Andy Winter Consultancy Limited
Unaudited filleted financial statements

31 December 2017

Company registration number: 07385901

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Directors and other information

Director A Winter

Company number 07385901

Registered office Chiltern Cottage, Lincoln Road

Chalfont St Peter Gerrards Cross Buckinghamshire

SL9 9TQ

Accountants Hicks and Company

Chartered Accountants
Vaughan Chambers

Vaughan Road Harpenden Hertfordshire AL5 4EE

Chartered accountants report to the director on the preparation of the

unaudited statutory financial statements of Andy Winter Consultancy Limited

Year ended 31 December 2017

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Andy Winter Consultancy Limited for the year ended 31 December 2017 which comprise the statement of financial position and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance/.

This report is made solely to the director of Andy Winter Consultancy Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 23 August 2017. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Andy Winter Consultancy Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to them, as a body, in this report in accordance with the ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Andy Winter Consultancy Limited and its director as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Andy Winter Consultancy Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Andy Winter Consultancy Limited. You consider that Andy Winter Consultancy Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Andy Winter Consultancy Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Hicks and Company

Chartered Accountants

Vaughan Chambers

Vaughan Road

Harpenden

Hertfordshire

AL5 4EE

14 August 2018

Statement of financial position

31 December 2017

		2017		2016	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5	209		686	
			209		686
Current assets					
Debtors	6	170,000		532	
Cash at bank and in hand		240,893		161,888	
		410,893		162,420	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	7	(173,680)		(93,170)	
			007.040		00.050
Net current assets			237,213		69,250
Total assets less current liabilities			237,422		69,936
			251,422		
Provisions for liabilities			-		(140)
Net assets			237,422		69,796
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1		1
Profit and loss account			237,421		69,795
Shareholders funds			237,422		69,796

For the year ending 31 December 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444	of the Companies Act 2	006, the statement of	f income and	retained (earnings h	ıas not
been delivered.						

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 14 August 2018 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

A Winter

Director

Company registration number: 07385901

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Chiltern Cottage, Lincoln Road, Chalfont St Peter, Gerrards Cross, Buckinghamshire, SL9 9TQ.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss. The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for services rendered, stated net of discounts.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current tax and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and is subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery

- Straight line over four years

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 2 (2016: 2).

5. Tangible assets

	Plant and machinery £	Total £
Cost	_	_
At 1 January 2017 and 31 December 2017	2,364	2,364
Depreciation		
At 1 January 2017	1,678	1,678
Charge for the year	477	477
At 31 December 2017	2,155	2,155
Carrying amount At 31 December 2017	209	209
At 31 December 2016	686	686
6. Debtors		
	2017	2016
	£	£
Other debtors	170,000	532

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2017	2016
	£	£
Corporation tax	133,728	65,268
Social security and other taxes	29,967	20,148
Other creditors	9,985	7,754
	173,680	93,170

8. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

2017

	Balance brought forward	Advances /(credits) to the director	Amounts repaid	Balance o/standing
	£	£	£	£
A Winter	(6,896)	(8,630)	6,414	(9,112)
2016				
	Balance brought forward	Advances /(credits) to the director	Amounts repaid	Balance o/standing
	£	£	£	£
A Winter	(4,862)	(4,328)	2,294	(6,896)

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.