RECYCLING PLANT AND MACHINERY LTD

Registered number: 07467439

Balance Sheet

as at 31 December 2020

Notes		2020		2019
		£		£
3		553.555		625,845
		,		,-
	522,624		442,366	
4	591,708		486,073	
	478,984		298,393	
	1,593,316		1,226,832	
5	(535,221)		(442,979)	
		1,058,095		783,853
	-		-	
		1,611,650		1,409,698
r 6		(477 244)		(361,330)
. 0		(171,211)		(001,000)
		(24,625)		(39,838)
	-	1 109 781	-	1,008,530
	-	.,,.	-	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
		2		2
		1,109,779		1,008,528
	-	1 100 791	-	1,008,530
	-	1,103,701	-	1,000,000
	3	3 522,624 4 591,708 478,984 1,593,316 5 (535,221)	£ 3 553,555 522,624 4 591,708 478,984 1,593,316 5 (535,221) 1,058,095 1,611,650 r 6 (477,244) (24,625) 1,109,781	£ 3 553,555 4 522,624 442,366 4 591,708 486,073 478,984 298,393 1,593,316 1,226,832 5 (535,221) (442,979) 1,058,095 1,611,650 7 6 (477,244) (24,625) 1,109,781

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

PJ Caldwell

Director

Approved by the board on 29 June 2021

RECYCLING PLANT AND MACHINERY LTD

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 December 2020

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings over 50 years
Leasehold land and buildings over 4 years
Plant and machinery over 5 years
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment over 5 years

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2	Employees	2020	2019
		Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	3	3

3 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and		
Land and	machinery	Motor	
buildings	etc	vehicles	Total
£	£	£	£

	At 1 January 2020	321,713	321,670	163,381	806,764
	Additions	32,759	<u> </u>		32,759
	At 31 December 2020	354,472	321,670	163,381	839,523
	Depreciation				
	At 1 January 2020	53,526	62,288	65,105	180,919
	Charge for the year	16,101	48,124	40,824	105,049
	At 31 December 2020	69,627	110,412	105,929	285,968
	At 31 December 2020		110,412	105,929	200,900
	Net book value				
	At 31 December 2020	284,845	211,258	57,452	553,555
	At 31 December 2019	268,187	259,382	98,276	625,845
	ALOT BECOMBOL 2010		200,002	- 30,270	020,040
4	Dobtero			2020	2010
4	Debtors			2020	2019
				£	£
	Trade debtors			544,757	456,203
	Other debtors			46,951	29,870
			-	591,708	486,073
			•	-	100,010
5	Creditors: amounts falling due	e within one year		2020	2019
5	Creditors: amounts falling due	e within one year		2020 £	2019 £
5	_	e within one year		£	£
5	Bank loans and overdrafts	·		£ 28,141	£ 9,492
5	Bank loans and overdrafts Obligations under finance lease	·		£ 28,141 74,919	£ 9,492 85,277
5	Bank loans and overdrafts Obligations under finance lease Trade creditors	and hire purchase		£ 28,141 74,919 382,391	9,492 85,277 283,840
5	Bank loans and overdrafts Obligations under finance lease Trade creditors Taxation and social security cos	and hire purchase		£ 28,141 74,919 382,391 44,928	9,492 85,277 283,840 54,905
5	Bank loans and overdrafts Obligations under finance lease Trade creditors	and hire purchase		28,141 74,919 382,391 44,928 4,842	9,492 85,277 283,840 54,905 9,465
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	Bank loans and overdrafts Obligations under finance lease Trade creditors Taxation and social security cos Other creditors	and hire purchase		28,141 74,919 382,391 44,928 4,842 535,221	9,492 85,277 283,840 54,905 9,465 442,979
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	Bank loans and overdrafts Obligations under finance lease Trade creditors Taxation and social security cos Other creditors Creditors: amounts falling due	and hire purchase ts e after one year	e contracts	£ 28,141 74,919 382,391 44,928 4,842 535,221 2020 £	9,492 85,277 283,840 54,905 9,465 442,979 2019 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts Obligations under finance lease Trade creditors Taxation and social security cos Other creditors Creditors: amounts falling due Bank loans	and hire purchase ts e after one year	e contracts	£ 28,141 74,919 382,391 44,928 4,842 535,221 2020 £ 341,256	9,492 85,277 283,840 54,905 9,465 442,979 2019 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts Obligations under finance lease Trade creditors Taxation and social security cos Other creditors Creditors: amounts falling due Bank loans	and hire purchase ts e after one year	e contracts	£ 28,141 74,919 382,391 44,928 4,842 535,221 2020 £ 341,256 135,988	9,492 85,277 283,840 54,905 9,465 442,979 2019 £ 169,912 191,418
6	Bank loans and overdrafts Obligations under finance lease Trade creditors Taxation and social security cos Other creditors Creditors: amounts falling due Bank loans Obligations under finance lease	and hire purchase ts e after one year	e contracts	£ 28,141 74,919 382,391 44,928 4,842 535,221 2020 £ 341,256 135,988 477,244	9,492 85,277 283,840 54,905 9,465 442,979 2019 £ 169,912 191,418 361,330
	Bank loans and overdrafts Obligations under finance lease Trade creditors Taxation and social security cos Other creditors Creditors: amounts falling due Bank loans	and hire purchase ts e after one year	e contracts	28,141 74,919 382,391 44,928 4,842 535,221 2020 £ 341,256 135,988 477,244	9,492 85,277 283,840 54,905 9,465 442,979 2019 £ 169,912 191,418 361,330
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Secured bank loans 169,397 179,404

The loans are secured on freehold property.

8 Related party transactions

The company trades with companies controlled by Mr Gavin Griffiths, Director. All transactions are at arms length.

9 Controlling party

The company is controlled by its directors.

10 Other information

RECYCLING PLANT AND MACHINERY LTD is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England and Wales. Its registered office is:

Beechwood House, Bryntywod

Llangyfelach

Swansea

SA5 7LP

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.