתמ	0.00	0.30	0.00	0:30	76.50	255.00
Total Hours	0.10	2.80	31.44				
			14.79	2.60	20.25	5,554.75	274.31
Total Fees Claimed						23.075.00	

Time Entry - Detailed SIP9 Time & Cost Summary

GREE002 - Green Line Music Limited From: 21/08/2013 To: 27/07/2018 All Post Appointment Project Codes

Classification of Work Function	Partner	Manager	Other Senior Professionals	Assistants & Support Staff	Total Hours	Time Cost (£)	Average Hourly Rate (£)
	000						
IO CASE TIBILITIES	00.0	3.25	0.55	0.00	3.80	1 452.75	382.30
12 : Appointment Notification	0.30	1.40	5.90		7 60	780.50	90 700
13 Maintenance of Records	0.00	0:00	1.60		160	00.095	00.400
14 : Statutory Reporting	0.20	1.00	16.45		17.65	20000	223.00
15 · Case Monitoring	030	8.75	200	200	SD ~1	4,422.23	250.55
17 General Administration	000	0.00	27.0.	0.00	27.30	08//8/	288.55
19 Completion	200	2.00	0.00	0.00	16.25	3,609.75	222.14
	0.20	0.85	9.20	10.30	20.55	4,452.00	216.64
S Tallier Keylew	0.90	00.0	00:0	0.00	0.90	473.25	525.83
2 : Pre Appointment Work	0.00	1.80	0.20	0.00	2.00	625.00	312.50
54 : Final report	0.00	0.00	2.00	0.00	2.00	510.00	255.00
70 : Post appoint VAT and CT returns	0.00	0.20	15.20	000	15.40	3 504 50	227.55
78 : Shareholder Correspondence	0.40	00.0	0.00	00.0	0.40	27.50	530.00
80 : Case closure	0.00	00.0	3.30	0.00	3.30	808.50	245.00
Admin & Planning	2.30	17.35	88.80	10.30	118.75	30,088.00	253.37
71 - Other Accete		000	c c	,	;		
30 · Freehold / Lessehold Procenty	86	200	1.86	8.6	0.60	120.00	200.00
36 Identifying Securing Institute	2000	000	1.20	0.00	1.20	288.00	240.00
38 : Asset related legal Matters	0000	080	000	00.00	2.25	601.00	267.11
			00:0	00:0	0.30	04.78	325.00
Asset Realisation	0.00	1.20	3.15	0.00	4.35	1,106.50	254.37
55 · Payment of dividends	0.00	0.50	06.0	0.00	1.40	415.00	296 43
50 Creditor Correspondence	0.00	0.00	1.90	0.00	1 90	438 50	230 79
51 : Unsecured creditor claims	0.00	0.75	1.00	0,00	1.75	543.75	310.71
Creditors	0.00	1.25	3.80	0.00	5.05	1,397,25	278.68
65 · Director's Correspondence	0.00	0.40	0.30	0.00	0.70	206.50	295.00
Investigations	0.00	0.40	0.30	0.00	0.70	206.50	295.00
:							
49 : Tax on post appointment trading	0.00	0.20	00.0	0.00	0.20	65.00	325.00
Trading	0.00	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.20	65.00	325.00
Total Hours	2.30	20.40	36.05	10.30	129.05	32,863.25	254.66
Total Fees Claimed						23,075.00	

Appendix IV: Schedule of Activities

Explanation of the time costs to date in relation to activities undertaken during this matter

1 Administration and Planning

The following activities have been undertaken:

- Statutory duties associated with the appointment including the filing of relevant notices and Declaration of Solvency;
- Notification of the appointment to members and creditors, employees and other interested parties;
- Placing notices in the London Gazette;
- Setting up case files;
- Reviewing available information to determine Liquidation strategy;
- Setting up and maintaining bank accounts;
- Implementing strategy for Liquidation.

Staff at different levels were involved in the above activities, depending upon the experience required.

