# AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

**FOR** 

**WA CAPITAL LIMITED** 

RSM UK Audit LLP Suite A, 7th Floor, East West Building 2 Tollhouse Hill Nottingham NG1 5FS

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# **WA CAPITAL LIMITED**

# COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

**DIRECTORS:** Sir W L Adderley

Sir W L Adderley Mr D L Wright Ms M J Sears

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** Two Marlborough Court

Watermead Business Park

Syston

Leicestershire LE7 1AD

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 07306402 (England and Wales)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS: RSM UK Audit LLP

Suite A, 7th Floor, East West Building 2 Tollhouse Hill Nottingham NG1 5FS

# BALANCE SHEET 30 JUNE 2021

	Notes	30/6/21 £	30/6/20 £
FIXED ASSETS Investments	4	194,273,655	255,991,170
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank	5	260,114,289 44,980,917 305,095,206	263,397,215 4,274,488 267,671,703
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR NET CURRENT ASSETS TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	6	(24,169) 305,071,037 499,344,692	(152,120) 267,519,583 523,510,753
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES NET ASSETS	7	<u>(421,804)</u> <u>498,922,888</u>	523,510,753
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Share premium Retained earnings SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	8 9 9	120,781 337,516,858 161,285,249 498,922,888	120,781 337,516,858 185,873,114 523,510,753

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit and Loss Account has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 20 December 2021 and were signed on its behalf by:

Sir W L Adderley - Director

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

WA Capital Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland ("FRS 102") as issued in August 2014, and with the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime). The changes to FRS 102 issued in September 2015 effective for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016 have been adopted and therefore, as a small company the financial statements have been prepared under section 1A the small entities regime of FRS 102.

### Going concern

The directors have prepared forecasts for a period of 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements considering the high levels of cash reserves, the nature of expenditure including the significant discretionary element and support committed to other group companies and likelihood of it being called upon, which indicate that the company will have sufficient funds to meet its liabilities as they fall due in that period. On this basis, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements.

### Financial Reporting Standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

- the requirement of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirement of Section 33 Related Party Disclosure;
- the requirement of Section 33.7 Key Management Personnel Compensation.

# Preparation of consolidated financial statements

The company is exempt by virtue of s399 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare group financial statements. These financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

## Significant judgements and estimates

The Directors are continually evaluating estimates and judgements based on historical experience and other factors, including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

# Accounting judgements in applying the Company's accounting policies

Recoverability of inter company balances is considered to be a key accounting judgement.

# Financial risk management including derivatives, objectives and forward fixed rate currency contracts

The company uses financial instruments, comprising loans, cash and other liquid resources and various other items such as trade debtors, creditors and finance arrangements that arise directly from its operations. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for its operations. The main issues arising from the company's financial instruments are liquidity risk, interest rate and foreign currency risk. The directors review and agree policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below. The policies

have remained unchanged from the previous period.

## Liquidity risk

The company seeks to manage financial risk by ensuring sufficient liquidity is available to meet foreseeable needs by negotiating adequate facilities from the Company's bankers and other lenders.

### Interest rate risk

The company finances its operations through a mixture of shareholders' equity, retained profits and bank borrowings. The Company regularly reviews its exposure to interest rate fluctuations.

### Foreign currency risk

The Company is exposed to transaction and translation foreign exchange risk. The Company seeks to minimise its exposure when known, using forward fixed rate currency contracts.

## Investments in subsidiaries

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### **Financial instruments**

Financial instruments are recognised in the balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

#### Other financial assets

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments and derivatives, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

### Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date. Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

### **Derecognition of financial assets**

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

# Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

### **Basic financial liabilities**

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised. Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method. Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Other financial liabilities

Derivatives, including interest rate swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts, are not basic financial instruments. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognised in profit or loss. Debt instruments that do not meet the conditions in FRS 102 paragraph 11.9 are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss.

# **Derecognition of financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

### **Equity instruments**

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the fair value of proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the Directors.

#### **Taxation**

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

### Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

#### Investments

Trade investments are classified as financial instruments and accounted for in accordance with the financial assets accounting policy at fair value through profit or loss.

### Income recognition

Dividends are accounted for when receivable by the company. Interest is accounted for as it falls due.

#### 3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 4 (2020 - 5).

### 4. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	30/0/21	30/0/20
	£	£
Shares in group undertakings	103	101
Other investments not loans	194,273,552	255,991,069
	194,273,655	255,991,170

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30/6/21

30/6/20

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

# 4. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS - continued

Additional information is as follows:

	Shares in group	Listed	Unlisted	
	undertaking	s investments	investments	s Totals
	£	£	£	£
COST OR VALUATION				
At 1 July 2020	101	230,704,027	10,437,042	241,141,170
Additions	2	122,913,697	3,580,891	126,494,590
Disposals	-	(194,207,449)	(3,166,559)	(197,374,008)
Fair value adjustment		8,068,301	999,772	9,068,073
At 30 June 2021	103	167,478,576	11,851,146	179,329,825
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 30 June 2021	103	167,478,576	11,851,146	179,329,825
At 30 June 2020	101	230,704,027	10,437,042	241,141,170

Cost or valuation at 30 June 2021 is represented by:

Valuation in 2021 Cost	103	Listed investments £ 67,478,576 - 67,478,576	Unlisted investments £ 11,851,146 - 11,851,146	Totals £ 179,329,722 103 179,329,825
Investments (neither listed nor unlisted) were a Other investments	s follows:		30/6/21 £ 14,943,830	30/6/20 £ 14,850,000

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### 4. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS - continued

The company owns 100% of the issued share capital of the companies listed below

WA Capital Investments Limited Marlborough Property Co Limited Whissendine Farms Limited Westgate Asset Management Limited

The principal activity of WA Capital Investments Limited and Marlborough Property Co Limited is that of Investment.

