UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2021 FOR

CIVIL ENFORCEMENT ASSOCIATION LIMITED

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 30 APRIL 2021

		30.4.21	30.4.20
	Notes	£	£
FIXED ASSETS		_	-
Tangible assets	4	16,503	16,392
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	5	50,632	8,066
Cash at bank		8,795	242,896
		59,427	250,962
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	6	(24,685)	(19,961)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		34,742	231,001
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			
LIABILITIES		<u>51,245</u>	247,393
RESERVES			
Income and expenditure account		51,245	247,393
,		51,245	247,393

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 30 April 2021.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2021 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its surplus or deficit for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 24 January 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

S A Jacobs - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2021

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

CIVIL ENFORCEMENT ASSOCIATION LIMITED is a private company, limited by guarantee, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address are as below:

Registered number: 07605050

Registered office: DPC Accountants

Stone House

55 Stone Road Business Park

Stoke-On-Trent Staffordshire ST4 6SR

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(a) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

(i) Useful economic lives of tangible assets

The annual depreciation charge for tangible assets is sensitive to changes in the estimated useful economic lives and residual values of the assets. The useful economic lives and residual values are re-assessed annually. They are amended when necessary to reflect current estimates, based on technological advancement, future investments, economic utilisation and physical condition of the assets. See the fixed assets note for the carrying amount of the assets and the accounting policy for the useful economic lives for each class of assets.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures, fittings and equipment - 10% reducing balance

Impairment of Fixed Assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 5 (2020 - 5).

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

			Fixtures and fittings £
	COST		
	At 1 May 2020		25,339
	Additions		1,944
	At 30 April 2021		27,283
	DEPRECIATION At 1 May 2000		0.047
	At 1 May 2020		8,947
	Charge for year		1,833
	At 30 April 2021 NET BOOK VALUE		10,780
	At 30 April 2021		_16,503
	At 30 April 2020		16,392
	At 30 April 2020		10,392
5.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		30.4.21	30.4.20
		£	£
	Trade debtors	9,640	2,253
	Other debtors	40,992	<u>5,813</u>
		<u>50,632</u>	<u>8,066</u>
		.	

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2021

6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		30.4.21	30.4.20
		£	£
	Trade creditors	7,490	2,753
	Taxation and social security	-	17,208
	Other creditors	17,195	-
		24,685	19.961

7. **CONTINGENCIES**

The company provides a bond up to £10,000 for each member to cover any claims made against the member. However, if a member is found to be at fault this claim is refundable to the company. Following the year end, up to the date of approval of the accounts, there were no outstanding claims in progress.

8. COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Every member of the company undertakes to contribute such amount as may be required not exceeding £1 to its assets, in the event of it being wound up while he is a member or within one year after he ceases to be a member.

9. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

There were no material events up to the date of approval of the financial statements by the board.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.