Company Registration No. 07556814 (England and Wales)
DRUMMOND HEATING LIMITED  UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

## CONTENTS

	Page
ance sheet	1 - 2
tes to the financial statements	3 - 7

# BALANCE SHEET

#### **AS AT 31 MARCH 2021**

		2021		2020	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		164,103		103,307
Current assets					
Debtors	5	276,550		159,047	
Cash at bank and in hand		204,905		120,107	
		481,455		279,154	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one					
year	6	(235,099)		(145,290)	
Net current assets			246,356		133,864
Total assets less current liabilities			410,459		237,171
Creditors: amounts falling due after more					
than one year	7		(151,260)		(82,151)
Net assets			259,199		155,020
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss reserves			259,099		154,920
Total equity			259,199		155,020

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

# **BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)**

**AS AT 31 MARCH 2021** 

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 23 March 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

Miss H Drummond **Director** 

Company Registration No. 07556814

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Drummond Heating Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Windle Works, Southampton Road, Cadnam, Southampton, SO40 2NF.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest  $\pounds$ .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

#### 1.3 Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of unincorporated businesses over the fair value of net assets acquired. It is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is considered to have a finite useful life and is amortised on a systematic basis over its expected life, which is 5 years.

#### 1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold land and buildings 20% straight line

Plant and equipment 10%-33% reducing balance Motor vehicles 25% reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.5 Financial instruments

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognised in profit or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

#### 1.6 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

#### 1.7 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

#### 1.8 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.9 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets at the lower of the assets fair value at the date of inception and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The related liability is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to profit or loss so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

#### 1.10 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

#### 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

		2021 Number	2020 Number
	Total	12	11
3	Intangible fixed assets		
	•		Goodwill
			£
	Cost		
	At 1 April 2020 and 31 March 2021		20,000
	Amortisation and impairment		
	At 1 April 2020 and 31 March 2021		20,000
	Committee or contains		
	Carrying amount		
	At 31 March 2021		
	At 31 March 2020		

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

4	Tangible fixed assets				
		Freehold land and buildings	Plant and I equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Cost				
	At 1 April 2020	10,690	9,467	139,294	159,451
	Additions		6,311	87,714	94,025
	At 31 March 2021	10,690	15,778	227,008	253,476
	Depreciation and impairment				
	At 1 April 2020	10,690	2,658	42,796	56,144
	Depreciation charged in the year	-	2,235	30,994	33,229
	At 31 March 2021	10,690	4,893	73,790	89,373
	Carrying amount				
	At 31 March 2021	-	10,885	153,218	164,103
	At 31 March 2020	-	6,809	96,498	103,307
5	Debtors			0004	0000
	Amounts falling due within one year:			2021 £	2020 £
	Trade debtors			203,593	100,090
	Other debtors			70,616	58,957
	Prepayments and accrued income			2,341	-
				276,550	159,047
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			2021	2020
				£	2020 £
	Obligations under finance leases			32,355	18,386
	Trade creditors			88,716	53,076
	Corporation tax			25,143	15,039
	Other taxation and social security			40,682	22,525
	Other creditors			34,416	28,393
	Accruals and deferred income			13,787	7,871
				235,099	145,290

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

7	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
	· ·		2021	2020
		Notes	£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts		50,000	-
	Obligations under finance leases		101,260	82,151
			151,260	82,151

## 8 Directors' transactions

Description	% Rate	Opening balance	Amounts advanced	InteresAmounts repaidClosing balance charged		ing balance
		£	£	£	£	£
Directors Loan 1	2.25	27,988	34,065	813	(43,000)	19,866
Directors Loan 2	2.25	30,849	49,800	1,101	(31,000)	50,750
		58,837	83,865	1,914	(74,000)	70,616

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.