Registered number: 07107847

AMCOR FLEXIBLES FINANCE LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors C Cheetham

R Dixon

M Watts (resigned 28 September 2018) M Burrows (appointed 28 September 2018)

Registered number 07107847

Registered office Amcor Central Services Bristol

83 Tower Road North

Warmley Bristol BS30 8XP

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Business review and future developments

The Company is a wholly owned indirect subsidiary of Amcor Limited ("the group") and the directors of the group manage operations at a group level. Due to the non-complex nature of the Company's activities the Company's directors believe that analysis using key performance indicators is not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business in the Company. Accordingly the development, performance and position of the group, which includes the Company, are set out in the group's annual report which does not form part of this report, but is available at www.amcor.com.

The Company acts as an intermediate holding company for investments in group undertakings.

No impairments were recognised during the year and the current level of activity is expected to continue in the future.

Financial risk management

Due to the nature of the Company's activities its exposure to financial risk is limited. In addition, the directors of the group manage the group's risk at a group level, rather than at an individual entity level. For this reason, the Company's directors believe that a discussion of the group's risks would not be appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business of the Company.

Principal risk and uncertainties

The principal risks and uncertainties of the group, which include those of the Company, are discussed in the group's annual report (which does not form part of this report).

Financial and other key performance indicators

The financial and other key performance indicators of the group, which include those of the Company, are discussed in the group's annual report (which does not form part of this report).

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

R Dixon Director

Date: 16 October 2018

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2018.

Results and dividends

The profit for the financial year, after taxation, amounted to €66,524,000 (2017 - €50,537,000).

The company paid an ordinary share dividend in the year of €60,000,000 (2017 - €50,000,000). The company does not propose the payment of a final dividend.

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

C Cheetham

R Dixon

M Watts (resigned 28 September 2018)

Future developments and financial risk management

Details of the likely future developments in the Company's business and financial risk management have been included within the Strategic Report.

Subsequent events

There have been no significant events affecting the Company since the year end.

On 6 August 2018, it was announced that Amcor Limited, the Company's ultimate parent, will acquire Bemis in a US\$6.8 billion, all-stock transaction.

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual report and audited financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare audited financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' (FRS 101). Under Company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these audited financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the audited financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the audited financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

Independent auditors

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

R Dixon Director

Date: 16 October 2018

Independent auditors' report to the members of Amcor Flexibles Finance Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion, Amcor Flexibles Finance Limited's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2018 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report, which comprise: the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2018; the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which ISAs (UK) require us to report to you when:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Strategic Report and Directors' Report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on the responsibilities described above and our work undertaken in the course of the audit, ISAs (UK) require us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

Strategic Report and Directors' Report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2018 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Duncan Stratford (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Bristol

October 2018

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STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	Note	2018 €000	2017 €000
Income from shares in group undertakings		66,000	50,000
Interest receivable and similar income	5	524	537
Profit before taxation	-	66,524	50,537
Tax on profit	6	-	-
Profit for the financial year	- -	66,524	50,537
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	- -	66,524	50,537

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2018 or 2017 other than those included in the statement of comprehensive income.

The notes on pages 10 to 20 form part of these financial statements.

AMCOR FLEXIBLES FINANCE LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 07107847

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2018

	Note		2018 €000		2017 €000
Fixed assets					
Investments	8		530,456	•	530,456
		-	530,456	•	530,456
Current assets					
Debtors	9	49,920		49,925	
Cash at bank and in hand	10	7,576		1,047	
	•	57,496		50,972	
Total assets less current liabilities	•		587,952		581,428
Net assets		-	507.052		
net assets		=	587,952 	:	581,428
Equity					
Called up share capital	12		579,753		579,753
Retained earnings			8,199		1,675
Total shareholders' funds		-	587,952	-	581,428

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

R Dixon Director

Date: 16 October 2018

The notes on pages 10 to 20 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	Called up share capital	Retained earnings	Total shareholders' funds
	€000	€000	€000
At 1 July 2017	579,753	1,675	581,428
Profit for the financial year	-	66,524	66,524
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		66,524	66,524
Dividends: Equity capital	-	(60,000)	(60,000)
Total transactions with owners	-	(60,000)	(60,000)
At 30 June 2018	579,753	8,199	587,952

The notes on pages 10 to 20 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

	Called up share capital	Retained earnings	Total shareholders' funds
	€000	€000	€000
At 1 July 2016	579,753	1,138	580,891
Profit for the financial year	· •	50,537	50,537
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		50,537	50,537
Dividends: Equity capital	-	(50,000)	(50,000)
Total transactions with owners	•	(50,000)	(50,000)
At 30 June 2017	579,753	1,675	581,428

The notes on pages 10 to 20 form part of these financial statements.

