Oasis and Warehouse Limited

Annual Report and Consolidated Financial Statements

For the period 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018

Company Registered Number: 7410874 (England and Wales)



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Oasis and Warehouse Limited Company information

Directors

Elizabeth Evans

Sanam Soufipour

Secretary

Heatons Secretaries Limited

Company number

7410874

Registered office

The Triangle

Stanton Harcourt Industrial Estate

Stanton Harcourt

Witney

Oxfordshire OX29 5UT

Auditor

KPMG LLP

Arlington Business Park Theale, Reading, RG7 4SD

Banker

Barclays Bank plc 1 Churchill Place London E14 5HP

Solicitors

Field Fisher Waterhouse LLP 5th Floor, Free Trade Exchange

37 Peter Street Manchester M2 5GB

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Oasis and Warehouse Limited Strategic Report

For the period 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018

Strategy and Objectives

Oasis and Warehouse Limited is an intermediate holding company within the Oasis and Warehouse Group of companies ("the Group").

The principal activities of the Oasis and Warehouse Group are the design, production and retailing of exclusive women's clothing and fashion accessories under the 'Oasis' and 'Warehouse' brand names. The brands are distributed through their own retail stores, own digital channels www.oasis-stores.com and www.warehouse.co.uk, concessions and wholesale in the United Kingdom and Europe. The brands also have franchise partnerships in Europe, the Middle East, Asia and South America.

The objective of the Oasis and Warehouse Group is to to grow sales profitability and to optimise returns for its shareholders. This objective will be delivered through building on the strong Oasis brand identity to launch new categories and product extensions, growth in digital, transformation of its property portfolio and growth through wholesale and international channels. Warehouse will continue to invest in the brand's product, innovation, store environment and an omni-channel strategy.

Business Model

Oasis has continued to focus on investment and growth in digital, transformation of its store portfolio, international growth and product extensions.

The brand opened one new standalone store in Oxford, as well as refurbishing Dudley Merryhill. It also closed 5 stores. After the local store trial in Farnham the brand has now committed to a further five stores in the local format.

Internationally Oasis opened in 5 new territories, Australia, Colombia, Estonia, Finland and Latvia as well as opening 6 owned concessions in Germany through the Karstadt department store.

During the period Oasis launched an increased size range as well as a bridesmaids collection. The brand also launched a homeware collection through a licensing agreement.

For Warehouse, the turnaround strategy started to gather momentum from Autumn Winter 2017. The brand made significant inroads in delivering its turnaround strategy of creating beautifully designed product for the urban woman with a strong brand DNA at an accessible price. Digitally the brand also grew making progress in being an innovator in the digital space.

During the period Warehouse opened three new concessions and closed fourteen unprofitable standalone stores.

KPI's

The Directors use a number of key performance indicators which they consider are effective in measuring delivery of their strategy, and which assist in the management of the business. They assess individual store performance by monitoring changes in sales, margins and profitability. The main measure of profitability is EBITDA (earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation) before exceptional costs

EBITDA for the year was £9.6 million (2017: £6.4 million), an increase of £3.2 million. The EBITDA margin was 3.5% (2017: 2.3%).

Against the background of a difficult retail environment, total sales for the period amounted to £275.2 million (2017: £274.7 million), an increase of 0.2%. Online sales have continued to grow in both brands, representing 25% of total sales in each brand.

Gross profit margin for the Oasis and Warehouse Group increased to 62.0% in the period (2017: 60.7%) which resulted in a gross profit of £170.6 million (2017 £166.7 million.)

Distribution costs and administrative expenses, which are monitored and controlled by management, amounted to £168.0 million (2017: £167.4 million).

The increase in interest payable of £4.7 million in the period is primarily driven by the movement in foreign currency forward contracts measured at fair value. The fair value is calculated as the difference between the strike rate and forward rate. This is the difference between the contractually agreed rate and the market rate that could be achieved if you entered into the same contract at the balance sheet date.

The loss after tax decreased for the period to £9.7 million, compared to a loss of £10.9 million in the previous year after taking into account net finance costs of £8.7 million (2017: £4.2 million). Operating profit before exceptional items for the period was £2.6 million (2017: loss of £0.7 million).

During the period, Oasis Group made capex investments totalling £3.4 million, which was invested in the UK store portfolio (new and refits) and in its e-commerce platform. The Warehouse group invested £1.0 million, principally in IT and merchandising systems to support its future growth strategy.

Oasis and Warehouse Limited Strategic Report (continued)

For the period 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018

Future developments

For Oasis, leveraging the investment in digital channels remains high priority with a particular focus on driving customer lifetime value. Enhancements to the delivery and returns proposition will optimise customer convenience and drive loyally buoyed by a new marketing platform enabling targeted, personalised communications.

The brand will also continue to invest in the store portfolio with five new stores already agreed for opening in 2018 along with refits planned for existing branches.

There will be continued investment in the underlying infrastructure and integration between channels as well as investment in fulfilment capabilities to drive efficiencies.

Further product extensions are planned as well as a licensing programme across key areas such as home fragrance and beauty.

Warehouse will continue to drive growth in its digital channel complemented by a small perfectly formed store portfolio. Concessions, wholesale and international franchise remain an important part of the strategy.

There will be continued investment in the underlying infrastructure and integration between channels as well as investment in fulfilment capabilities to drive efficiencies.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

Changes in fashion trends

The principal risk faced by the Group is that the product offering declines in popularity, leading to reduced revenues, margins and cash flow. Across the Group the risk is managed by operating a buying and merchandising model which focuses on generating fashionable product lines, short lead times and low stock levels. There continues to be uncertainty and pressures around UK high street retailing, the Group will continue to monitor the industry conditions and will make decisions based on management's assessment.

Supply chain

The Group is dependent on the ability of its suppliers to manufacture its products to the desired quality and standards and on its logistics providers to ensure it reaches the required location on a timely basis. The standards, arrangements and contingency plans are under constant review by management.

Liquidily risk

The Oasis and Warehouse Group have a Senior facilities Agreement in place provided by Aurora Fashions Finance Limited in its capacity as lender, agent and security agent for Kaupthing ehf. The facility is subject to financial covenant targets that adjust through to maturity of the loans. Performance against the covenants is measured quarterly. Further details are contained in note 1.4 'Going concern' and note 26 'Guarantees and commitments'.

Going Concern

Note 1.4 to the financial statements sets out the basis of preparation of the financial statements. As explained in note 1.4, having taken account of the Group's loss for the period, the directors consider that it continues to be appropriate to prepare the financial statements on the basis that the Group is a going concern.