Realisation of assets

Appendix II shows the realisations made during the period of the Liquidation. In this case the assets belonging to the Company were as follows:

- Cash at Bank
- Corporation Tax Refund
- Bank Interest

The time spent includes the following matters:

- Corresponding with accountants, Director and Shareholder
- Corresponding with HMRC in relation to Corporation Tax reunds
- Corresponding with HMRC in relation to VAT refunds
- Corresponding with HMRC for clearance
- Statutory advertising
- Statutory reporting
- General administration

Creditors

The time spent includes the following matters:

- Recording and maintaining the list of creditors;
- Reviewing and agreeing creditor claims;

Distributions

The Joint Liquidators have made distributions which to the members which included the following activities

Paying distributions to creditors.

Appendix V: Moorfields Advisory Limited remuneration and disbursement policy Policy on charging time and expenses in Members Voluntary Liquidations

1.1 Time recording

In accordance with best practice we provide below details of policies of Moorfields, in respect of fees and disbursements for work in relation to solvent estates.

The Partners will engage managers and other staff to work on the solvent estate. The work required is delegated to the most appropriate level of staff taking account of the nature of the work and the individual's experience. Additional assistance is provided by accounting and treasury executives dealing with the company's bank accounts and statutory compliance diaries. Work carried out by all staff is subject to the overall supervision of the Partners.

All time spent by staff working directly on case-related matters is charged to a time code established for the case. Each member of staff has a specific hourly rate, which is subject to change over time. The average hourly rate for each category of staff over the period is shown below, as are the current hourly rates used.

GRADE	£
Partner	545
Director/ Senior Manager	450
Manager	380
Assistant Manager	300
Senior Associate	255
Associate	225
Cashier/ Support	195

The rates charged by Moorfields are reviewed periodically in January & July each year and are adjusted to take account of inflation and the firm's overheads.

Our rates increased on 1 January 2018. The charge out rates per hour for the period from 1 January 2017 to 31 December 2017 were:

GRADE	£
Partner	530

Director/ Senior Manager	450
Manager	355
Assistant Manager	300
Senior Administrator	255
Administrator	225
Cashier/ Support	195

Where remuneration has been approved on a time cost basis the time invoiced will be provided to the shareholders. The report will provide a breakdown of the remuneration drawn and will enable the recipients to see the average rates of such costs. The current hourly rates may be higher than the average rates, if hourly rates have increased over the period covered by the fee request.

The current charge out rates per hour of staff within the firm who may be involved in working on the insolvency follows: this in no way implies that staff at all such grades will work on the case.

The rates charged by Moorfields Advisory Limited, 88 Wood Street, London, EC2V 7QF are reviewed periodically in January & July each year and are adjusted to take account of inflation and the firm's overheads.

Time spent on casework is recorded directly to the relevant case using a computerised time recording system and the nature of the work undertaken is recorded at that time. Units of time can be as small as 6 minutes.

Where an officeholder's remuneration is approved on a time cost basis the time invoiced to the case will be subject to VAT at the prevailing rate.

Approved remuneration will be drawn at such times that sufficient funds are available or as otherwise agreed.

1.2 Disbursement recovery

In accordance with Statement of Insolvency Practice No. 9, where expenses are incurred in respect of the estate they will be recharged. Such expenses can be divided into two categories.

Category 1 Disbursements

Separate charges are made in respect of directly attributable expenses (Category 1 disbursements) such as travelling, postage, photocopying if external provider, statutory advertising and other expenses made on behalf of the assignment.

Such disbursements can be paid from the Company's assets without approval from the shareholders. In line with Statement of Insolvency Practice No. 9, it is our policy to disclose Category 1 disbursements drawn but not to seek approval for their payment. We are prepared to provide such additional information as may reasonably be required to support the disbursements drawn.

Category 2 Disbursements

Category 2 disbursements do require approval from the shareholders. These disbursements can include costs incurred by Moorfields for the provision of services which include an element of recharged overhead, for example, room hire or document storage. Statement of Insolvency Practice No. 9 provides that such disbursements are subject to approval as if they were remuneration. It is our policy, in line with the Statement, to seek approval for Category 2 disbursements before they are drawn.

The following Category 2 disbursements are currently charged by this firm

- Stationery and postage charge for sending out circulars 5 pence per sheet plus postage at cost.
- A set-up charge of £50 per case for online creditor reporting where applicable.
- Mileage allowances are paid at HM Revenue & Customs approved rates. For personnel using their own vehicles, these are currently 45 pence per mile for the first 10,000 miles and 25 pence per mile thereafter.

