Registration number: 07720083

Steelwrist UK Limited (formerly Ag-Con (UK) Limited)

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Period from 1 October 2016 to 31 December 2017

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Contents

Company Information	1
Balance Sheet	2
Statement of Changes in Equity	3
Notes to the Financial Statements	4 to 10

Company Information

Directors

P Bulcock

E Hedenryd

S Stockhaus

Company secretary

C Plant

Registered office

Unit A Brailes Road Ind Estate

Brailes Road Shipston-on-Stour CV36 5BE

Auditors

Murphy Salisbury Limited

15 Warwick Road Stratford Upon Avon Warwickshire CV37 6YW

Page 1

(Registration number: 07720083) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	15,834	48,247
Current assets			
Stocks	5	346,529	166,700
Debtors	6	291,791	206,364
Cash at bank and in hand		233,349	28,710
		871,669	401,774
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	7	(747,081)	(387,993)
Net current assets		124,588	13,781
Total assets less current liabilities		140,422	62,028
.Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	7	(4,104)	(27,794)
Provisions for liabilities		(2,692)	(8,684)
Net assets		133,626	25,550
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		2	2
Profit and loss account		133,624	25,548
Total equity		133,626	25,550

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 31 January 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

E Hedenryd

Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Period from 1 October 2016 to 31 December 2017

	Share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
At 1 October 2016	2	25,548	25,550
Profit for the period	-	149,576	149,576
Total comprehensive income	-	149,576	149,576
Dividends	<u> </u>	(41,500)	(41,500)
At 31 December 2017	2	133,624	133,626
	Share capital £	Profit and loss account	Total £
At 1 October 2015	·	account	
At 1 October 2015 Profit for the period	£	account £	£
	£	account £ 11,459	£ 11,461
Profit for the period	£	account £ 11,459 58,089	£ 11,461 58,089

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 October 2016 to 31 December 2017

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England & Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Unit A Brailes Road Ind Estate Brailes Road Shipston-on-Stour CV36 5BE

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 31 January 2018.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006. There were no material departures from that standard. These financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2017 are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102 Section 1A small entities. The date of transition is 1 October 2015. The transition to FRS 102 Section 1A small entities has resulted in no changes in accounting policies to those used previously.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Presentation Currency

The accounts are presented in £ sterling.

Audit report

The Independent Auditor's Report was unqualified. The name of the Senior Statutory Auditor who signed the audit report on 31 January 2018 was Mark Bullock FCA, who signed for and on behalf of Murphy Salisbury Limited.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 October 2016 to 31 December 2017

Foreign currency transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the functional currency rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated into the respective functional currency of the entity at the rates prevailing on the reporting period date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the initial transaction dates.

Non-monetary items measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Plant & machinery Motor vehicles Office equipment

Depreciation method and rate

20% straight line basis 25% straight line basis 20 - 33.3% straight line basis

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 October 2016 to 31 December 2017

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 October 2016 to 31 December 2017

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the period, was 5 (2016 - 4).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 October 2016 to 31 December 2017

4 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Other property, plant and equipment	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 October 2016	9,641	90,710	27,936	128,287
Additions Disposals	1,191	(26,028)	-	1,191
•		(26,028)		(26,028)
At 31 December 2017	10,832	64,682	27,936	103,450
Depreciation				
At 1 October 2016	4,513	56,300	19,227	80,040
Charge for the period Eliminated on disposal	3,172	21,920	5,259	30,351
•		(22,775)		(22,775)
At 31 December 2017	7,685	55,445	24,486	87,616
Carrying amount				
At 31 December 2017	3,147	9,237	3,450	15,834
At 30 September 2016	5,128	34,410	8,709	48,247
5 Stocks				
			2017	2016
			£	£
Other inventories		-	346,529	166,700
6 Debtors				
			2017	2016
			£	£
Trade debtors			280,541	205,864
Prepayments			11,250	-
Other debtors		_	<u> </u>	500
			291,791	206,364

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 October 2016 to 31 December 2017

7 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due with	ın one	vear
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Creditors: amounts failing due within one year			
		2017	2016
	Note	£	£
Due within one year			
Finance lease liabilities		5,472	11,638
Trade creditors		23,007	216,935
Amounts owed to group undertakings	9	493,766	-
Taxation and social security		176,048	94,731
Accruals and deferred income		5,800	946
Corporation tax liability		42,988	18,556
Amounts due to directors			45,187
		747,081	387,993
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
-		2017	2016
	Note	£	£
Due after one year			
Finance lease liabilities		4,104	27,794

8 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingencies

Amounts not provided for in the balance sheet

The total amount of financial commitments as at the balance sheet date is £30,074 (2016 - £11,250).

9 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 102 from disclosing transactions with related parties that are wholly owned by Terratech AB.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 October 2016 to 31 December 2017

10 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent is Steelwrist AB, incorporated in Sweden.

The ultimate parent is Terratech AB, incorporated in Sweden.

The most senior parent entity producing publicly available financial statements is Terratech AB. These financial statements are available upon request from Engelbrektsgatan 7,114 32 Stockholm, Sweden

The ultimate controlling party is Terratech AB.