1. General information

Amcor Flexibles Finance Limited is a company limited by shares and incorporated in the United Kingdom. The address of the registered office is 83 Tower Road North, Warmley, Bristol, BS30 8XP.

The Company acts as an intermediate holding company for investments in group undertakings.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company accounting policies (see note 3).

'The Company has taken advantage of the exemption under s401 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare group financial statements as it is a wholly owned subsidiary of Amcor Limited.

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.2 Financial reporting standard 101 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures
- the requirements of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement
- the requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' to present comparative information in respect of:
 - paragraph 79(a)(iv) of IAS 1;
- the requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10(f), 16, 38A, 38B, 38C, 38D, 40A, 40B, 40C, 40D,
 111 and 134-136 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements
- the requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows
- the requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
- the requirements of paragraph 17 and 18A of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures
- the requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions
 entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is
 a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member
- the requirements of paragraphs 134(d)-134(f) and 135(c)-135(e) of IAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 New standards and interpretations, and interpretations not yet applied

There were a number of amendments to existing standards and interpretations that were effective for the current period, but none of these has a material impact on the company.

IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' will be effective for the year ended 30 June 2018 onwards, the main impact being the impairment assessment methodology used to value trade receivables. The Company is currently in the process of finalising the assessment of the impact on the Financial Statements, however, this is not expected to be significant.

2.4 Associates and joint ventures

Associates and Joint Ventures are held at cost less impairment.

2.5 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

2.6 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

The directors perform an annual impairment assessment and where a potential exposure is identified a full impairment review in compliance with IAS 36, 'Impairment of assets' is undertaken. To assess the carrying value of the investments the directors consider underlying net asset values and future earnings where appropriate. Any impairment recognised is taken to the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Where the directors become aware that the circumstances that gave rise to a previous impairment are no longer applicable the impairment is reversed. The credit is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

2.7 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.9 Financial instruments

The Company recognises financial instruments when it becomes a party to the contractual arrangements of the instrument. Financial instruments are de-recognised when they are discharged or when the contractual terms expire. The Company's accounting policies in respect of financial instruments transactions are explained below:

Financial assets

The Company classifies all of its financial assets as loans and receivables.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise principally through the provision of goods and services to customers (e.g. trade receivables), but also incorporate other types of contractual monetary asset. They are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to their acquisition or issue, and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less provision for impairment.

Impairment provisions are recognised when there is objective evidence (such as significant financial difficulties on the part of the counterparty or default or significant delay in payment) that the Company will be unable to collect all of the amounts due under the terms receivable, the amount of such a provision being the difference between the net carrying amount and the present value of the future expected cash flows associated with the impaired receivable. For trade receivables, which are reported net, such provisions are recorded in a separate allowance account with the loss being recognised within administrative expenses in the Statement of comprehensive income. On confirmation that the trade receivable will not be collected, the gross carrying value of the asset is written off against the associated provision.

Financial liabilities

The Company classifies all of its financial liabilities as liabilities at amortised cost.

At amortised cost

Financial liabilities at amortised cost including bank borrowings are initially recognised at fair value net of any transaction costs directly attributable to the issue of the instrument. Such interest bearing liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, which ensures that any interest expense over the period to repayment is at a constant rate on the balance of the liability carried into the Statement of financial position.

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.10 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is Euros.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

The exchange rate at the year end was €1 = £0.8841 (2017 - £0.8800).

2.11 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

2.12 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income using the effective interest method.

2.13 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

3. Critical accounting estimates and judgments

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

1. Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Management does not believe that there are any critical accounting estimates or assumptions made when applying the Company accounting policies.

2. Critical judgments in applying the entity's accounting policies

The Company follows the guidance of IAS 36 to determine whether an investment is impaired. This determination requires significant judgement. In making the judgment, the Company evaluates, among other factors, the duration and extent to which the fair value of an investment is less than it cost.

4. Operating profit

The emoluments of the directors are paid by fellow group companies, which makes no recharge to the Company. All directors are directors of a number of fellow subsidiaries and it is not possible to make an accurate apportionment of their emoluments in respect of each of the subsidiaries. Accordingly, the above details include no emoluments in respect of the directors.

