Company registration number: 07081024

Mooji Media Ltd Unaudited Filleted Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2021

Mooji Media Ltd

Report to the board of directors on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements of Mooji Media Ltd

Year ended 31 December 2021

As described on the statement of financial position, the Board of Directors of Mooji Media Ltd are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021, which comprise the income statement, statement of financial position and related notes.

You consider that the company is exempt from an audit under the Companies Act 2006.

In accordance with your instructions we have compiled these unaudited financial statements in order to assist you to fulfil your statutory responsibilities, from the accounting records and from information and explanations supplied to us.

DK London Ltd

447a, Staines Road West Staines Road West Ashford MIDDX TW15 2AB United Kingdom

Date: 13 June 2022

Mooji Media Ltd

Statement of Financial Position

31 December 2021

		2021	2020
	Note	£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Intangible assets	5	761	761
CURRENT ACCETO			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	7	2,112	3,454
Cash at bank and in hand		208,816	208,078
		210,928	211,532
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(6,737)	(7,372)
Net current assets	_	204,191	204,160
Total assets less current liabilities	_	204,952	204,921
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital		2	2
Profit and loss account		204,950	204,919
Shareholders funds		204,952	204,921
			

For the year ending 31 December 2021, the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the income statement has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 13 June 2022 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

A Kaur

Director

Company registration number: 07081024

Mooji Media Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2021

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

The company is a private company limited by shares and is registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 447 Staines Road West, Ashford, Middlesex, TW15 2AB, .

2 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company.

TURNOVER

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost and are subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses or at a revalued amount. However, Intangible assets acquired as part of a business combination are only recognised separately from goodwill when they arise from contractual or other legal rights, are separable, the expected future economic benefits are probable and the cost or value can be measured reliably.

Any intangible assets carried at a revalued amount are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation, as determined by reference to an active market, less any subsequent accumulated amortisation and subsequent

accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves. However, the increase is recognised in profit or loss to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves. If a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess is recognised in profit or loss.

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Other intangible assets

25% straight line

TANGIBLE ASSETS

Tangible assets are initially measured at cost, and are subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses or at a revalued amount.

Any tangible assets carried at a revalued amount are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves. However, the increase is recognised in profit or loss to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves. If a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess is recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery

25% straight line

IMPAIRMENT

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual

provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price and are subsequently measured as

follows: Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost and commitments to receive a loan

and to make a loan to another entity are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in

non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded

or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value

with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured

at cost less impairment.

All other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, which is normally the

transaction price and are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of

impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss

is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

All equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, are

assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the

basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does

not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been

had the impairment not previously been recognised.

DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related

service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will

lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

4 AVERAGE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year was 2 (2020: 3.00).

5 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Other intangible

assets

£

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COST		
At 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021		761
AMORTISATION		
At 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021		-
CARRYING AMOUNT		
At 31 December 2021		761
At 31 December 2020		761
6 TANGIBLE ASSETS		
		Plant and
		machinery etc.
		£
COST		
At 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021		1,455
DEPRECIATION		
At 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021		1,455
CARRYING AMOUNT		
At 31 December 2021		-
At 31 December 2020		-
7 DEBTORS		
	2021	2020
	£	£
Trade debtors	-	190
Other debtors	2,112	3,264
	2,112	3,454

8 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2021	2020
	£	£
Trade creditors	4,495	4,857
Taxation and social security	(358)	(435)
Other creditors	2,600	2,950
	6,737	7,372

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.