Redmira Limited

Annual report and financial statements
for the year ended 30 June 2017

Registered number: 07587765

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Redmira Limited Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017

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Directors and advisers

Directors

M J Riding P Marsden

Company Secretary

G A Cope

Bankers

Barclays Bank PLC Level 27 1 Churchill Place Canary Wharf London E14 5HP

Independent auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors 101 Barbirolli Square Lower Mosley Street Manchester M2 3PW

Registered office

Redrow House St David's Park Ewloe Flintshire CH5 3RX

Registered number 07587765

Strategic report for the year ended 30 June 2017

The directors present their Strategic report for the Company for the year ended 30 June 2017.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is property development.

Business review

The company made a profit of £nil in the year (2016: £299,265). There is an enhanced business review of the Group as a whole in the Strategic report of the Annual Report of Redrow plc pages 1 to 57.

Financial risk management

Financial risk management of the business is in line with Redrow Group policy. Further information on this can be found in the Strategic report as published in the Annual Report of Redrow plc on pages 52 to 57.

The principal risk is the nature of the conditions within the UK land and housing market. This risk is partially mitigated by having a range of excellent products and by monitoring the lead indicators of the land and housing markets.

Key performance indicators

The key performance indicators of Redrow plc, which includes the company, are discussed on pages 4 to 5 of the Group's Annual Report which does not form part of this report.

By order of the board

GA Cope Company Secretary Redmira Limited 6 November 2017

Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2017

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 June 2017.

Future developments

Whilst the underlying housing market remains influenced by the availability of mortgage finance and consumer confidence generally, the directors consider the progress of the business during the year, the state of affairs at the end of the year, and the future prospects of the company, to be satisfactory.

Results and dividends

The company had turnover of £nil (2016: £1,460,000) and made a profit of £nil (2016: £299,265) in the year. The company did not declare or pay a dividend in the year ended 30 June 2017. A dividend of £8,000,000 due to PB0311 Limited in respect of the year ended 30 June 2016 was declared on 20 June 2016 and paid on 21 June 2016.

Financial risk management

Financial risk management is described in the Strategic report on page 2.

Directors

The directors of the company who held office during the year and up to the date of the signing of the financial statements are given below:

M J Riding P Marsden

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement of provision of information to auditors

So far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware. Each director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2017 (continued)

Independent auditors

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office. A resolution concerning their reappointment will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

By order of the board

G A Cope

Company Secretary Redmira Limited

Registered number: 07587765

6 November 2017

Independent auditors' report to the members of Redmira Limited

Report on the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion, Redmira Limited's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2017 and of its result for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual report and financial statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the balance sheet, the profit and loss account, the statement of changes in equity; the accounting policies; and the notes to the financial statements.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which ISAs (UK) require us to report to you when:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
 cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
 accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
 authorised for issue.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Strategic Report and Directors' Report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on the responsibilities described above and our work undertaken in the course of the audit, ISAs (UK) require us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

Independent auditors' report to the members of Redmira Limited (continued)

Reporting on other information (continued)

Strategic Report and Directors' Report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2017 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of directors' responsibilities set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Arif Ahmad (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors Manchester 6 November 2017

Profit and loss account for the year ended 30 June 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Turnover	5	-	1,460,000
Cost of sales		-	(1,079,892)
Gross result/profit		-	380,108
Administrative expenses		-	
Operating result/profit	9	-	380,108
Net interest payable		-	
Result/profit on ordinary activities before taxat	ion	-	380,108
Tax on result/profit on ordinary activities	10	-	(80,843)
Result/profit for the financial year			299,265

The notes on pages 10 to 14 form an integral part of these financial statements.

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

The company has no other comprehensive income/expense other than those included in the results above, and therefore no separate statement of comprehensive income has been presented.

There is no material difference between the result/profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the result/profit for the financial years stated above and their historical cost equivalents.

Balance sheet as at 30 June 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Current assets	,		
Debtors	11	407,112	407,112
Cash at bank and in hand		68,175	68,175
		475,287	475,287
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	(76,022)	(76,022)
Net current assets		399,265	399,265
Total assets less current liabilities		399,265	399,265
Net assets		399,265	399,265
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	14	100,000	100,000
Retained earnings		299,265	299,265
Total equity		399,265	399,265

The notes on pages 10 to 14 form an integral part of these financial statements.

The financial statements on pages 7 to 14 were approved by the board of directors on 6 November 2017 and were signed on its behalf by:

M J Riding **Director**

Registered number 07587765

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2017

•	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total equity
Balance as at 1 July 2015	100,000	8,000,000	8,100,000
Profit for the financial year and total comprehensive income	-	299,265	299,265
Dividend paid to PB0311 Limited	-	(8,000,000)	(8,000,000)
Balance as at 30 June 2016	100,000	299,265	399,265
Balance as at 30 June 2017	100,000	299,265	399,265

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017

1 General information

The principal activity of Redmira Limited ('the company') is property development, all within the UK.

