Amey Plastics Limited
Unaudited Filleted Accounts
31 July 2017

SAIURDAY



A15

06/01/2018 · #
COMPANIES HOUSE

**#137** 

# Amey Plastics Limited Company Information

### **Directors**

Mr KR Scott Mr PE Scott

## **Accountants**

Keith Graham Chartered Accountants Suite 2, Wesley Chambers Queens Road Aldershot Hampshire GU11 3JD

## Bankers

Lloyds Bank 75 Castle Street Farnham Surrey GU9 7LT

## Registered office

Suite 2, Wesley Chambers Queens Road Aldershot Hampshire GU11 3JD

## Registered number

07217158

## **Amey Plastics Limited**

# Chartered Accountants' report to the board of directors on the preparation of the unaudited statutory accounts of Amey Plastics Limited for the year ended 31 July 2017

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the accounts of Amey Plastics Limited for the year ended 31 July 2017 which comprise of the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Amey Plastics Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 11 October 2016. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the accounts of Amey Plastics Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of Amey Plastics Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Amey Plastics Limited and its Board of Directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Amey Plastics Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Amey Plastics Limited. You consider that Amey Plastics Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the accounts of Amey Plastics Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory accounts.

Keith Graham

Chartered Accountants
Suite 2. Wesley Chambers

Queens Road

Aldershot

Hampshire

GU11<sub>a</sub>3JD

... 2018

Amey Plastics Limited Registered number: Balance Sheet as at 31 July 2017

07217158

	Notes		2017 £		2016 £
Fixed assets					_
Tangible assets	4		149,245		117,794
Current assets					
Stocks		109,608		115,282	
Debtors	5	282,894		240,963	
Cash at bank and in hand	_	21,458		59,553	
		413,960		415,798	
Creditors: amounts falling du	e <sub>.</sub>				
within one year	6	(126,554)		(123,967)	
Net current assets	_		287,406		291,831 ,
Total assets less current liabilities			436,651		409,625
			,		,
Creditors: amounts falling du after more than one year	<b>e</b> 7		(7,217)	•	_
	•		(,,=,,,		
Provisions for liabilities			(19,000)		(19,000)
		<u>-</u>			
Net assets		-	410,434		390,625
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account		•	410,334		390,525
Shareholders' funds		-	410,434	`	1 390,625
		-	,		-1

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mr KR Scott Director

Approved by the board on ...!

20178

2/01/

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

In preparing the accounts, the Directors have considered whether in applying the accounting policies required by FRS 102 the restatement of comparative items was required. There was no requirement for restatement.

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of moulded products and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of moulded products is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated total costs.

#### Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery 10% straight line Motor vehicles 20% straight line Computer Equipment 20% straight line

#### Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

#### **Debtors**

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

## 1 Accounting policies - continued

#### **Creditors**

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

#### **Taxation**

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

#### Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

#### **Pensions**

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees	2017 Number	2016 Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	8	6

3

Intangible fixed assets Goodwill:	£
Cost	
At 1 August 2016	141,365
At 31 July 2017	141,365_
Amortisation	•
At 1 August 2016	141,365
At 31 July 2017	141,365_
Net book value	
- At 31 July 2017	<u>-</u> _

Goodwill is being written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated economic life of 5 years.

## 4 Tangible fixed assets

٠		Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
٠.	Cost			
•	At 1 August 2016	238,380	5,133	243,513
	Additions	58,242	_	58,242
	Disposals		(5,133)	(5,133)
	At 31 July 2017	296,622	<del></del>	296,622
	Depreciation			
	At 1 August 2016	120,586	5,133	125,719
	Charge for the year	26,791	-	26,791
	On disposals	<u> </u>	(5,133)	(5,133)
	At 31 July 2017	147,377		147,377
	Net book value			
	At 31 July 2017	149,245	<del>-</del> -	149,245
	At 31 July 2016	117,794	<del>-</del> -	117,794
5	Debtors		2017	2016
			£	£
	Trade debtors		275,292	232,596
	Other debtors	_	7,602	8,367
		- -	282,894	240,963

6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			2017 £	2016 £
	Obligations under finance lease and Trade creditors Taxation and social security costs Other creditors	nd hire purchase co	ontracts	5,413 21,618 82,543 16,980 126,554	20,855 74,588 28,524 123,967
7	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year  Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts			2017 £	2016 £
				7,217	
8 Other financial commitments				2017 £	2016 £
	Total future minimum payments under non-cancellable operating leases			286,019	342,154
9	Loans with directors Description and conditions	B/fwd £	Paid £	Repaid £	C/fwd £
	Mr KR Scott Director's current account Enlite Engineering partnership	7,044	8 126,847	- (127,077)	8 6,814
	Mr PE Scott Director's current account Enlite Engineering partnership	- 7,044	8 126,847	 (127,077)	8 6,814
		14,088	253,710	(254,154)	13,644

These loans are included in other creditors in note 6.

## 10 Related party transactions

## **Enlite Engineering**

During the period the company traded with Enlite Engineering, a partnership in which Mr KR Scott and Mr PE Scott are partners.

During the year the Enlite Engineering partnership has charged £216,195 (2016: £121,652) for the machining of various tools and parts as well as the management of production projects and tools made for resale. The company also purchased the Nab Shackle tooling from Enlite Engineering for £37,500. Enlite Engineering also paid costs of £nil (2016: £918). During the year Enlite Engineering was repaid £254,154 (2016: £120,252) in relation to the above.

## 11 Controlling party

Mr KR Scott and Mr PE Scott are considered to be the ultimate controlling party by virtue of their ability to act in concert in respect of the operational and financial policies of the company.

### 12 Other information

Amey Plastics Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Suite 2, Wesley Chambers Queens Road Aldershot Hampshire GU11 3JD

The functional currency for these accounts is Sterling.

In preparing the accounts, the directors have considered whether in applying the accounting policies required by FRS 102 a restatement of comparative items was required. There was no requirement for restatement.