During the current and prior year there were no employees other than the directors.

Auditors' remuneration of €3,000 (2017 - €3,000) in respect of the audit of the Company was borne by a fellow subsidiary in the current and prior year and has not been recharged to the Company.

5. Interest receivable and similar income

		2018 €000	2017 €000
	Interest receivable from group companies	524	537
		524	537
6.	Tax on profit		
		2018 €000	2017 €000
	Total current tax	-	
	Deferred tax		
	Total deferred tax	-	-
	Tax on profit		-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

6. Tax on profit (continued)

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2017 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.00% (2017 - 19.75%). The differences are explained below:

	2018 €000	2017 .€000
Profit before taxation	66,524	50,537
Profit before taxation multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.00% (2017 - 19.75%) Effects of:	12,640	9,981
Non-taxable dividend income	(12,540)	(9,875)
Group relief	(100)	(106)
Total tax charge for the year	-	-

The corporation tax payable for the year has been reduced by €100,000 (2017 - €106,000) because of group relief received from a fellow subsidiary, for which no payment will be made (2017 - €NIL).

Factors that may affect future tax charges

The main rate of corporation tax was reduced from 20% to 19% on 1 April 2017. A further reduction to 17% from 1 April 2020 was legislated by Finance Bill 2016, which was substantially enacted on 6 September 2016.

7. Dividends

	2018 €000	2017 €000
Dividends paid on equity capital	60,000	50,000
	60,000	50,000

The company does not propose the payment of a final dividend.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

8. Investments

	Investments in subsidiary companies €000	Investments in associates €000	Total €000
Cost or valuation			
At 1 July 2017	527,525	2,931	530,456
At 30 June 2018	527,525	2,931	530,456
Net book value			
At 30 June 2018	527,525	2,931	530,456
At 30 June 2017	527,525	2,931	530,456

The Directors consider the value of the investments to be supported by their underlying net assets.

8. Investments (continued)

Subsidiary undertakings

The following were direct and indirect subsidairy undertakings of the Company:

Name	Registered office	Class of shares	Holding	Principal activity
Amcor Flexibles ApS	Hattingvej 10, DK- 8700, Horsens, Denmark	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
Amcor International Finance LLC	Corporation TrustCenter, 1209Orange Street, Wilmington DE19801, UnitedStates	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
Amcor Flexibles Burgdorf GmbH	Kirchbergstrasse1 68-170, P.O.1060, CH-3401, Burgdorf, Switzerland	Ordinary	100%	Packaging manufacturer
Amcor Flexibles Denmark ApS	Hattingvej 10, DK- 8700, Horsens, Denmark	Ordinary	100%	Packaging manufacturer
Amcor Flexibles Malmo AB	Hanögatan 11, SE-211 24, Malmö, Sweden	Orindary	100%	Holding company
Amcor Flexibles Lund AB	Hanögatan 11, SE-211 24, Malmö, Sweden	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
Amcor Flexibles Neocel - Embalagens, Unipessoal, Lda	· Quinta daMarquesa IV, Quinta do Anjo, P- 2950-677, Palmela, Portugal	Ordinary	100%	Packaging manufacturer
Amcor Flexibles Netherlands Holding BV	JC Vanmarken Straat 4, AS Assen, Netherlands	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
Amcor Flexibles Culemborg BV	Finsestraat 1, NL- 7202 CE Zutphen, P.O. Box 12, NL- 7200 AA Zutphen, Netherlands	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
Amcor Flexibles Zutphen BV	Finsestraat 1, NL- 7202 CE Zutphen, P.O. Box 12, NL- 7200 AA Zutphen, Netherlands	Ordinary	100%	Packaging manufacturer
Amcor Tobacco Packaging Brabant BV	Burgerhout 25, Bergen Op Zoom, NL-4613 BZ, Netherlands	Ordinary	100%	Packaging manufacturer

