Registered number 07496019

Wei Tang Limited

Filleted Accounts

31 January 2020

Wei Tang Limited

Registered number: 07496019

Balance Sheet

as at 31 January 2020

	Notes		2020		2019
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		1,144		1,318
Current assets					
Debtors	4	26,876		30,667	
Cash at bank and in hand		21,668		15,963	
	_	48,544		46,630	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	5	(28,679)		(29,608)	
Net current assets	_		19,865		17,022
Total assets less current		_		_	
liabilities			21,009		18,340
Provisions for liabilities			(122)		(122)
Provisions for habilities			(123)		(123)
Net assets		_	20,886	_	18,217
		_		_	
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1		1
Profit and loss account			20,885		18,216
Shareholder's funds		_	20,886	_	18,217
				_	

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Director

Approved by the board on 9 November 2020

Wei Tang Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 January 2020

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery

over 5 years

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that

are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees	2020	2019
		Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	1	1
3	Tangible fixed assets		
			Plant and machinery etc
			£
	Cost		
	At 1 February 2019		4,009
	Additions		207
	At 31 January 2020		4,216
	Depreciation		
	At 1 February 2019		2,691
	Charge for the year		381
	At 31 January 2020		3,072
	Net book value		
	At 31 January 2020		1,144
	At 31 January 2019		1,318
		2005	2017
4	Debtors	2020	2019
		£	£
	Trade debtors	26,761	26,943

	Other debtors			115	3,724
				26,876	30,667
5	Creditors: amounts falling due w	2020	2019		
				£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts			-	1,653
	Trade creditors			11,648	12,160
	Taxation and social security costs			15,886	15,764
	Other creditors			1,145	31
				28,679	29,608
6	Loans from directors				
	Description and conditions	B/fwd	Introduced	Withdrawn	C/fwd
		£	£	£	£
	W. Tang				
	Amount due to the director at				
	the balance sheet date	31	1,114	-	1,145

31

1,114

7 Related party transactions

Dividends amounting to £21,000 were paid to the director.

8 Controlling party

The company is controlled by the director Ms. W. Tang who is the sole shareholder.

9 Other information

Wei Tang Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

2 Accommodation Road

London

NW11 8ED

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1,145