Registration number: 07700587

Immigration Advice Service Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2019

Tree Accountancy Limited
Chartered Certified Accountants
First Floor
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Contents

Company Information	<u>1</u>
Balance Sheet	<u>2</u> to <u>3</u>
Notes to the Financial Statements	<u>4</u> to <u>9</u>

Company Information

Director Mr O Okeregha

Registered office Ashwood House

Ellen Street Oldham OL9 6QR

Accountants Tree Accountancy Limited

Chartered Certified Accountants

First Floor Eastgate Castle Street Castlefield Manchester M3 4LZ

Page 1

(Registration number: 07700587) Balance Sheet as at 31 July 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	771,337	695,212
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>5</u>	131,106	62,903
Debtors	<u>6</u>	1,308,168	1,261,169
Cash at bank and in hand		960,717	1,009,885
		2,399,991	2,333,957
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>7</u>	(1,784,722)	(1,767,522)
Net current assets		615,269	566,435
Total assets less current liabilities		1,386,606	1,261,647
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>7</u>	(454,446)	(527,051)
Provisions for liabilities		(43,328)	(28,524)
Net assets		888,832	706,072
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		888,732	705,972
Total equity	_	888,832	706,072

For the financial year ending 31 July 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

The notes on pages $\frac{4}{2}$ to $\frac{9}{2}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 2

(Registration number: 07700587) Balance Sheet as at 31 July 2019

Approved and authorised by the director on 30 April 2020		
Mr O Okeregha Director		

The notes on pages $\underline{4}$ to $\underline{9}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 3

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Ashwood House Ellen Street Oldham OL9 6QR England

The company's registration number is: 07700587

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2019

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Fixtures and fittings Computer Equipment Office Equipment Leasehold Improvements

Depreciation method and rate

4 years straight line

4 years straight line

4 years straight line

4 years straight line

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Work in progress is calculated based on the unbilled legal aid work at the end of the year and a proportion of related costs incurred.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2019

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Research and development

Expenditure on research and development is written off in the year in which it is incurred.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 94 (2018 - 63).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2019

4 Tangible assets

	Land and buildings £	Long leasehold land and buildings £	Fixtures and fittings	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 August 2018	535,156	-	268,964	804,120
Additions	5,265	23,893	115,331	144,489
At 31 July 2019	540,421	23,893	384,295	948,609
Depreciation				
At 1 August 2018	-	-	108,908	108,908
Charge for the year		1,473	66,891	68,364
At 31 July 2019	<u> </u>	1,473	175,799	177,272
Carrying amount				
At 31 July 2019	540,421	22,420	208,496	771,337
At 31 July 2018	535,156	<u>-</u>	160,056	695,212
5 Stocks			2019 £	2018 £
Work in progress		_	131,106	62,903
6 Debtors				
			2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors			840,096	899,393
Prepayments			150,419	103,794
Other debtors			317,653	257,982
		_	1,308,168	1,261,169

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2019

7 Creditors

Creditors: amounts failing due within one year		2019	2018
	Note	£	£
Due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts	<u>8</u>	74,275	75,097
Trade creditors		192,962	160,323
Taxation and social security		75,255	69,514
Accruals and deferred income		519,721	481,169
Other creditors		922,509	981,419
	_	1,784,722	1,767,522
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
		2019	2018
	Note	£	£
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	8	454,446	527,051
		2019 £	2018 £
Due after more than five years			
After more than five years by instalments		199,965	260,076

Security on the loans is held by a charge on the property and a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company.

8 Loans and borrowings

	2019	2018
	£	£
Non-current loans and borrowings		
Bank borrowings	454,446	527,051

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2019

	2019	2018 £
	£	
Current loans and borrowings		
Bank borrowings	74,275	75,097

Included in the loans and borrowings are the following amounts due after more than five years:

9 Obligations under leases and hire purchase contracts

Operating leases

The total of future minimum lease payments is as follows:

	2019 £	2018 £
Not later than one year	190,884	246,697
Later than one year and not later than five years	173,112	190,884
	363,996	437,581

The amount of non-cancellable operating lease payments recognised as an expense during the year was £246,697 (2018 - £226,637).

10 Related party transactions

Summary of transactions with other related parties

At the year end the company was owed £43,535 (2018 - £39,464) from two companies which have a common director and shareholder.

Page 9

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