It should be noted that disbursements costs might increase from time to time, however, increases would only be in line with inflation or increases from our supplier.

A MEMBERS' GUIDE TO LIQUIDATORS' FEES ENGLAND AND WALES

1 Introduction

1.1 When a Company goes into members' voluntary liquidation, the costs of the proceedings are paid out of its assets. A declaration of solvency is sworn by the directors indicating that the creditors will be paid in full with statutory interest from the Company's assets, with the remaining assets being distributed to the members. As a result, it is the members who have a direct interest in the level of costs, and in particular the remuneration of the insolvency practitioner appointed to act as Liquidator. The insolvency legislation recognises this interest by providing a mechanism for members to fix the basis of the Liquidator's fees. This guide is intended to help members be aware of their rights to approve and monitor fees, explains the basis on which fees are fixed and how members can seek information about expenses incurred by the Liquidator and challenge those they consider to be excessive.

2 Liquidation procedure

- 2.1 Liquidation (or 'winding up') is the most common type of corporate insolvency procedure. Liquidation is the formal winding up of a Company's affairs entailing the realisation of its assets and the distribution of the proceeds in a prescribed order of priority.
- 2.2 A solvent voluntary liquidation is called a members' voluntary liquidation (often abbreviated to 'MVL'). In this type of liquidation an insolvency practitioner acts as Liquidator throughout and the members appoint the Liquidator at a general meeting of the Company.
- 2.3 In an MVL all creditors must be paid in full with statutory interest within the period stated in the declaration of solvency otherwise the Liquidator will have to convene a meeting of creditors and convert it to a creditors' voluntary liquidation, i.e. an insolvent liquidation.

3 Fixing the Liquidator's remuneration

- 3.1 The basis for fixing the Liquidator's remuneration is set out in Rule 18.19 of the Insolvency Rules 2016. The Rule states that the remuneration shall be fixed:
 - as a percentage of the value of the assets which are realised or distributed or both;
 - by reference to the time properly given by the Liquidator and his staff in attending to matters arising in the liquidation, or
 - as a set amount.

Any combination of these bases may be used to fix the remuneration, and different bases may be used for different things done by the Liquidator. Where

- the remuneration is fixed as a percentage, different percentages may be used for different things done by the Liquidator.
- 3.2 It is for the members at a general meeting of the Company to determine on which of these bases, or combination of bases, the remuneration is to be fixed. Where it is fixed as a percentage, it is for the members to determine the percentage or percentages to be applied and Rule 18.16 says that in arriving at their decision the members shall have regard to the following matters:
 - the complexity (or otherwise) of the case;
 - any responsibility of an exceptional kind or degree which falls on the Liquidator in connection with the winding up;
 - the effectiveness with which the Liquidator appears to be carrying out, or to have carried out, his duties; and
 - the value and nature of the assets with which the Liquidator has to deal.
- 3.3 A resolution specifying the terms on which the Liquidator is to be remunerated may be taken at the meeting which appoints the Liquidator.
- 3.4 If the remuneration is not fixed as above, it will be fixed by the Court on application by the Liquidator, but the Liquidator may not make such an application unless he has first tried to get his remuneration fixed by the members as described above, and in any case not later than 18 months after his appointment.

4 Fixing the Liquidator's remuneration

4.1 Where there has been a material and substantial change in circumstances since the basis of the Liquidator's remuneration was fixed, the Liquidator may request that it be changed. The request must be made to the same body as initially approved the remuneration, and the same rules apply as to the original approval.

