

Heather Housing Limited Unaudited Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2015



Company No. 07713632

Company information

Company registration number

07713632

Registered office

7th And 8th Floor Quayside Tower Broad Street Birmingham B1 2HF

Director

Ivan Hercus

Bankers

Ben Westran Barclays Bank PLC

Corporate Banking 4th Floor Bridgwater House

Counterslip Finzels Reach Bristol BS1 6BX

Solicitors 1

BPE

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Report of the Directors

The Directors present their report and the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2015.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Company during the year continued to be that of an unregistered social landlord.

Results and dividends

The trading results for the year and the Company's financial position at the end of the year are shown in the attached financial statements. The Company made a loss for the year of £2,817 (2014: £1,073).

The directors have not recommended a dividend for 2015 or 2014.

Director

The Director who served the Company during the year was as follows:

Ivan Hercus

The following director was appointed after the year end:

Ben Westran (appointed 27 October 2016)

Directors' responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Director is responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Small companies provisions

The Report of the Director has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Section 415A of the Companies Act 2006, therefore an Enhanced Business Review is not presented.

Report of the Directors - continued

This report was approved by the Board on 27 October 2016 and is signed on its behalf.

Ben Westran

Director

Principal accounting policies

Statement of compliance

Heather Housing Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in the United Kingdom. Its registered office is 7th And 8th Floor, Quayside Tower, Broad Street, Birmingham, B1 2HF.

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102 as it applies to the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2015.

The Company transitioned from the previously extant UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 January 2014. An explanation of how transition to FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in the Notes to the accounts.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements of Heather Housing Limited have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, including FRS 102, and with the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for any modification to a fair value basis for certain financial instruments specified in the accounting policies below. The financial statements are presented in Sterling (£).

Summary of disclosure exemptions

The Company has taken advantage of the reduced disclosures for subsidiary entities provided for in FRS 102 and has therefore not provided a Statement of Cash Flows or certain disclosures in respect of share based payments. The Company has also taken advantage of the exemption from disclosing key management personnel compensation.

Turnover

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the Company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the company.

Tangible assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Leasehold property improvements

over the period of the lease

Fixtures, fittings and equipment

25% per annum, reducing balance

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Retirement Benefits

Defined contribution pension schemes

The Company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

Taxation

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Principal accounting policies - continued

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only where it is considered more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised in the Balance Sheet when the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The principal financial assets and liabilities of the Company are as follows:

Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including trade and other debtors, amounts owed by Group companies, cash and cash equivalents, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

At the end of each reporting period financial assets measured at amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset is impaired the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party, or (c) despite having retained some significant risks and rewards of ownership, control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

Cash and cash equivalents include cash at bank and in hand and bank deposits available with no notice or less than three months' notice from inception that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank overdrafts are presented as current liabilities to the extent that there is no right of offset with cash balances.

Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors, accrued expenses, and amounts owed to Group companies that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished; that is, when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts presented in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Profit and loss account

	Note	2015 £	2014 £
Turnover	1	81,495	115,533
Cost of sales	_	(64,383)	(83,315)
Gross profit		17,112	32,218
Other operating charges	2 _	(15,982)	(25,782)
Operating profit	3	1,130	6,436
Net interest	4 _	<u> </u>	(144)
Profit on ordinary activities before tax		1,130	6,292
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	(3,947)	(7,365)
Loss for the financial year .	_	(2,817)	(1,073)

All of the activities of the Company are classed as continuing.

Balance sheet

	Note	2015 £	2014 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	6 _	131,936	122,692
Current assets			
Debtors	7	16,179	16,170
Cash at bank and in hand	_	21,052	31,240
		37,231	47,410
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8 _	(5,242)	(7,410)
Net current assets	_	31,989	40,000
. Total assets less current liabilities		163,925	162,692
Creditors due after more than one year	9 _	(168,037)	(163,987)
	=	(4,112)	(1,295)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		-	-
Profit and loss account	_	(4,112)	(1,295)
Shareholder's funds	=	(4,112)	(1,295)

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 December 2015.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006; and
- preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each
 financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395
 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as
 applicable to the company.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Directors and are signed on their behalf on 27 October 2016.



