COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 07070200

ADRIAN WALSH FINANCIAL CONSULTING LTD ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 30 NOVEMBER 2015

MURRAY AND LAMB

Chartered Accountants 25-27 Medomsley Road Consett Co Durham DH8 5HE





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ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2015

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ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF ADRIAN WALSH FINANCIAL CONSULTING LTD

YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2015

As described on the balance sheet, the directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the abbreviated accounts for the year ended 30 November 2015, which comprise the Balance Sheet and the related notes.

You consider that the company is exempt from an audit under the Companies Act 2006.

In accordance with your instructions we have compiled these unaudited abbreviated accounts in order to assist you to fulfil your statutory responsibilities, from the accounting records and information and explanations supplied to us.

MURRAY AND LAMB
Chartered Accountants

25-27 Medomsley Road

Consett

Co Durham DH8 5HE

12.5.2016

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

30 NOVEMBER 2015

		2015		2014
	Note	£	£	£
CURRENT ASSETS				
Debtors		42,668		19,500
Cash at bank and in hand		97,464		62,173
		140,132		81,673
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	ar	47,118		41,667
NET CURRENT ASSETS			93,014	40,006
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIE	S		93,014	40,006
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called-up equity share capital	2		200	200
Profit and loss account			92,814	39,806
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			93,014	40,006

For the year ended 30 November 2015 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on .30.4.1.b., and are signed on their behalf by:

Mrs M Trigg Director

Company Registration Number: 07070200

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NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2015

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Changes in accounting policies

In preparing the financial statements for the current year, the company has adopted the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

ADRIAN WALSH FINANCIAL CONSULTING LTD NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2015

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Compound instruments

Compound instruments comprise both a liability and an equity component. At date of issue, the fair value of the liability component is estimated using the prevailing market interest rate for a similar debt instrument. The liability component is accounted for as a financial liability.

The residual is the difference between the net proceeds of issue and the liability component (at time of issue). The residual is the equity component, which is accounted for as an equity instrument.

The interest expense on the liability component is calculated applying the effective interest rate for the liability component of the instrument. The difference between this amount and any repayments is added to the carrying amount of the liability in the balance sheet.

2. SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2015		2014	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	200	200	200	200
			-	