5 What information should be provided by the Liquidator?

5.1 When fixing bases of remuneration

- 5.1.1 When seeking agreement for the basis or bases of remuneration, the Liquidator should provide sufficient supporting information to enable the members to make an informed judgement as to whether the basis sought is appropriate having regard to all the circumstances of the case. The nature and extent of the information provided will depend on the stage during the conduct of the case at which approval is being sought. The appendix to this guide sets out a suggested format for the provision of information.
- 5.1.2 If any part of the remuneration is sought on a time costs basis, the Liquidator should provide details of the minimum time units used and current charge-out

- rates, split by grades of staff, of those people who have been or who are likely to be involved in the time costs aspects of the case.
- 5.1.3 The Liquidator should also provide details and the cost of any work that has been or is intended to be sub-contracted out that could otherwise be carried out by the Liquidator or his staff.
- 5.1.4 If work has already been carried out, the Liquidator should state the proposed charge for the period to date and provide an explanation of what has been achieved in the period and how it was achieved, sufficient to enable the progress of the case to be assessed and whether the proposed charge is reasonable in the circumstances of the case. Where the proposed charge is calculated on a time costs basis, the Liquidator should disclose the time spent and the average charge-out rates, in larger cases split by grades of staff and analysed by appropriate activity. The Liquidator should also provide details and the cost of any work that has been sub-contracted out that could otherwise be carried out by the Liquidator or his or her staff.

5.2 After the bases of remuneration have been fixed

- 5.2.1 The Liquidator is required to send progress reports to members at specified intervals (see paragraph 6.1 below). When reporting periodically to members, in addition to the matters specified in paragraph 6.1, the Liquidator should provide an explanation of what has been achieved in the period under review and how it was achieved, sufficient to enable the progress of the case to be assessed. Members should be able to understand whether the remuneration charged is reasonable in the circumstances of the case (whilst recognising that the Liquidator must fulfil certain statutory obligations and regulatory requirements that might be perceived as bringing no added value for the estate).
- 5.2.2 Where any remuneration is on a time costs basis, the Liquidator should disclose the charge in respect of the period, the time spent and the average charge-out rates, in larger cases split by grades of staff and analysed by appropriate activity. If there have been any changes to the charge-out rates during the period under review, rates should be disclosed by grades of staff, split by the periods applicable. The Liquidator should also provide details and the cost of any work that has been sub-contracted out that could otherwise be carried out by the Liquidator or his staff.

5.3 Disbursements and other expenses

- 5.3.1 Costs met by and reimbursed to the Liquidator in connection with the liquidation should be appropriate and reasonable. Such costs will fall into two categories:
 - Category 1 disbursements: These are costs where there is specific expenditure directly referable both to the liquidation and a payment to an independent third party. These may include, for example, advertising, room hire, storage, postage, telephone charges, travel

expenses, and equivalent costs reimbursed to the Liquidator or his staff.

• Category 2 disbursements: These are costs that are directly referable to the liquidation but not to a payment to an independent third party. They may include shared or allocated costs that can be allocated to the liquidation on a proper and reasonable basis, for example, business mileage. Category 1 disbursements can be drawn without prior approval, although the Liquidator should be prepared to disclose information about them in the same way as any other expenses. Category 2 disbursements may be drawn if they have been approved in the same manner as the Liquidator's remuneration. When seeking approval, the Liquidator should explain, for each category of expense, the basis on which the charge is being made.

5.3.2 The following are not permissible:

- a charge calculated as a percentage of remuneration;
- an administration fee or charge additional to the Liquidator's remuneration:
- recovery of basic overhead costs such as office and equipment rental, depreciation and finance charges.

5.4 Realisations for secured creditors

5.4.1 Where the Liquidator realises an asset on behalf of a secured creditor and receives remuneration out of the proceeds (see paragraph 10.1 below), he should disclose the amount of that remuneration to any meeting of members convened for the purpose of determining his fees, and in any reports he sends to members.

6. Progress reports and requests for further information

- 6.1 The Liquidator is required to send annual progress reports to members. The reports must include:
 - details of the basis fixed for the remuneration of the Liquidator (or if not fixed at the date of the report, the steps taken during the period of the report to fix it);
 - if the basis has been fixed, the remuneration charged during the period of the report, irrespective of whether it was actually paid during that period (except where it is fixed as a set amount, in which case it may be shown as that amount without any apportionment for the period of the report);
 - if the report is the first to be made after the basis has been fixed, the remuneration charged during the periods covered by the previous reports, together with a description of the work done during those