Interest rate risk

The Group's policy is to minimise the impact of interest rate volatility on interest cost to protect earnings. This is achieved by reviewing both the amount of floating indebtedness over a certain period of time and its sensitivity to interest rate fluctuations. From time to time, the Group may hedge its interest rate exposure in order to fix the Group's exposure to interest rates on floating debt.

Currency risk

The Group is exposed to foreign currency risks on sales and purchases. Exposures are primarily to the US Dollar and the Euro. Forecast transactional exposures are reviewed and hedged based on forecasted levels of foreign currency transactions. Hedging is achieved using forward exchange contracts and other suitable derivative products.

Macroeconomic environment

Brexit continues to fuel uncertainty in the marketplace bringing risk to the business around currency and consumer confidence, Inflation continues to exceed wage growth putting pressure on consumer spending.

By Order of the Board

Sanam Soufipour Director 5 JULY 2018

Oasis and Warehouse Limited

Directors' Report

For the period 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of Oasis and Warehouse Limited (the Company) and Oasis and Warehouse Limited and its subsidiary undertakings (the Oasis and Warehouse Group) for the period from 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018.

As a subsidiary of Aurora Fashions Group Limited, the Company forms part of "the Aurora Group".

The current period relates to the 52 week period from 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018. The prior period covers the 52 week period from 28 February 2016 to 25 February 2017.

Results and dividends

The Oasis and Warehouse Group's results are set out on page 9.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2017: £ nil).

Political contributions

The Group made no political contributions during the period (2017: £nil).

Directors

The current Directors of the Company are listed on page 2.

There have been no changes to Directors since the start of the period.

Employees

Considerable importance is placed on communication, involvement and molivation of the employees and management of the Oasis and Warehouse Group. Two way communication ensures that employees are kept informed of the performance of the Oasis and Warehouse Group and of any key initiatives or projects, through regular briefings and bulletins.

The Oasis and Warehouse Group is committed to the continuing development of its employees and the implementation of policies that enable them to contribute to the performance and long term effectiveness of the organisation. Every opportunity is taken to reinforce our values throughout the business.

Equality of opportunity is encouraged irrespective of sex, marital status, colour, race, ethnic origin, nationality, religion, age or disability. The same opportunities are offered to disabled people as to all others in respect of recruitment and career advancement. Employees who become disabled will, wherever possible, be retained, rehabilitated and retrained.

Disclosure of information to auditor

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this report of the board confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Group's auditor is unaware; and each director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Group's auditor is aware of that information.

Auditor

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

By Order of the Board

Sanam Soufipour Director 5 July 2018

Oasis and Warehouse Limited

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities in respect of the Strategic Report, Directors' Report and financial statements

For the period 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the group and parent company financial statements in accordance with UK accounting standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and parent company and of their profit or loss for that period. In preparing each of the group and parent company financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the group and parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the parent company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the parent company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.



Independent auditor's report to the members of Oasis and Warehouse Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Oasis and Warehouse Limited for the period ended 24 February 2018, which comprise the consolidated Profit and Loss, Consolidated balance sheet, Company balance sheet, Consolidated statement of changes in equity, Company statement of changes in equity, Consolidated cash flow statement and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 1.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company's affairs as at 24 February 2018 and of the group's loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the group in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

Going concern

We are required to report to you if we have concluded that the use of the going concern basis of accounting is inappropriate or there is an undisclosed material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt over the use of that basis for a period of at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements. We have nothing to report in these respects.

Strategic report and directors' report

The directors are responsible for the strategic report and the directors' report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover those reports and we do not express an audit opinion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the strategic report and the directors' report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- · we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report and the directors' report;
- in our opinion the information given in those reports for the financial period is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion those reports have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006, we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in these respects.



Independent auditor's report to the members of Oasis and Warehouse Limited (continued)

Directors' responsibilities

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 6, the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the group and parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Jonathan Russell (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of KPMG LLP

Chartered Accountants Arlington Business Park, Theale, Reading, RG7 4SD 18th July 2018

Oasis and Warehouse Limited Consolidated profit and loss account and other comprehensive income

For the period 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018

			•
		26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018	28 February 2016 to 25 February 2017
	Note	Total £m	Total £m
Turnover: group and share of joint venture's turnover Less: share of joint venture's turnover		289.4 14.2	288.6
Group Turnover	2	275.2	274.7
Cost of sales		-104.6	-108.0
Gross profit		170.6	166.7
Distribution costs		-126.4	-127.0
Administrative expenses			-40.4
Group operating profit/(loss)	3	2.6	-0.7
Exceptional Items	4	-4.2	-4.3
Group's share of operating profit in joint venture		0.3	0.1
Interest receivable and similar income	8	1.9	1.7
Interest payable and similar charges	9		-5.9
Loss before taxation		-10.0	-9.1
Tax on loss	10	0.3	-1.8
Loss for the period		-9.7	-10.9
Other comprehensive income Foreign exchange difference on translation of foreign operation	าร	0.1	0.7
Total comprehensive loss for the period		-9.6	

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

Oasis and Warehouse Limited Consolidated balance sheet

As at 24 February 2018

		24 February 2018	25 February 2017 (Restated *)
	Note	"£m	£m
Fixed assets			•
Net intangible assets and goodwill	11	15.1	16.5
Tangible fixed assets	12	15.5	<u>16.4</u>
•		30.6	32.9
Current assets			
Stocks	14	27.4	29.8
Debtors (including £4.1m (2017: £3.7m) due after more than one year)	15	21.0	22.8
Cash at bank and in hand	16	21.8	21.4
		. 70.2	74.0
Creditors : amounts falling due within one year	47	-49.0	
Net current assets		21.2	25.9
Total assets less current liabilities		51.8	58.8
Creditors : amounts falling due after more than one year	18		-34.1
Net assets		15.6	24.7
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	22	79.9 ·	79.9
Shareholder contribution	23	2.2	1,7
Profit and loss account	23	-66.5	-56.9
Shareholder's funds		15.6	24.7

The notes on pages 15 to 31 also form part of these financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 5.7019.2018 and signed on its behalf by:

Sanam Soufipour Director

Company Registered Number: 7410874 (England and Wales)

^{*} Refer to note 30

Oasis and Warehouse Limited Company balance sheet

As at 24 February 2018

	Note	24 February 2018 £m	25 February 2017 £m
Fixed assets Investments	13	87.6	88.2
Current assets	-44	20.7	20.0
Debtors (including £34.3m (2017: £32.3m) due after more than one year) Cash at bank and in hand	15 16	39.7 14.7	39.6 14.4
Cash at bank and in hand		54.4	54.0
Creditors : amounts falling due within one year	17	-16.5	-18.4
Net current assets	•	37.9	35.6
Total assets less current liabilities		125.5	123.8
Creditors : amounts falling due after more than one year	18		
Net assets		90.9	91.5
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	22	79.9	79.9
Profit and loss account	23	11.0	11.6
Shareholder's funds	•	90.9	91.5