Ben Westran Director

Statement of changes in equity

	Profit and loss account £
At 1 January 2014	(222)
Loss for the year	(1,073)
Total comprehensive income	(1,073)
At 31 December 2014	(1,295)
	Profit and loss account £
At 1 January 2015	(1,295)
Loss for the year	(2,817)
Total comprehensive income	(2,817)
At 31 December 2015	. (4,112)

Notes to the financial statements

1 Turnover

The turnover and profit before tax are attributable to the one principal activity of the Company. All turnover is derived from within the United Kingdom.

2 Other operating charges

Administrative expenses	2015 £ 15,982	2014 £ 25,782
3 Operating profit		
Operating profit is stated after charging:		
	2015 £	2014 £
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	2,456	984
Operating lease rentals: - land and buildings	5,000	6,065
4 Net interest		
	2015 £	2014 £ (144)
Interest payable on bank borrowing \		(144)
5 Taxation on ordinary activities		
	2015 £	2014 £
Analysis of charge in the year Current tax:		
UK Corporation tax based on the results for the year	1,851	1,295
Adjustment in respect of prior periods -	2,096	6,070
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	3,947	7,365

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

5 Taxation on ordinary activities (continued)

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. During the period the average corporation tax rate was 20.25% (2014: 21.5%).

3 · 1		<i>\</i>	2015	2014
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation			£ 1,130	£ 6,292
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate	of tax		229	1,353
Effects of:				,
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes			2,227	(173)
Depreciation for period in excess of capital allowances	S		(605)	212
Tax increase (decrease) arising from group relief				(97)
Adjustment to tax in respect of prior periods			2,096	6,070
Total tax charge for the year			3,947	7,365
6 Tangible fixed assets				
	Freehold property £	Leasehold property improvements £	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	. Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 January 2015	110,000	14,179	-	110,000
Additions	<u> </u>	-	11,700	11,700
At 31 December 2015	110,000	14,179	11,700	121,700
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2015	-	1,487	-	-
Charge for the year	-	1,416	1,040	1,040
At 31 December 2015	•	2,903	1,040	1,040
Carrying amount				
At 31 December 2015	110,000	11,276	10,660	120,660
At 31 December 2014	110,000	12,692	-	110,000
7 Debtors				
			2015	2014
Other debtors			£ 15,686	£ 15,686
Prepayments and accrued income			493	484
			40.470	10 170

16,179

16,170

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

8 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
•	2015 £	2014
Corporation tax	5,242	£ 7,410
9 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
	2015	2014
Amounts owed to group undertakings	168,037	£ 163,987
10 Financial instruments		
The Company has the following financial instruments:		
	2015 £	2014 £
Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost		
Other debtors	15,686	15,686
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost		
Amounts owed to group undertakings	168,037	163,987

The Company uses financial instruments, other than derivatives, comprising borrowings, cash and various items such as trade debtors and trade creditors that arise directly from its operations. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to finance the Company's operations. The Company has no interests in the trade of financial instruments, interest rate swaps or forward interest rate agreements.

The Company charges or pays interest at market rate on intragroup loans classified as financing transactions.

The main risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are liquidity risk and credit risk.

The Company seeks to manage liquidity risk by ensuring sufficient liquidity is available to meet foreseeable needs and to invest cash assets safely and profitably. The Company has no overdraft.

Trade debtors are normally due within 30 to 60 days. All trade debtors are subject to credit risk exposure. However there is no specific concentration of credit risk as the amounts recognised represent a large number of receivables from various customers.

11 Transition to FRS 102

The Company transitioned to FRS 102 as at 1 January 2014. There were no adjustments, other than presentational, required as a result of the transition.