- periods, irrespective of whether payment was actually made during the period of the report;
- a statement of the expenses incurred by the Liquidator during the period of the report, irrespective of whether payment was actually made during that period;
- a statement of the members' rights to request further information, as explained in paragraph 6.2, and their right to challenge the Liquidator's remuneration and expenses.
- 6.2 Within 21 days of receipt of a progress report (or 7 business days where the report has been prepared for the purposes of a meeting to receive the Liquidator's resignation), a member may request the Liquidator to provide further information about the remuneration and expenses set out in the report. A request must be in writing, and may be made by a member or members representing at least 5% in value of the total voting rights of members (including himself), or any member with the permission of the Court.
- 6.3 The Liquidator must provide the requested information within 14 days, unless he considers that:
 - the time and cost involved in preparing the information would be excessive; or
 - disclosure would be prejudicial to the conduct of the liquidation or might be expected to lead to violence against any person; or
 - the Liquidator is subject to an obligation of confidentiality in relation to the information requested, in which case he must give the reasons for not providing the information.
- 6.4 Any member may apply to the Court within 21 days of the Liquidator's refusal to provide the requested information, or the expiry of the 14 days' time limit for the provision of the information.

7. Provision of information – additional requirements

- 7.1 The Liquidator must provide certain information about the time spent on the case, free of charge, upon request by any director or member of the Company. The information which must be provided is
 - the total number of hours spent on the case by the Liquidator or staff assigned to the case;
 - for each grade of staff, the average hourly rate at which they are charged out;
 - the number of hours spent by each grade of staff in the relevant period.
- 7.2 The period for which the information must be provided is the period from appointment to the end of the most recent period of six months reckoned from the date of the Liquidator's appointment, or where he has vacated office, the date that he vacated office.

7.3 The information must be provided within 28 days of receipt of the request by the Liquidator, and requests must be made within two years from vacation of office.

8 What if a member is dissatisfied?

- 8.1 If a member believes that the basis of the Liquidator's remuneration is inappropriate, or the remuneration charged or expenses incurred by the Liquidator are in all the circumstances excessive he may, provided certain conditions are met, apply to the Court.
- 8.2 Application may be made to the Court by any member or members representing at least 10 per cent in value of voting rights (including himself), or by any member with the permission of the Court. Any such application must be made within 8 weeks of the applicant receiving the Liquidator's progress report in which the charging of the remuneration or incurring of the expenses in question is first reported (see paragraph 6.1 above). If the Court does not dismiss the application (which it may if it considers that insufficient cause is shown), the applicant must give the Liquidator a copy of the application and supporting evidence at least 14 days before the hearing.
- 8.3 If the Court considers the application well founded, it may order that the remuneration be reduced, the basis be changed, or the expenses be disallowed or repaid. Unless the Court orders otherwise, the costs of the application must be paid by the applicant and not out of the assets of the Company being wound up.

9. What if the Liquidator is dissatisfied?

- 9.1 If the Liquidator considers that the remuneration fixed by the members is insufficient or that the basis used to fix it is inappropriate, he may apply to the Court for the amount or rate to be increased or the basis changed.
- 9.2 If he decides to apply to the Court he must give at least 14 days' notice to the members, or such one or more of the members as the Court may direct, to appear or be represented at the Court hearing. The Court may order the costs of the application or of any member appearing at the Court hearing to be paid out of the assets.

10. Other matters relating to remuneration

10.1 Where the Liquidator realises assets on behalf of a secured creditor, he is entitled to be remunerated out of the proceeds of sale in accordance with a scale set out in the Rules. Usually, however, the Liquidator will agree the basis of his fee for dealing with charged assets with the secured creditor concerned.