The notes on pages 15 to 31 also form part of these financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 5 701 1 2017 and signed on its behalf by:

Sanam Soufipour

Director

Company registered number: 7410874 (England and Wales)

Oasis and Warehouse Limited Consolidated statement of changes in equity

For the period 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018

To the period 20 replacify 2017 to 24 replacify 2016					
		Called up share capital	Shareholder contribution	Profit and loss account (Restated *)	Total equity
•	Note	£m	£m	£m	£m
Balance at 28 February 2016 as previously reported		79.9	-	-45.7	34.2
Impact of correction of errors *		·	· · · · · ·	-1.0	-1.0
Restated balance at 28 February 2016		79.9		<u>-46.7</u>	33.2
Loss for the period		-	-,	-10.9	-10.9
Other comprehensive income	•	· ÷	-	0.7	0.7
Share based payment	.•	.	1.7	<u> </u>	1.7
Balance at 25 February 2017		79.9	1.7	-56.9	24.7
		Called up share capital £m	Shareholder contribution £m	Profit and loss account £m	Total equity £m
Balance at 26 February 2017		79.9	1.7	-56.9	24,7
Loss for the period	23	-	-	-9.7	-9.7
Other comprehensive income	23	-	-	0.1	0.1
Adjustments to reserves brought forward in respect of inventory valuation	23	-	-	· -	-
Share based payment	23	-	0.5	<u>.</u>	0.5
Balance at 24 February 2018		79.9	2.2	-66.5	15.6

^{*} Refer to note 30

Oasis and Warehouse Limited Company statement of changes in equity

For the period 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018

·	Note	Called up share capital £m	Profit and loss account £m	Total equity £m
Balance at 28 February 2016 as previously	reported	79.9	11.6	91.5
Result for the period				<u> </u>
Balance at 25 February 2017		79.9	11.6	91.5
		Called up share capital £m	Profit and loss account £m	Total equity £m
Balance at 26 February 2017	, .	79.9	11.6	91.5
Loss for the period	23		-0.6	-0.6
Balance at 24 February 2018		79.9	11.0	90.9

Oasis and Warehouse Limited Consolidated cash flow statement

For the period 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018

		26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018 £m	28 February 2016 to 25 February 2017 £m
Cash flows from operating activities		•	
Loss for the year Adjustments for:	I	-9.7	-10.9
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges		6.7 -1.9 10.6	6.9 -1.7 5.9
Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	•	10.0	0.1
Taxation		-0.3	1.8
Change in value of stock provision		-0.5	-0.3
Change in value of bad debt provision		4.9	<u>-0.1</u>
		4.9	
Decrease in trade and other debtors		2.2	3.2
Decrease / (increase) in stocks		2.9	-1.3
(Decrease) / increase in trade and other creditors		-5.5	4.3
		-0.4	6.2
Tax paid		-0.1	<u> </u>
Net cash from operating activities		4.4	7.9
Cash flows from investing activities		•	
Purchase of intangible fixed assets	11	-	-0.2
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	12	-3.9	-7.3
Net cash from investing activities		-3.9	<u>-7.5</u>
		•	
Cash flows from financing activities			
·		•	
Interest paid		0.1	
Net cash from financing activities	•	0.1	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		0.4	0.4
Cash and cash equivalents at the start of the period		16.4	16.0
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	16	16.8	16.4

For the period 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018

1. Accounting policies

Oasis and Warehouse Limited (the "Company") is a private company limited by shares which is incorporated, domiciled and registered in England and Wales. The registered number is 7410874 and the registered address is The Triangle, Stanton Harcourt Industrial Estate, Stanton Harcourt, Witney, Oxfordshire, OX29 5UT, UK.

1.1 Basis of Preparation - Accounting Convention

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland ("FRS 102").

The presentational currency of these financial statements is sterling. All amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest £0.1m unless otherwise stated.

1.2 Compliance with accounting standards

The parent company is included in the consolidated financial statements, and is considered to be a qualifying entity under FRS 102 paragraphs 1.8 to 1.12. the following exemptions available under FRS 102 in respect of certain disclosures for the parent company financial statements have been applied:

- The reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding from the beginning to the end of the period has not been included a second time:
- No separate parent company Cash Flow Statement with related notes is included; and
- Key Management Personnel compensation has not been included a second time.

The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

Judgements made by the directors, in the application of these accounting policies that have significant effect on the financial statements and estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next year are discussed in note 1.16.

1.3 Measurement convention

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis except that the following assets and liabilities are stated at fair value: financial instruments classified at fair value through the profit and loss.

For the period 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018

Accounting policies (continued)

1.4 Basis of preparation - going concern

Aurora Fashions Group Limited is the holding company for the Aurora group of companies (the "Aurora Group"). Kaupthing ehf's holding of shares in Aurora Fashions Group Limited comprises 100% of all share capital by nominal value and 100% of the voting rights across all share capital.

The Oasis and Warehouse Group made a loss for the year of £9.7 million (2017; loss of £10.9 million) and had not current assets of £21.2 million (2017; £25.9 million) and net assets of £15.6 million (2017; £24.7 million).

Notwithstanding this, the directors have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis for the reasons set out below:

The directors have reviewed projected cash flows for the period covering at least 12 months from the approval of these financial statements (the "Projections"). The Projections are based on certain assumptions and show that the Aurora Group is capable of operating within the facilities currently available and complying with the covenant requirements for the full term covered by the Projections.

The directors of Aurora Fashions Group Limited have tested the impact of variations from the Projections by assessing the adequacy of the Aurora Group's funds under a combination of different scenarios constructed to reflect reasonably possible downside risks to the assumptions contained within the Projections. The directors recognise that in the current economic environment, the main risks relate to the achievability of the Aurora Group's forecast sales and margins and the timing of cash flows going forward. In such downside scenarios, the ability to continue to operate would be dependent on maintaining compliance with the financial covenants by implementing various cost saving initiatives within the timescales required. The directors consider that, in all reasonable downside scenarios, there are cost saving measures available to the Aurora Group to Implement which would avoid breaching the terms of any financial covenant.

A letter of support has been given by Kaupthing ehf to the directors of Aurora Fashions Group Limited committing to provide continuing financial support to the Aurora Group to the extent necessary.

Given the facts and circumstances described above and after making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company and the Aurora Group have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and financial statements.

1.5 Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. An average monthly spot rate is used in relation to the translation of foreign subsidiaries. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains or losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account.

The assets and liabilities of overseas subsidiary undertakings are translated at the closing exchange rates. Gains and losses arising on these translations are taken to reserves. Profit and loss accounts of such undertakings are consolidated at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the underlying transactions.