The principal activity of Whissendine Farms Limited is Mixed Farming.

Westgate Asset Management is dormant.

The company controls the following companies indirectly through its investment in Marlborough Property Co Limited

Marlborough Property (Helensburgh)Limited

Marlborough Property (Watermead) Limited

Marlborough Property (Colmore Row) Limited

Marlborough Property (Staines) Limited

Marlborough Property (Water Court) Limited

Marlborough Property (Digbeth) Limited

Marlborough Property (NBS 169) Limited

Marlborough Property (Douglas) Limited

Marlborough Property (Putney One) Limited

Marlborough Property (Putney Two) Limited

Marlborough Property (Beckenham) Limited

Marlborough Property (Camden) Limited

Marlborough Property (Chiswick) Limited

Marlborough Property (Clapham) Limited

Marlborough Property (Eltham) Limited

Marlborough Property (Kilburn) Limited

Marlborough Property (Pinner) Limited

Marlborough Property (Putney) Limited

Marlborough Property (Rickmansworth) Limited

Marlborough Property (Temple Fortune) Limited

Marlborough Property (Whetstone) Limited

The registered office of all Companies above is: Two Marlborough Court, Watermead Business Park, Syston, Leicestershire, LE7 1AD.

The principal activity of all companies listed above is that of commercial property investment, other than for the following which are dormant.

Marlborough Property (Helensburgh) Limited

Marlborough Property (Digbeth) Limited

Marlborough Property (Beckenham) Limited

Marlborough Property (Rickmansworth) Limited

Marlborough Property (Temple Fortune) Limited

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

# 5. **DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR**

Ο.	DEDICATE AMOUNT OF ALEMO DOL WITHIN ONE TEAK		
		30/6/21	30/6/20
		£	£
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	260.088.366	260,674,844
	Deferred tax asset		2,707,384
	Prepayments and accrued income	25,923	14,987
	repayments and accided moone		263,397,215
		200,114,209	200,097,210
6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
0.	CREDITORO. AMOUNTO I ALLINO DOL WITHIN ONE TEAR	30/6/21	30/6/20
		50/0/21 £	50/0/20 £
	Accruals and deferred income		152,120
	Accidats and deferred income	<u>24,169</u>	152,120
7	DROVICIONS FOR LIABILITIES		
7.	PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	20/0/04	
		30/6/21	
	Deferred tax	£	
		404.004	
	Other timing differences	<u>421,804</u>	
			5 ( )
			Deferred
			tax
	D. I		£
	Balance at 1 July 2020		(2,707,384)
	Charge to Profit and Loss Account during year		3,129,188
	Balance at 30 June 2021		<u>421,804</u>
•	AAAA ED UD GUADE GADITAI		
8.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL		
	Allotted issued and fully paid:		

Allotted, issued and fully paid:

Number:	Class:	Nominal	30/6/21	30/6/20
		value:	£	£
120,731	Ordinary A	£1	120,731	120,731
50	Ordinary B	£1	50	50
			120,781	120,781

Ordinary A shares have full voting rights.

Ordinary B shares have no voting rights nor do they contain any rights of redemption. The B ordinary shares are entitled to the first £1,000 of any dividend declared but thereafter are not entitled to any dividend.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### 9. **RESERVES**

	Retained earnings £	Share premium £	Totals £
At 1 July 2020	185,873,114	337,516,858	523,389,972
Profit for the year	15,412,135	-	15,412,135
Dividends	(40,000,000)	-	(40,000,000)
At 30 June 2021	161,285,249	337,516,858	498,802,107

# 10. DISCLOSURE UNDER SECTION 444(5B) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

The Auditors' Report was unqualified.

Kelly Boorman (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of RSM UK Audit LLP

### 11. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

	30/6/21	30/6/20
	£	£
Contracted but not provided for in the		
financial statements	3,179,052	145,229

#### 12. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage of the exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

The company was under the control of Sir WL Adderley throughout the year. Sir WL Adderley is the managing director and majority shareholder.

The company and its subsidiary WA Capital Investments Limited hold a 19% shareholding in Dunelm Group Plc which is a related party as Sir WL Adderley is a director and Deputy Chairman of the Dunelm Group. WA Capital Limited received dividends totalling £379,413.48 (2020: £9,534,934) from Dunelm PLC.

During the year WA Capital Limited paid dividends of £39,996,000 (2020: £9,999,000) to Directors of the company and close family members.

During the year WA Capital Limited donated £2,770,000 (2020: £2,797,000) to The Stoneygate Trust. Sir WL Adderley and Lady NV Adderley are both Trustees of The Stoneygate Trust and sole funders of the Charity.

During the previous year WA Capital purchased art work valued at £14,850,000 from Sir WL Adderley and Lady NV Adderley.

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

# 13. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

	Notes	30/6/21 £	30/6/20 £
Financial assets measured at fair value			
through profit or loss			
Listed investments	8	167,478,576	230,704,027
Unlisted investments	8	11,851,146	10,437,042
Financial assets that are debt instruments			
measured at amortised cost:			
Amounts owed by group undertakings	9 _	260,088,366	260,674,844
		439,4318,088	501,815,913

# Basis for determining fair value

The listed investments are valued at their quoted closing price on the year end date. Unlisted investments are valued at fair value.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.