Registration number: 07444210

ABC Surgical Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

Contents

Company Information	<u>1</u>
Balance Sheet	<u>2</u>
Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements	<u>3</u> to <u>7</u>

Company Information

Director Dr. Sarah Theresa O'Dwyer

Registered office Progress House

396 Wilmslow Road

Withington Manchester M20 3BN

Accountants The Moffatts Partnership LLP

Progress House 396 Wilmslow Road

Withington Manchester M20 3BN

(Registration number: 07444210)
Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2020

	Note	2020 £	20 19 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	523	697
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>5</u>	12,563	20,030
Cash at bank and in hand		940,584	801,824
		953,147	821,854
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>6</u>	(142,157)	(121,138)
Net current assets		810,990	700,716
Total assets less current liabilities		811,513	701,413
Provisions for liabilities		(99)	(132)
Net assets	:	811,414	701,281
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>7</u>	100	100
Profit and loss account	_	811,314	701,181
Shareholders' funds	:	811,414	701,281

For the financial year ending 31 March 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

Director

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 11 December 2020			
Dr. Sarah Theresa O'Dwyer			

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England & Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Progress House 396 Wilmslow Road Withington Manchester M20 3BN United Kingdom

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 11 December 2020.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Going concern

The directors have considered the potential implications of the Coronavirus pandemic. Whilst the eventual financial impact of the pandemic on the company remains uncertain the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis on preparing its financial statements.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts. The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

Government grants

Government grants are recognised under the accrual model. Income is recognised in the same period that the related expenditure the grant is intended to compensate is incurred.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class Depreciation method and rate
Office Equipment 25% Reducing Balance Basis

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 1 (2019 - 1).

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

4 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment	Total
	£	£
Cost or valuation		
At 1 April 2019	2,866	2,866
At 31 March 2020	2,866	2,866
Depreciation		
At 1 April 2019	2,169	2,169
Charge for the year	174	174
At 31 March 2020	2,343	2,343
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2020	523	523
At 31 March 2019	697	697
5 Debtors		
	2020	2019
	£	£
Trade debtors	12,563	20,030
	12,563	20,030
6 Creditors		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2020 £	2019 £
Downstakts and a second		
Due within one year Taxation and social security	<i>26 6</i> 57	10.000
Accruals and deferred income	26,657 2,520	10,099
Other creditors	2,520 112,980	2,520 108,519
	142,157	121,138

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

7 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2020		20	2019	
	No.	£	No.	£	
Ordinary Shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100	

8 Non adjusting events after the financial period

The Coronavirus pandemic developed in early 2020. At the date of approval of the accounts it has not been possible to quantify or ascertain the financial impact of the pandemic on the company. No adjustments have been made to any figures in the accounts as a result of the pandemic.

Withington

Minimed accordance with the Magasmar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.