1.6 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary undertakings made up to 24 February 2018. The acquisition method of accounting has been adopted. Under this method, the results of subsidiary undertakings acquired or disposed of in the period are included in the consolidated profit and loss account from the date of acquisition or up to the date of disposal.

An associate is an undertaking in which the Group has a long term interest, usually from 20% to 50% of the equity voting rights, and over which it exercises significant influence. A joint venture is an undertaking in which the Group has a long-term interest and over which it exercises joint control. The Group's share of the profits less losses of associates and of joint ventures is included in the consolidated profit and loss account and its interest in their net assets is included in investments in the consolidated balance sheet.

Where a group company is party to a joint arrangement which is not an entity, that company accounts directly for its part of the income and expenditure, assets, liabilities and cash flows. Such arrangements are reported in the consolidated financial statements on the same basis.

Under section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 the Company is exempt from the requirement to present its own profit and loss account.

For the period 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.7 Financial Instruments

In accordance with FRS 102.22, financial instruments issued by the group are treated as equity only to the extent that they meet the following two conditions:

(a) they include no contractual obligations upon the group to deliver cash or other financial assets or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another party under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the group; and

(b) where the instrument will or may be settled in the entity's own equity instruments, it is either a non-derivative that includes no obligation to deliver a variable number of the entity's own equity instruments or is a derivative that will be settled by the entity exchanging a fixed amount of cash or other financial assets for a fixed number of its own equity instruments.

To the extent that this definition is not met, the proceeds of issue are classified as a financial liability. Where the instrument so classified takes the legal form of the entity's own shares, the amounts presented in these financial statements for called up share capital and share premium account exclude amounts in relation to those shares.

Where a financial instrument that contains both equity and financial liability components exists these components are separated and accounted for individually under the above policy. Transaction costs are allocated between the debt component and the equity component on the basis of their relative fair values.

Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are recognised at fair value. The gain or loss on remeasurement to fair value is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

1.8 Basic financial instruments

Trade and other debtors / creditors

Trade and other debtors are recognised initially at transaction price less attributable transaction costs. Trade and other creditors are recognised initially at transaction price plus attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses in the case of trade debtors. If the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, for example if payment is deferred beyond normal business terms, then it is measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of instrument for a similar debt instrument.

Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Company's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose only of the cash flow statement.

1.9 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life on a straight line basis, as follows:

Leasehold improvements
Fixtures and fittings
Computer hardware and software

Over period of lease 4-10 years 3-5 years

1.10 Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the purchase method as at the acquisition date, which is the date on which control is transferred to the entity.

For the period 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.11 Intangible fixed assets, goodwill and amortisation

Goodwill

On the acquisition of a business, fair values are attributed to the net assets acquired. Goodwill arises where the fair value of the consideration given for a business exceeds fair value of such net assets.

At the date of transition to FRS 102, the Groups goodwill had a remaining useful economic life of 15 years. There have been no events which affect this estimate at the date of transition to FRS 102, and as such the Directors consider it appropriate to continue to amortise the goodwill over this period on a straight-line basis as it reflects management's best estimate of it's useful economic life. Goodwill has no residual value. In support of the continuing useful economic life, factors considered are the nature of the business, product lifecycle and overall industry sector performance and projections. Net present value of future cash inflows are measured at respective entity level, key assumptions are based on historical trends and future market expectations.

The Group performs an annual impairment review of the Goodwill, and if it considers that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount then the difference will be recognised as an impairment loss through the profit and loss account.

For purchased goodwill arising on acquisitions after the date of transition to FRS 102, goodwill will be capitalised and amortised through the profit and loss account over a period of 10 years unless the directors consider it has a materially different useful life.

Other intangible assets

Other intangible assets that are acquired by the Group are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and less accumulated impairment losses.

Amortisation is charged to the profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the intangible asset. The estimated useful life of the intangible asset is 5 years.

1.12 Investments

Investments are included at cost less impairment.

1.13 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is based on normal levels of activity and where appropriate, the cost of transportation and conversion to current location and condition. Net realisable value comprises the actual or estimated selling price less all further costs to completion.

1.14 Impairments

The carrying amounts of the Group's assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the fixed asset may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

An impairment is recognised when the carrying amount of an investment, fixed asset or goodwill exceeds the recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of the asset is the higher of net realisable value or value in use. To the extent that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount, the difference will be recognised as an impairment loss through the profit and loss account.

In respect of Tangible Fixed Assets held at retail locations, management use the concept of payback period, defined as net book value divided by EBITDA, to help identify any indicators of impairment. Where such an indicator exists, an assessment of the retail location's prospects is performed based on budgeted data and facts and circumstances specific to that location. Retail locations where management do not expect a sufficient improvement in performance, or where there exists a plan to close the store, the assets assigned to that store are impaired in full where management deem that the recoverable amount is zero.

Where an indicator of impairment exists in respect of Goodwill or Investments, the value in use is assessed by discounting the expected future cash flows to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the rate of return expected on an equally risky investment. Management assess that future cash flows approximate to the EBITDA generated by the assets that gave rise to the goodwill, or to the EBITDA generated by the subsidiary undertakings in the case of Investments.

For the period 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.15 Employee Benefits

The company provides a range of benefits to employees including paid holiday arrangements, product discount facilities, and private health insurance, amongst others.

The Company provides access to a stakeholder pension for all UK employees. In addition, contributions are made to specific employees' personal pension plans. In accordance with government legislation, in October 2013 all eligible employees were auto-enrolled into a qualifying pension scheme.

Share based payments

The Group provides share-based payment arrangements to certain employees.

Equity-settled arrangements are measured at fair value (excluding the effect on non-market based vesting conditions) at the date of the grant. The fair value is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period. The amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of shares or options that will vest.

Where equity-settled arrangements are modified, and are of benefit to the employee, the incremental fair value is recognised over the period from the date of modification to date of vesting. Where a modification is not beneficial to the employee there is no change to the charge for share-based payment. Settlements and cancellations are treated as an acceleration of vesting and the unvested amount is recognised immediately in the income statement.

1.16 Accounting estimates and judgements

The Group and Company's estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The accounting estimates believed to require the most difficult, subjective or complex judgements and which are the most critical to the reporting of results and financial positions are as follows:

- · carrying value of assets relating to goodwill
- · carrying value of deferred tax asset

The Group tests annually whether goodwill has suffered any impairment in accordance with the accounting policy stated. The recoverable amount of goodwill has been determined based on the fair value of net assets acquired and net present value of future cash inflows, the calculation of which requires the use of estimates.