The company is a public limited company and is incorporated and domiciled in the UK. The registered address of the company is Redrow House, St David's Park, Ewloe, Flintshire, CH5 3RX.

2 Statement of compliance

The individual financial statements of Redmira Limited have been prepared in compliance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006.

3 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on a going concern basis.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. There are no areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements.

Exemptions for qualifying entities under FRS 102

The company has taken advantage of the exemption, under FRS 102 paragraph 1.12(b), from preparing a statement of cash flows, on the basis that it is a qualifying entity and its ultimate parent company, Redrow plc, includes the company's cash flows in its own consolidated financial statements.

Turnover and profit recognition

Turnover represents the fair value received and receivable in respect of the sale of development land net of value added tax and discounts. This is recognised on legal completion.

Profit is recognised on legal completion.

Inventories and work in progress

Inventories and work in progress are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes the acquisition cost and other fees directly attributable to the development of the site. Net realisable value is based on the estimated selling price less further costs expected to be incurred to completion and disposal. Acquisitions of sites are recognised upon exchange of contracts when a binding undertaking is entered into. The balance of exchange monies payable are shown as a land creditor until legal completion and the balance of monies are then paid.

Taxation

Taxation expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

i. Current taxation

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the year or prior years. Tax is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017 (continued)

3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Taxation (continued)

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

ii. Deferred taxation

Deferred tax arises from timing differences that are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements. These timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements.

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences at the reporting date except for certain exceptions. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are only recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Related party transactions

The company discloses transactions with related parties which are not wholly owned with the same group. It does not disclose transactions with its' parent or with members of the same group that are wholly owned.

Financial instruments

The company has chosen to adopt the Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments.

i. Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including trade and other receivables, cash and bank balances and investments in commercial paper, are initially recognised at transaction price. Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

ii. Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price. Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017 (continued)

4 Critical accounting judgements and estimation uncertainty

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

i. Recoverability of debtors

Debtors are recorded at amortised cost. A full review of their recoverability was undertaken at 30 June 2017. Reasonably foreseeable changes in the assumptions used would not have a significant impact on the net realisable value.

5 Turnover

All turnover is generated from one line of business and one geographical area, the UK.

6 Directors' emoluments

No director received any remuneration in 2017 or 2016 in respect of their services to this company.

7 Employee information

The company did not have any employees in 2017 or 2016.

8 Dividends

The company did not declare or pay a dividend during the year ended 30 June 2017. A dividend of £8,000,000 due to PB0311 Limited in respect of the year ended 30 June 2016 was declared on 20 June 2016 and paid on 21 June 2016, being £80 per £1 ordinary share.

9 Operating result/profit

Audit fees in 2017 and 2016 of £1,000 were borne by Harrow Estates plc.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017 (continued)

10 Tax on result/profit on ordinary activities

a) Analysis of charge in the year	2017 £	2016 £
Current taxation:		
United Kingdom corporation tax on profit/result for the year	-	76,022
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	-	4,821
Total current tax	-	80,843
b) Factors affecting the tax charge for the year		
The tax assessed for the year is in line with (2016: higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.75% (20%). The differences are explained below:		
Reconciliation of taxation charge		
Result/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	-	380,108
Result/profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard UK rate of 19.75% (2016: 20%)	-	76,022
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	-	4,821
Total tax charge for the year	-	80,843

A corporation tax rate of 20% from 1 April 2016 was substantively enacted on 2 July 2013. Changes to reduce the corporation tax rate to 19% from 1 April 2017 and to 18% from 1 April 2020 were substantively enacted on 26 October 2015. A further change to reduce the rate to 17% from 1 April 2020 was substantively enacted on 6 September 2016.

11 Debtors

Debtors: amounts falling due within one year

	2017 £	2016 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings	407,112	407,112
	407,112	407,112

Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017 (continued)

12 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2017 £	2016 £
Current corporation tax	76,022	76,022
	76,022	76,022

13 Financial instruments

The company has the following financial instruments:

Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost	2017 £	2016 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings	407,112	407,112

14 Called up share capital

	2017 £	2016 £
Allotted and fully paid		
100,000 (2016: 100,000) ordinary shares of £1 each	100,000	100,000

Ordinary share capital consists of 50,000 A Ordinary shares (par value £1 each) and 50,000 B Ordinary shares (par value £1 each), all of which are called up, allotted and fully paid. The rights of each type of shareholder are pari passu.

15 Ultimate holding parent company and controlling party

The immediate parent undertaking is PB0311 Limited. The intermediate parent company is Harrow Estates plc.

The company's ultimate parent company and controlling party is Redrow plc, which is the parent undertaking of Harrow Estates plc and the smallest and largest group to consolidate these financial statements. Copies of the Redrow plc financial statements may be obtained from the Company Secretary, Redrow plc, Redrow House, St David's Park, Flintshire, CH5 3RX.