RGS Film & Foils Limited

Registered number: 07392531

Balance Sheet

as at 30 September 2017

	Notes		2017		2016
			£		£
Current assets					
Stocks		-		24,461	
Debtors	2	32,299		25,594	
Cash at bank and in hand		18,645		6,831	
		50,944		56,886	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	3	(32,346)		(40,869)	
Net current assets			18,598		16,017
Total assets less current liabilities		-	18,598	_	16,017
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	4		(10,900)		(10,900)
Net assets		-	7,698	-	5,117
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			300		300
Profit and loss account			7,398		4, 817
Shareholders' funds		-	7,698	- -	5,117

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mr. R. Rajdev

Director

Approved by the board on 18 April 2018

RGS Film & Foils Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 30 September 2017

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue carned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

2	Debtors	2017	2016
		£	£
	Trade debtors	32,299	25,594
3	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2017	2016
		£	£
	Trade creditors	22,106	32,673
	Corporation tax	625	375
	Other creditors	9,615	7,821
		32,346	40,869
4	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2017	2016
	Ç ,	£	£

Other creditors 10,900 10,900

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.