Management review annually the recognition of any deferred tax asset to the extent that they are regarded as recoverable, on the basis of all available evidence it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

1.17 Provisions

A provision is recognised where the group has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that the outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

1.18 Turnover

Turnover is measured at fair value and represents the net value of goods sold, services provided or royalties received excluding value added tax, delivered to third party customers in the accounting period. The company operates retail shops and ecommerce sites for the sale of a range of own branded products. Sales of goods are recognised upon sale to the customer, which is considered the point of delivery. Retail sales are usually by cash or payment card. Goods are deemed to have been delivered to customers when the customer has access to the significant benefits inherent in the goods and the exposure to the risks inherent in these benefits and the time period for rejection has elapsed. Turnover from sales of goods to franchise/wholesale partners is recognised at point of despatch. Turnover from royalties is recognised when earned. Terms of all non 'own' retail activity is explicit within the relevant agreement.

For the period 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.19 Expenses

Operating lease

Payments (excluding costs for services and insurance) made under operating leases are recognised in the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease unless the payments to the lessor are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation; in which case the payments related to the structured increases are recognised as incurred. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit and loss over the term of the lease as an integral part of the total loado expense.

Interest receivable and interest payable

Interest payable and similar charges include interest payable, finance charges and net foreign exchange losses that are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Other interest receivable and similar income include interest receivable on funds invested and net foreign exchange gains.

Interest Income and interest payable are recognised in profit and loss as they accrue, using the effective interest method.

1.20 Tax

Tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is provided on timing differences which arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rate that is expected to apply to the reversal of the related difference, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax balances are not discounted. Deferred tax is not recognised on permanent differences arising because certain types of income or expense are non-taxable or are disallowable for tax or because certain tax charges or allowances are greater or smaller than the corresponding income or tax.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that is it probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

2. Turnover

Group Turnover: Continuing operations by business activity	26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018	28 February 2016 to 25 February 2017
	£m	£m
Retailing	247.2	247.0
Overseas franchising	15.2	· 16.4
Licensing	0.2	0.2
Wholesaling	11.9	10.1
Services	0.7	1.0
	275.2	274.7
Group Turnover: Continuing operations by geographic	26 February 2017 to	28 February 2016 to
region	24 February 2018	25 February 2017
	£m	£m
United Kingdom	235.8	233.9
Ireland	21.3	21.3
Germany	0.8	0.4
Rest of Europe	5.4	5.4
Middle and Far East	9.6	11.3
Australasia	0.1	
South America	2.2	2.4
Total turnover	275.2	274.7

Turnover by country of destination is not materially different from turnover by country of operation.

For the period 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018

			•
3.	Group operating profit/(loss)		
	Group operating profit/(loss) is stated after charging:	26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018 £m	28 February 2016 to 25 February 2017 £m
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Impairment charge on tangible fixed assets Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets Amortisation of goodwill Operating lease rentals - property	5.2 0.1 - 1.4 22.6	5.4 0.1 0.1 1.4 24.4
	Expenses & Auditor's Remuneration		
	Included in the loss of the Group are the following:	•	
	Exceptional Items	26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018 £m	28 February 2016 to 25 February 2017 £m
	Store Exit Staff costs Professional fees Share based payments Other reorganisation and restructuring costs	0.8 1.1 1.4 0.9	3.3 1.0
	Exceptional costs	4.2	4.3

Exceptional costs include store exit costs, staff costs and professional fees of a one off nature. These costs are not considered to be normal operating costs and as such are categorised as exceptional.

Auditor's remuneration

In the current and previous periods, the remuneration payable in relation to audit services for the whole Oasis and Warehouse Group of £87,315 (2017: £76,520), including £9,857 (2017: £8,008) specifically relating to the Company, was borne by, and included in the fees of the financial statements of, Oasis and Warehouse Limited, a Company included in these consolidated financial accounts.

The auditing of tumover certificates

In the current and previous periods, the remuneration payable in relation to the auditing of turnover certificates for the whole Aurora Group of £16,093 (2017: £15,655), was borne by the Company.

5. Staff numbers and cost

The average number of persons employed by the Group during the period was:		
	26 February 2017 to	28 February 2016 to
	24 February 2018	25 February 2017
	Number	Number
Rétail	3,446	3,523
Services	143	144
	3,589	3,667
The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows:		
	£m	£m
Wages and salaries	50.9	46.8
Social security costs	3.5	2.9
Pensions costs (note 21)	0.4	0.3
	54.8	50.0

In the current and previous periods, total emoluments include amounts for staff providing shared administrative services to the Aurora Group as a whole. A recharge is made by the Oasis and Warehouse Group relating to all the services incurred by fellow Aurora Group companies.

For the period 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018

6.	Remuneration of directors		•
		26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018 £m	28 February 2016 to 25 February 201 £m
	Directors' remuneration Amounts receivable (excluding shares) under long term incentive plans	0.9 6.5.	3.0 3.0
		7.4	1.4
	The remuneration of the highest paid director was £6.8m (2017: £1.1m).		
	The total number of shares held by directors under an equity defined share b	pased payment scheme is 13,000.	
7.	Share based payments		
	Between November 2015 and August 2016, certain key employees were Limited. The fair value of the shares was calculated using a weighted avera to estimated vesting date in accordance with FRS 102.		
B.	Limited. The fair value of the shares was calculated using a weighted avera		
В.	Limited. The fair value of the shares was calculated using a weighted avera to estimated vesting date in accordance with FRS 102.		
	Limited. The fair value of the shares was calculated using a weighted avera to estimated vesting date in accordance with FRS 102.	ge methodology and this has been 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018	n pro rated from grant date 28 February 2016 to 25 February 2017
	Limited. The fair value of the shares was calculated using a weighted avera to estimated vesting date in accordance with FRS 102. Interest receivable and similar income	ge methodology and this has been 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018 £m	n pro rated from grant date 28 February 2016 to 25 February 2017
	Limited. The fair value of the shares was calculated using a weighted avera to estimated vesting date in accordance with FRS 102. Interest receivable and similar income Interest receivable on amounts owed by Aurora Group undertakings	ge methodology and this has been 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018 £m	28 February 2016 to 25 February 2016 to 25 February 2017 £m
э.	Limited. The fair value of the shares was calculated using a weighted avera to estimated vesting date in accordance with FRS 102. Interest receivable and similar income Interest receivable on amounts owed by Aurora Group undertakings Interest payable and similar charges Interest payable on amounts owed to Aurora Group undertakings	26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018 £m 1.9 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2017 to 24 February 2018 £m 3.8	28 February 2016 to 25 February 2016 to 1.7 28 February 2016 to 25 February 2016 to 25 February 2017 £m
э.	Limited. The fair value of the shares was calculated using a weighted avera to estimated vesting date in accordance with FRS 102. Interest receivable and similar income Interest receivable on amounts owed by Aurora Group undertakings Interest payable and similar charges Interest payable on amounts owed to Aurora Group undertakings Bank charges	26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018 £m 1.9 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2017 to 24 February 2018 £m 3.8 0.2	28 February 2016 to 25 February 2016 to 1.7 28 February 2016 to 25 February 2016 to 25 February 2017 £m 3.4 0.2
9.	Limited. The fair value of the shares was calculated using a weighted avera to estimated vesting date in accordance with FRS 102. Interest receivable and similar income Interest receivable on amounts owed by Aurora Group undertakings Interest payable and similar charges Interest payable on amounts owed to Aurora Group undertakings Bank charges Unrealised foreign exchange loss	26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018 £m 1.9 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018 £m 3.8 0.2 0.2	28 February 2016 to 25 February 2016 to 1.7 28 February 2016 to 25 February 2016 to 25 February 2017 £m 3.4 0.2 0.4
9.	Limited. The fair value of the shares was calculated using a weighted avera to estimated vesting date in accordance with FRS 102. Interest receivable and similar income Interest receivable on amounts owed by Aurora Group undertakings Interest payable and similar charges Interest payable on amounts owed to Aurora Group undertakings Bank charges	26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018 £m 1.9 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2017 to 24 February 2018 £m 3.8 0.2	28 February 2016 to 25 February 2016 to 1.7 28 February 2016 to 25 February 2016 to 25 February 2017 £m 3.4 0.2

