

**A & J MOORE (METAL RECYCLING) LTD  
UNAUDITED ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023**

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**A & J Moore (Metal Recycling) Ltd**  
**Unaudited Financial Statements**  
**For The Year Ended 31 March 2023**

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**A & J Moore (Metal Recycling) Ltd**  
**Abridged Statement of Financial Position**  
**As At 31 March 2023**

Registered number: 07555783

		<b>2023</b>		<b>2022</b>	
	<b>Notes</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>FIXED ASSETS</b>					
Tangible Assets	<b>4</b>		16,588		22,176
			<u>16,588</u>		<u>22,176</u>
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>					
Stocks		46,958		33,503	
Debtors		1,574		13,091	
Cash at bank and in hand		92,636		158,451	
		<u>141,168</u>		<u>205,045</u>	
<b>Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year</b>		(56,625 )		(94,414 )	
			<u>84,543</u>		<u>110,631</u>
<b>NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)</b>					
			<u>101,131</u>		<u>132,807</u>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>					
<b>Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year</b>			(8,070 )		(13,123 )
			<u></u>		<u></u>
<b>PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES</b>					
Deferred Taxation			(3,152 )		(4,213 )
			<u></u>		<u></u>
<b>NET ASSETS</b>			<u>89,909</u>		<u>115,471</u>
<b>CAPITAL AND RESERVES</b>					
Called up share capital	<b>6</b>		100		100
Income Statement			89,809		115,371
			<u></u>		<u></u>
<b>SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS</b>			<u>89,909</u>		<u>115,471</u>

**A & J Moore (Metal Recycling) Ltd**  
**Abridged Statement of Financial Position (continued)**  
**As At 31 March 2023**

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For the year ending 31 March 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Income Statement.

All of the company's members have consented to the preparation of an Abridged Income Statement and an Abridged Statement of Financial Position for the year end 31 March 2023 in accordance with section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

On behalf of the board

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Mr Alexander Moore

Director

05/11/2023

The notes on pages 3 to 4 form part of these financial statements.

**A & J Moore (Metal Recycling) Ltd**  
**Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements**  
**For The Year Ended 31 March 2023**

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**1. General Information**

A & J Moore (Metal Recycling) Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in Northern Ireland, registered number 07555783. The registered office is Stockport Works Stockport Road, Amesbury, Salisbury, SP4 7LN.

**2. Accounting Policies**

**2.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

**2.2. Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

**Sale of goods**

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

**2.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation**

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Leasehold	12 years straight line
Plant & Machinery	25% Reducing balance
Motor Vehicles	25% Reducing balance
Fixtures & Fittings	25% Reducing balance

**2.4. Leases**

Assets obtained under finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in the creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the income statement so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to income statement as incurred.

**2.5. Stocks and Work in Progress**

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

**2.6. Taxation**

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

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**A & J Moore (Metal Recycling) Ltd**  
**Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements (continued)**  
**For The Year Ended 31 March 2023**

**2.6. Taxation - continued**

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

**3. Average Number of Employees**

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was: 3 (2022: 3)

**4. Tangible Assets**

	<b>Total £</b>
<b>Cost</b>	
As at 1 April 2022	75,838
Disposals	(1,263 )
As at 31 March 2023	<u>74,575</u>
<b>Depreciation</b>	
As at 1 April 2022	53,662
Provided during the period	5,173
Disposals	(1,148 )
As at 31 March 2023	<u>57,987</u>
<b>Net Book Value</b>	
As at 31 March 2023	<u>16,588</u>
As at 1 April 2022	<u>22,176</u>

**5. Obligations Under Finance Leases**

	<b>2023 £</b>	<b>2022 £</b>
The future minimum finance lease payments are as follows:		
Not later than one year	5,054	4,793
Later than one year and not later than five years	8,070	13,123
	<u>13,124</u>	<u>17,916</u>
	<u>13,124</u>	<u>17,916</u>

**6. Share Capital**

	<b>2023 £</b>	<b>2022 £</b>
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

**7. Directors Advances, Credits and Guarantees**

Included within debtors as at 31 March 2023 is an overdrawn directors loan account in the amount of £nil (2022: £2,677.80) owed by Mr A Moore (director).

The above loan was unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.