- 10.2 Where two (or more) joint Liquidators are appointed, it is for them to agree between themselves how the remuneration payable should be apportioned. Any dispute between them may be referred to the Court or a meeting of members.
- 10.3 If the appointed Liquidator is a solicitor and employs his own firm to act in the winding up, profit costs may not be paid unless authorised by the members or the Court.
- 10.4 If a new Liquidator is appointed in place of another, any determination or Court order which was in effect immediately before the replacement continues to have effect in relation to the remuneration of the new Liquidator until a further determination by the members, or Court order, is made.
- 10.5 Where the basis of the remuneration is a set amount, and the Liquidator ceases to act before the time has elapsed or the work has been completed for which the amount was set, application may be made for a determination of the amount that should be paid to the outgoing Liquidator. The application must be made to the same body as approved the remuneration, i.e. either to the members or the Court. Where the outgoing Liquidator and the incoming Liquidator are from the same firm, they will usually agree the apportionment between themselves.
- 10.6 There may also be occasions when members will agree to make funds available themselves to pay for the Liquidator to carry out tasks which cannot be paid for out of the assets, either because they are deficient or because it is uncertain whether the work undertaken will result in any benefit to members. Arrangements of this kind are sometimes made to fund litigation. Any arrangements of this nature will be a matter for agreement between the Liquidator and the members concerned and will not be subject to the statutory rules relating to remuneration.

11. Effective date

11.1 This guide applies where a Company goes into liquidation on or after 1 November 2011.

Appendix

Suggested format for the provision of information

Professional guidance issued to insolvency practitioners sets out the following suggested format for the provision of information when seeking approval of remuneration. However, the level of disclosure suggested below may not be appropriate in all cases, and will be subject to considerations of proportionality. In larger or more complex cases the circumstances of each case may dictate the information provided and its format.

Narrative overview of the case

In all cases, reports on remuneration should provide a narrative overview of the case. Matters relevant to an overview are:

- the complexity of the case;
- any exceptional responsibility falling on the Liquidator;
- the Liquidator's effectiveness;
- the value and nature of the property in question.

The information provided will depend upon the basis or bases being sought or reported upon, and the stage at which it is being provided. An overview might include:

- an explanation of the nature, and the Liquidator's own initial assessment, of the assignment;
- initial views on how the assignment was to be handled, including decisions on staffing or subcontracting and the appointment of advisers;
- any significant aspects of the case, particularly those that affect the remuneration and cost expended;
- the reasons for subsequent changes in strategy;
- the steps taken to establish the views of members, particularly in relation to agreeing the strategy for the assignment, budgeting, and fee drawing;
- any existing agreement about remuneration;
- details of how other professionals, including subcontractors, were chosen, how they were contracted to be paid, and what steps have been taken to review their fees;
- in a larger case, particularly if it involved trading, considerations about staffing and managing the assignment and how strategy was set and reviewed;
- details of work undertaken during the period;
- any additional value brought to the estate during the period, for which the Liquidator wishes to claim increased remuneration.

Time cost basis

Where any part of the remuneration is or is proposed to be calculated on a time costs basis, requests for and reports on remuneration should provide:

 An explanation of the Liquidator's time charging policy, clearly stating the units of time that have been used, the grades of staff and rates that have been charged to the assignment, and the policy for recovering the cost of support staff. There is an expectation that time will be recorded in units of not greater than 6 minutes.

- A description of work carried out, which might include:
 - details of work undertaken during the period, related to the table of time spent for the period;
 - an explanation of the grades of staff used to undertake the different tasks carried out and the reasons why it was appropriate for those grades to be used;
 - any comments on any figures in the summary of time spent accompanying the request the Liquidator wishes to make.
- Time spent and charge-out summaries in an appropriate format. It is useful to
 provide time spent and charge-out value information in a tabular form for each
 of the time periods reported upon, with work classified (and sub-divided) in a
 way relevant to the circumstances of the case.

The following areas of activity are suggested as a basis for the analysis of time spent:

- Administration and planning;
- Investigations;
- Realisation of assets;
- Trading;
- Creditors;
- Any other case-specific matters.

The following categories are suggested as a basis for analysis by grade of staff:

- Partner
- Manager
- Other senior professionals
- Assistants and support staff

The level of disclosure suggested above will not be appropriate in all cases, and considerations of proportionality will apply:

- where cumulative time costs are, and are expected to be, less than £10,000 the Liquidator should, as a minimum, state the number of hours and average rate per hour and explain any unusual features of the case;
- where cumulative time costs are, or are expected to be, between £10,000 and £50,000, a time and charge-out summary similar to that shown above will usually provide the appropriate level of detail (subject to the explanation of any unusual features);
- where cumulative time costs exceed, or are expected to exceed, £50,000, further and more detailed analysis or explanation will be warranted.