For the period 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018

10. Taxation

Total tax expense recognised in the profit and loss account, other comprehe	, enclus income and equily	
Total tax expense recognised in the profit and loss account, other complete	26 February 2017 to	28 February 2016 to
	24 February 2018	25 February 2017
	£m	£m
UK corporation tax	•	
Current tax	0.1	
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	-0.4	. 1.1
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	-	0.4
Change in tax rate	-	0.3
		
Tax on loss	-0.3	1.8
Reconciliation of effective tax rate		
LECONCHIMINATION OF EMECHAE (BY LINE	26 February 2017 to	28 February 2016 to
	24 February 2018	25 February 2017
·	£m	£m
Loss after tax	-9.7	-10.9
Total tax credit/(expense)	0.3	-1.8
Loss before tax	-10.0	-9.1
,		,500
Tax using the UK corporation tax rate of 19.08% (2017: 20.00%)	-1.9	-1.8
Fixed asset differences	0.2	
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1:0	0.7
Adjustments to brought forward values	-0.2	•
Group relief surrendered	0.1	-
Adjustments in respect of prior periods (deferred tax)	-	0.3
Adjust closing deferred tax to average rate	1.0	0.5
Adjust opening deferred tax to average rate	-0.9	-
Deferred tax not recognised	0.4	2.1
Total tax credit for the period .	-0.3	1.8

All movements in current tax in the period are recognised through the Profit and loss account.

Factors that may affect future total tax charges

The utilisation of brought forward tax losses may reduce the current and total charges in future years. For the Oasis and Warehouse Group this amounts to £8.6m at the balance sheet date (2017: £6.0m).

A reduction in the UK corporation tax rate from 21% to 20% (effective from 1 April 2015) was substantively enacted on 2 July 2013. Further reductions to 19% (effective from 1 April 2017) and to 18% (effective 1 April 2020) were substantively enacted on 26 October 2015, and an additional reduction to 17% (effective 1 April 2020) was substantively enacted on 6 September 2016. This will reduce the company's future current tax charge accordingly. The deferred tax asset at 24 February 2018 has been calculated based on these rates.

For the period 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018

11.	Intangible assets and goodwill	Group Goodwill £m	Group Trademarks £m	Total Intangibles and Goodwill
	Cost	2	2111	2111
	At 26 February 2017 and 24 February 2018	27.2	0.2	27.4
	Amortisation			
	At 26 February 2017	10.9	-	10.9
	Charge for the period	1.3	0.1	1.4
	At 24 February 2018	12.2	0.1	12.3
	Net Book Value			
	At 24 February 2018	15.0	0.1	15.1
	At 25 February 2017	16.3	0.2	16.5

Amortisation

The amortisation is recognised in administrative expenses in the profit and loss account.

12. Tangible fixed assets

	Group			
	Short leasehold	Fixtures	Computer	
	and	and	hardware and	•
·	improvements	fittings	software	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Cost				
At 25 February 2017	2.2	56.1	14.4	72,7
Adjustment arising from changes in foreign currency exchange rates	-	0.3	-	0.3
Additions	-	2.1	2.3	4.4
Disposals	0.2	-3.8	0.2	4.2
At 24 February 2018	2.0	54.7	16.5	73.2
Depreciation				
At 25 February 2017	1.2	46.4	8.7	56.3
Adjustment arising from changes in foreign currency exchange rates	-	0.3	•	. 0.3
Charge for the period	0:2	3.0	2.0	5.2
Impairment charge	-	0.1	-	0.1
Disposals	0.2	-3.8	-0.2	
At 24 February 2018	1.2	46.0	10.5	57.7
Net book value				
At 24 February 2018	<u>8.0</u>	8.7	6.0	15.5
At 25 February 2017	1.0	9.7	5.7	16.4

Impairment charges totalling £0.1m have been made in 13 stores. On the basis that the stores impaired are not expected to generate any significant future net positive cashflows, management consider the recoverable amount of these stores to be zero. Impairment charges are recognised in administrative expenses through the profit and loss account.

For the period 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018

13.

Fixed asset investments	Company Subsidiary undertakings £m
Cost	
As at 26 February 2017 and 24 February 2018.	92.3
Provisions At 25 February 2017 Impairment charge	4.1 0.6
As at 26 February 2017 and 24 February 2018.	4.7
Net Book Value At 24 February 2018	<u>87.6</u>
At 25 February 2017	88.2

Management undertake an annual review of the value of their investments and it was agreed that the value of the investment in A Fashions Sweden AB would be impaired in the current period.

The Company's undertakings at the end of the period are as follows:

Subsidiary undertakings	Country of incorporation	Principal activity	Class and percentage of shares held
Directly owned:	·	*	
A Fashions Sweden AB	Sweden	Retail	Ordinary - 100%
Bastyan Fashions Limited	UK	Retail	Ordinary - 100%
Oasis Fashions Holdings Limited	UK	Holding	Ordinary - 100%
Warehouse Fashions Holdings Limited	· UK	Holding	Ordinary - 100%
Indirectly owned:			A.
Aurora Fashions Asia Limited	Hong Kong	Service	Ordinary - 50%
Aurora Fashions Services Limited	ŬK	Service	Ordinary - 50%
Oasis Fashions Retail Limited	UK	Property	Ordinary - 100%
Oasis Fashions Ireland Limited	Ireland	Retail	Ordinary - 100%
Oasis Fashions Limited	UK	Retail	Ordinary - 100%
Warehouse Retail Limited	UK	Property	Ordinary - 100%
Warehouse Fashions Limited	ŲK	Retail	Ordinary - 100%
Warehouse Fashions Ireland Limited	Ireland	Retail	Ordinary - 100%

During the period, two previously held investments, Oasis Fashions US Limited and Warehouse Fashions US Limited, were formally dissolved.

