# **BRADLEYS CONSTRUCTION LTD**

Filleted Accounts for the year ended 31 May 2021

# **BRADLEYS CONSTRUCTION LTD**

Registered number: 07293726

**Balance Sheet** 

as at 31 May 2021

	Notes		2021		2020
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		533,165		303,917
Current assets					
Stocks		270,400		297,445	
Debtors	4	352,784		190,096	
Cash at bank and in hand		440,726		142,885	
		1,063,910		630,426	
		, ,		,	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	5	(1,012,001)		(623,021)	
Net current assets			51,909		7,405
Total assets less current				_	
liabilities			585,074		311,322
			300,0.		0,022
Creditors: amounts falling					
due after more than one yea	r 6		(40,177)		(18,748)
Provisions for liabilities			(101,301)		(57,744)
Net assets		-	443,596	_	234,830
1161 055615		•	443,390	_	234,030
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			2		2
Profit and loss account			443,594		234,828
TOTAL AND 1055 ACCOUNT			770,004		254,020
Shareholders' funds			443,596	_	234,830
		•		-	

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

M Bradley

Director

Approved by the board on 24 February 2022

# **BRADLEYS CONSTRUCTION LTD**

# **Notes to the Accounts**

# for the year ended 31 May 2021

# 1 Accounting policies

# Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

# Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery 25% reducing balance Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment 25% reducing balance

#### Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

# **Debtors**

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

## **Creditors**

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

# Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing

differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

#### Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

# Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees	2021 Number	2020 Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	2	2
3	Tangible fixed assets		
			Plant and
			machinery etc
			£
	Cost		
	At 1 June 2020		575,551
	Additions		351,795
	At 31 May 2021		927,346
	Depreciation		
	At 1 June 2020		271,634
	Charge for the year		122,547
	At 31 May 2021		394,181

	Net book value		
	At 31 May 2021		533,165
	At 31 May 2020		303,917
4	Debtors	2021	2020
4	Deptois	2021 £	2020 £
		Z.	L
	Trade debtors	335,183	170,648
	Other debtors	17,601	19,448
		352,784	190,096
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2021	2020
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	54,166	310,074
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	32,648	22,498
	Trade creditors	547,814	260,184
	Taxation and social security costs	64,011	12,909
	Other creditors	313,362	17,356
		1,012,001	623,021
6	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2021	2020
	·	£	£
	Loan	9,028	-
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	31,149	18,748
		40,177	18,748

# 7 Other information

BRADLEYS CONSTRUCTION LTD is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

The New Office

Park House Farm

Appley Lane North

Appley Bridge, Wigan

WN6 9DX

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.