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

8. Investments (continued)

Amcor Tobacco Packaging Mexico S. de R.L. de C.V	Blvd. Escobedo, 320 ApodacaTechnolo gy Park, Apodaca, NuevoLeon, 66600, Mexico	Ordinary	100%	Packaging manufacturer
Amcor Flexibles Rorschach AG	Industriestrasse35 , CH-9401, Rorschach, Switzerland	Ordinary	100%	Packaging manufacturer
Amcor Flexibles Transpac BVBA	Industriepark Halensbroek 1003, 3545 Halen, Belgium	Ordinary	100%	Packaging manufacturer
Amcor Flexibles Deutschland GmbH	Hohenstaufenring 62, 50674, Köln, Germany	Ordinary	100%	Packaging manufacturer
Amcor Flexibles Europa Sur SLU	Avenida Sant Julia222, E-08400, Granollers, Barcelona, Spain	Orindary	100%	Packaging manufacturer
Amcor Flexibles Espana SL	Carretera CV- 50KM 18, 1 Alzira,Valencia, Spain	Ordinary	100%	Packaging manufacturer
Amcor Flexibles Portugal Lda	•	Ordinary	99.99%	Packaging company
Amcor Flexibles Pergut SL	Isla de la Palma, 32 Nave 4, 28700 San Sebastian delos Reyes, Madrid, Spain	Ordinary	100%	Packaging manufacturer
Amcor Rigid Plastics de Venezuela SA	Calle Este Oeste5 C/C AV. NorteSur 5 edif. Amcor, piso PB, Of Adm.Zona Industrial Municipal Norte Valencia, Estado Carabobo, Venezuela	•	61.00%	Packaging manufacturer
Amcor Flexibles Packaging Europe BVBA	Industriepark Halensbroek 1003, 3545 Halen, Belgium	Ordinary	100%	Packaging manufacturer
Amcor Flexibles UK Holding Limited	83 Tower Road North, Warmely, Bristol, England, BS30 8XP	Ordinary	100%	Holding company

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

8. Investments (continued)

Amcor Flexibles Finland Oy	PO Box 100, Kauttua, FI-27501, Finland	Ordinary	100%	Packaging manufacturer
Amcor Flexibles Sligo Limited	Finisklin Business Park, Sligo, County Sligo, F91N674, Ireland	Ordinary	100%	Packaging manufacturer
Sidlaw Group Limited	83 Tower Road North, Warmley, Bristol, England, BS30 8XP	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
Amcor Flexibles UK Limited	83 Tower Road North, Warmley, Bristol, England, BS30 8XP	Ordinary	100%	Packaging manufacturer
Amcor Flexibles Winterbourne Limited	83 Tower Road North, Warmley, Bristol, England, BS30 8XP	Ordinary	100%	Packaging manufacturer
Immo Transpac BVBA	Industriepark Halensbroek 1003, 3545 Halen, Belgium	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
Amcor Flexibles Nederland BV	Burgerhout 25, Bergen Op Zoom, NL-4613 BZ, Netherlands	Ordinary	43.72%	Packaging manufacturer

9. Debtors

	2018 €000	2017 €000
Amounts owed by group undertakings	49,920	49,925
	49,920	49,925

Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, have no fixed repayment date, bear interest at various rates and are recoverable on demand.

10. Cash at bank and in hand

	2018 €000	2017 €000
Cash at bank and in hand	7,576	1,047
	7,576	1,047

11. Financial instruments

	2018 €000	2017 €000
Financial assets	2000	2000
Cash at bank and in hand measured at amortised cost	7,576	1,047
Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost	49,920	49,925
	57,496	50,972
	=	

Financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise cash at bank and in hand.

Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost comprise amounts owed by group undertakings.

12. Called up share capital

	2018	2017
	€000	€000
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
579,752,611 (2017 - 579,752,611) ordinary shares of €1 each	579,753	579,753
	=======================================	

Each type of ordinary share is entitled to one vote and is not redeemable. The ordinary shares rank pari passu in all respects.

13. Security

The Company participates in a group cash pooling arrangement between banking providers and other members of the Amcor group. All members of the group cash pool arrangement are jointly and severally liable for any payment default. At at 30 June 2018, the cash pool was in a net surplus position of €62,700,000 (2017 - €27,000,000).

14. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The immediate parent undertaking is Amcor Europe Investment Holdings Limited, registered in England and Wales.

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Amcor Limited, incorporated in Australia, which is the parent undertaking of the largest and smallest group to consolidate these financial statements. Copies of Amcor Limited consolidated financial statements can be obtained from the Company Secretary at 109 Burwood Road, Hawthorn, Victoria 3122, Australia.

On 6 August 2018, it was announced that Amcor Limited, the Company's ultimate parent, will acquire Bemis in a US\$6.8 billion, all-stock transaction.