The registered address of the UK companies is The Triangle, Stanton Harcourt Industrial Estate, Stanton Harcourt, Witney, Oxfordshire, OX29 5UT.

The registered address of the Irish companies is 5th Floor, Beaux Lane House, Mercer Street Lower, Dublin 2.

The registered address of Aurora Fashions Asia Limited is 18th Floor, Prosperity Centre, 25 Chong Yip Street, Kwun Tung, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

The registered address of A Fashions Sweden AB is Stora Marknadsvagen 15, 183 34 Taby, Sweden.

For the period 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018

14.	Stocks	24 Febr	ary 2018	25 l	February 2017
	•	Group	Company	Group	Company
				(Restated *)	·
	•	. £m	£m	£m	£m
	Raw materials and consumables	0.1		0.1	.
	Finished goods and goods for resale	27.3		29.7	<u>=</u> .
		27.4		29.8	<u> </u>

In the opinion of the directors, there is no material difference between the replacement cost of stock and the amounts stated above.

Raw materials, consumables and finished goods and goods for resale recognised as cost of sales in the year amounted to £104.6 million (2017: £108.0 million).
*Refer to note 30

15. Debtors

Dentors	24 Febr	uary 2018	25 Februa	ary 2017
	Group £m	Company £m	Group £m	Company £m
·		•		•
Trade debtors	. 10.7	0.1	10,2	0.1
Amounts owed by Group undertakings	. -	39.3	. •	37.3
Other debtors	1.0	-	1.4	-
Prepayments and accrued income	5.1	0.1	. 7.4	1.8
Corporation tax	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Other taxation and social security	-	0.1	-	0.3
Deferred tax asset (note 20)	4.1		3.7	
•	21.0	39.7	22.8	39.6
Due within one year	16.9	5.4	19.1	7.3
Due after more than one year	. 4.1	34.3	3.7	32.3

Amounts owed by Group undertakings are subject to the same terms as the loans and overdrafts with Aurora Group undertakings as detailed in note 19.

16. Cash and cash equivalents

oasii ana casii equivalento	24 Febr	24 February 2018		ry 2017
	Group	Company	Group	Company
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Cash at bank and in hand	21.8	14.7	21.4	14.4
Overdrafts (note 19)	5.0	-5.0	-5.0	-5.0
Cash and cash equivalents per cash flow statement	16.8	9.7	16.4	9.4

For the period 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018

17.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	24 Feb	ruary 2018	25 Febr	uary 2017
	·	Group £m	Čompaný £m	Group £m	Company £m
	Loans and overdrafts with Aurora Group undertakings (see note 19)	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
	Amounts owed to Group undertakings	_ 1.8	4.6	-	10.8
	Trade creditors	6.4	-	9.1	-
	Other taxes and social security costs	3.6	0.8	3.0	0.7
	Other creditors	1.7		3.9	0.1
	Accruals and deferred income	29.5	6.1	26.1	1.8
	Provisions	1.0		1.0	-
		. 49.0	16.5	48.1	18.4

Amounts owed to Group undertakings are unsecured, interest free, have no fixed date of repayment and are repayable on demand.

18.	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	24 Feb	uary 2018	25 Febi	uary 2017
		Group £m	Company £m	Group £m	Company £m
	Loans and overdrafts with Aurora Group undertakings (see note 19) Accruals and deferred income	34.3 1.9	34.3 	32.3 1.8	32.3
		36.2	34.6	34.1	32.3

Accruals and deferred income relates to incentives received on leases held by the Oasis and Warehouse Group.

19. Interest-bearing loans and borrowings

The loans referred to in notes 17 and 18 are with Aurora Fashions Finance Limited, a fellow Aurora Group subsidiary.

This note provides information about the contractual terms of the Group's interest-bearing loans and borrowings, which are measured at amortised cost.

	24 Febr	uary 2018	25 Februa	ary 2017
	Group	Company	Group	Company
	£m	£m	£m	£m
·				
•	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
	24 Febr	uan: 2018	25 Februs	nr 2017
		•		Company
	•		•	£m
•	2	2	2	
	34.3	34.3	32.3	32.3
Internat	24 Fohr	unio 2019	25 Fobrus	2017
		•		Company
rate	£m	£m	£m	£m
5.00%	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
				6.4
				25.7
5.00%	0.5	0.5	0.2	0.2
	39.3	39.3	37.3	37.3
	Interest rate 5.00% 5.00% 5.00% 5.00%	Group Em	Group Em	£m £m £m 5.0 5.0 5.0 24 February 2018 25 February 2018 Group Group £m 34.3 34.3 32.3 Interest rate 24 February 2018 25 February 2018 Group Company £m Group Group £m 5.00% 5.0 5.0 5.00% 6.8 6.8 6.4 5.00% 27.0 27.0 25.7 5.00% 0.5 0.5 0.2

For the period 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018

20,

Deferred taxation	•			
The deferred tax asset is attributable to the following:	24 Febr	uary 2018	25 Febru	ary 2017
	Group £m	Company £m	Group £m	Company £m
The deferred tax asset comprises:				
Accelerated capital allowances:	3.8	-	3.6	<u> -</u>
Short-term timing differences	0.1	-	0.1	-
Tax losses	0.2	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u> _
Deferred tax asset	4.1		3.7	
•	•		Group £m	.Company £m
Movement on deferred tax asset:				2111
At the start of the period			3.7	.
Profit and loss account			9.1 0.4	<u>.</u>

All movements in deferred tax in the period are recognised through the Profit and loss account.

The directors believe that continued recognition of the deferred tax asset is appropriate based on forecasts showing that sufficient profits will arise in the foreseeable future against which assets will be offset when crystallised.

There is also an unrecognised deferred tax asset of £3.8 million (2017: £3.3 million) in respect of accelerated capital allowances, short term timing differences and tax losses which has not been recognised for the Group due to uncertainty over its recoverability. This will be reassessed at each period end.

21. Employee benefits

At the end of the period

The company provides a range of benefits to employees including paid holiday arrangements, product discount facilities, and private health insurance, amongst others.

During the period there were no advances to Directors.

Certain employees of the Group participate in an equity settled share based payment scheme and a long term incentive scheme. The shares in both schemes vested during the period. A share based payment expense has been recognised in Oasis Fashions Limited and Warehouse Fashions Limited, the beneficiaries of the participants' services.

Post-retirement benefits

In October 2013, in accordance with government legislation, all eligible employees were auto-enrolled into a state qualified pension scheme. In addition, contributions are made to specific employees' personal pension plans.

The total expense relating to these plans in the current year was £0.4m (2017: £0.3m).

22.	Share capital	Group and Company 24 February 2018 £m	Group and Company 25 February 2017 £m
	Allotted, called up and fully paid: 99,859,460 Ordinary shares of £0.80	79.9	79.9

Holders of Ordinary shares are entitled to one vote in any circumstance per share held, and an equal share of dividends.

For the period 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018

23.	Réserves				ì		
			24 February 2018		25 February 2017		
	Shareholder contribution	Group	Company	Group Compan			
		£m	£m	£m	£m		
	At the start of the period	1.7	-	÷			
	Amounts received in respect of share based payment	0.5	<u> </u>	1.7			
	At the end of the period	2.2	-	1.7			
	·	24 February 2018		25 Fébruary 2017			
	Profit and loss account	Group	Company	Group	Compan		
				(Restated *)			
		£m	£m	£m	£m		
	At the start of the period, as previously reported	-56.9	11.6	-45.7	11.6		
	Impact of correction of errors *	-					
	Restated balance at the start of the period	-56.9	11.6	-4 6.7	11.6		
	Differences in the net investment in foreign enterprises arising from	0.4					
	changes in foreign currency exchange rates	0.1	•	0.7	-		
	Loss after taxation for the financial period	<u>-9.7</u> _	-0.6	<u>-10.9</u>	•		
	At the end of the period	-66.5	11.0	<u>-56.9</u>	11.6		
	* Refer to note 30	•		•			
1 .	Financial instruments	•					
•							
	The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities include:	24 February 2018 £m					
	(Liabilities) / assets measured at fair value through profit or loss		-4.7		1.7		
	The financial assets or liabilities held by the Oasis and Warehouse Group at the balance sheet date are representative of the fair value o						
	forward foreign exchange contracts held by the Group for use in the following fi	inancial period		•			
	The fair value of forward foreign exchange contracts is based on their listed ma	arket price.					
	Operating leases						
	Non-cancellable operating lease rentals are payable as follows:						
	24 February 2018 25 February 2						
	Group	24 FeL	£m	231	£m		
	Within one year		18.9		22.2		
	Between two and five years		47.3		52.1		
	Over five years	_	18.5	<u> </u>	24.8		
	•						

For the period 26 February 2017 to 24 February 2018

26. Guarantees and commitments

Certain companies within the Aurora Fashions Group, the 'banking subgroups' are party to the terms of a Senior Facilities Agreement (the "SFA") with Aurora Fashions Finance Limited ("AFFL"). The borrowers are Oasis and Warehouse Limited, Coast Debtco Limited and Karen Millen Holdings Limited. Each banking subgroup under the obligations of their SFA has a number of trading subsidiaries party to the SFA as Guarantors, the values of which are disclosed within the respective company accounts. Under the terms of the guarantee, an event of default in the Company or certain other companies in the sub group would mean that the lender, AFFL, has the ability to call on any of the other companies within the respective banking subgroup to step in to fulfil the obligations of that borrower/guarantor. An event of default could include an entity becoming insolvent. It should be noted that the call under the guarantee is on demand, and as such the demand is at the discretion of AFFL in its capacity as sole Lender.

27. Related parties

The Group has a related party relationship with its directors, with the undertakings which form the Aurora Group and with its ultimate parent company, Kaupthing ehf.

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard FRS 102 33.1A Related Parties Transactions not to disclose transactions with fellow wholly owned subsidiary undertakings of the group headed by Aurora Fashions Group Limited.

Transactions with key management personnel

Total compensation of key management personnel in the year amounted to £5.6m (2017: £10.8m). The amounts disclosed above include long-term benefits totalling £3.2m paid by a parent company to Key management for services rendered to the company.

28. Immediate and ultimate parent company and parent undertaking of larger group

The immediate parent company is Oasis and Warehouse Holdco 2 Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales.

The registered address of Oasis and Warehouse Holdco 2 Limited is The Triangle, Stanton Harcourt Industrial Estate, Stanton Harcourt, Witney, Oxfordshire, OX29 5UT.

The ultimate parent company and ultimate controlling party is Kaupthing ehf., a company incorporated in Iceland.

The registered address of Kaupthing ehf. is Borgartun 26, IS-105 Reykjavik, Iceland.

The largest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by Aurora Fashions Group Limited, incorporated in England and Wales, and the smallest is these financial statements. The consolidated financial statements of Aurora Fashions Group Limited are available from Aurora Fashions Group Limited, The Triangle, Stanton Harcourt Industrial Estate, Stanton Harcourt, Witney, Oxfordshire, OX29 5UT, UK.

29. Post balance sheet events

There are no significant post balance sheet events which affect the financial statements.

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Impact of prior period adjustment

Under FRS 102 stock should be recognised net of rebates and discounts which are likely to be achieved. During the current period, the Company discovered that supplier settlement discounts had previously been recognised at the point at which stock was paid for, later than when the inventory cost was initially booked. This was accounted for by booking a year end adjustment to gross up stock to restore the settlement discount with the corresponding decrease to cost of sales. Therefore this historical year end adjustment requires reversing. This has been corrected by restating each of the affected financial statement line items for prior periods. The following tables summarise the impacts on the Company's financial statements.

(I) Balance Sheet

W Television Triangle	•				
At 28 February 2016	•				
,		Impact of correction			
	As previously				
	reported	Adjustments	As restated		
	· £m	£m	£m		
Stocks	29.2	-1.0	28.2		
Current assets	72.9	-1.0	71.9		
Net assets	34.2	÷1.0	33.2		
Profit and loss account	-4 5.7	-1.0	-46.7		
Net assets	34.2	-1.0	33. 2		
A4.05 February 2047			•		
At 25 February 2017	. Impact of correction				
	As previously	• •			
	reported	Adjustments	As restated		
	£m	£m	£m		
Stocks	30.8	-1.0	29.8		
Current assets	75.0	-1.0	74.0		
Net assets	25.7	-1.0	24.7		
Profit and loss account	-55.9	-1.0	-56.9		
Net assets	25.7	-1.0	24.7		
·					
(II) Profit and loss account and other comprehensive income					
	As previously	Impact of correction			
•	reported	Adjustments	As restated .		
	£m	£m	£m		
For the period ended 25 February 2017					
Control of color	÷108.0		-108.0		
Cost of sales	-108.0		+108.0		
Loss for the period	-10.9		-10.9		
Total comprehensive loss for the period	-10.2	<u> </u>	-10.2		

The adjustment impacted the 2016 opening reserves only with the P&L impact in the year netting to zero