REGISTERED NUMBER: 06835899 (England and Wales)

#### C F Struthers (Holdings) Limited

Group Strategic Report, Report of the Director and

Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31st December 2018

Smailes Goldie
Chartered Accountants
Statutory Auditor
Regent's Court
Princess Street
Hull
East Yorkshire
HU2 8BA

## **Contents of the Consolidated Financial Statements**

for the year ended 31st December 2018

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## C F Struthers (Holdings) Limited

Company Information for the year ended 31st December 2018

DIRECTOR:	N Burton
SECRETARY:	M J Graves
REGISTERED OFFICE:	Millennium Works Valetta Street Hedon Road Hull East Yorkshire HU9 5NP
REGISTERED NUMBER:	06835899 (England and Wales)
AUDITORS:	Smailes Goldie Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor Regent's Court Princess Street Hull East Yorkshire HU2 8BA

#### **Group Strategic Report**

for the year ended 31st December 2018

The director presents his strategic report of the company and the group for the year ended 31st December 2018.

The principal activity of the company is that of fabrication engineers.

#### **REVIEW OF BUSINESS**

Trading during this accounting period has been slow, mainly due to client project delays. The Director decided not to change the business strategy but to continue with its Waste Heat Recovery and Power plant focus. Owing to the low oil pricing worldwide only one Waste Heart Recovery contract was secured, the remaining turnover relied upon low margin site activities on Biomass Power Plants. The group will consider new marketing strategies during 2019, including a new website to encourage new business. During the period the group has reduced its overheads in line with the current business activity. Indications are that several new contracts will be confirmed during 2019 and as such the group remains optimistic for the future.

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Director considers that the key risks for the business are meeting customers' constant higher expectations. The risk is managed by ensuring the group's quality systems are maintained, key members of staff retained and a focus on exceeding customer's expectations.

#### **KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS**

The ultimate controlling party is also a director of the company and is closely involved in the company's activities. The company's director therefore believe that the analysis of the company's performance for the year using Key Performance Indicators is not necessary as the shareholder already understands the development, performance and position of the company.

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The main financial risk, to which the group is exposed is cash flow management. The group manages this risk by closely monitoring and managing the funding position with use of the group's bank facility when required.

#### ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

N Burton - Director

30th September 2019

#### **Report of the Director**

for the year ended 31st December 2018

The director presents his report with the financial statements of the company and the group for the year ended 31st December 2018.

#### **DIVIDENDS**

The total distribution of dividends for the year ended 31 December 2018 was £70,000.

#### DIRECTOR

N Burton held office during the whole of the period from 1st January 2018 to the date of this report.

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The director is responsible for preparing the Group Strategic Report, the Report of the Director and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's and the group's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and the group and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the group's auditors are unaware, and he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the group's auditors are aware of that information.

#### **AUDITORS**

The auditors, Smailes Goldie, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

#### ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

N Burton - Director

30th September 2019

## Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of C F Struthers (Holdings) Limited

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of C F Struthers (Holdings) Limited (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 31st December 2018 which comprise the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Balance Sheet, Company Balance Sheet, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement, Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company affairs as at 31st December 2018 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the director's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the director has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the group's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

#### Other information

The director is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Director, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Director for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Director have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

# Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of C F Struthers (Holdings) Limited

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Group Strategic Report or the Report of the Director.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of director's remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

#### Responsibilities of director

As explained more fully in the Statement of Director's Responsibilities set out on page three, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the director determines necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the director is responsible for assessing the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the director either intends to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Jeremy Allison BSc FCA CF (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Smailes Goldie Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor Regent's Court Princess Street Hull East Yorkshire HU2 8BA

30th September 2019

# Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31st December 2018

		201		2017	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
TURNOVER	3		6,090,102		8,960,870
Cost of sales GROSS PROFIT			4,761,920 1,328,182	-	7,402,754 1,558,116
Distribution costs Administrative expenses		146,697 968,347	4 445 044	205,225 1,004,055	4 200 220
OPERATING PROFIT	5		<u>1,115,044</u> 213,138	_	1,209,280 348,836
Interest receivable and similar income			132 213,270	-	206 349,042
Interest payable and similar expenses PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	6		<u>16,635</u> 196,635	-	18,24 <u>5</u> 330,797
Tax on profit PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	7		40,227 156,408	-	8,711 322,086
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME				_	
FOR THE YEAR			156,408	-	322,086
Profit attributable to: Owners of the parent			<u>156,408</u>	-	322,086
Total comprehensive income attributable to Owners of the parent	:		156,408	=	322,086

## **Consolidated Balance Sheet**

31st December 2018

		201	18	201	7
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	10		-		=
Tangible assets	11		2,375,388		2,400,813
Investments	12				
			2,375,388		2,400,813
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	13	49,547		65,852	
Debtors	14	2,173,118		3,158,586	
Cash at bank and in hand		238,820		277,309	
		2,461,485	-	3,501,747	
CREDITORS		_ <b>, ,</b>		-,,,	
Amounts falling due within one year	15	1,627,175		2,682,241	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			834,310		819,506
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			<del></del>		<del>'</del>
LIABILITIES			3,209,698		3,220,319
					, ,
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	16		(16,222)		(115,735)
•			•		
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	20		(28,762)		(26,278)
NET ASSETS			3,164,714		3,078,306
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	21		60,000		60,000
Share premium	22		540,000		540,000
Revaluation reserve	22		766,430		766,430
Retained earnings	22		1,798,284		1,711,876
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			3,164,714		3,078,306

The financial statements were approved by the director on 30th September 2019 and were signed by:

N Burton - Director

## Company Balance Sheet 31st December 2018

	2018		<b>2018</b> 2017	
Notes	£	£	£	£
10		-		-
11		-		-
12		1,200,986		1,200,986
		1,200,986		1,200,986
14	115,000		115,000	
15	668,193		668,193	
		(553,193)		<u>(553,193</u> )
		647,793		647,793
21		60,000		60,000
22		540,000		540,000
22		47,793		47,793
		647,793		647,793
		70.000		100,000
	10 11 12 14 15	Notes £  10 11 12  14 115,000  15 668,193	Notes £ £  10 11 12	Notes £ £ £  10 11 12

The financial statements were approved by the director on 30th September 2019 and were signed by:

N Burton - Director

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st December 2018

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Share premium £	Revaluation reserve £	Total equity £
Balance at 1st January 2017	60,000	1,489,790	540,000	766,430	2,856,220
Changes in equity					
Dividends	-	(100,000)	-	_	(100,000)
Total comprehensive income	-	322,086	-	-	322,086
Balance at 31st December 2017	60,000	1,711,876	540,000	766,430	3,078,306
Changes in equity					
Dividends	-	(70,000)	-	-	(70,000)
Total comprehensive income		156,408	-	-	156,408
Balance at 31st December 2018	60,000	1,798,284	540,000	766,430	3,164,714

# Company Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st December 2018

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Share premium £	Total equity £
Balance at 1st January 2017	60,000	47,793	540,000	647,793
Changes in equity				
Dividends	-	(100,000)	-	(100,000)
Total comprehensive income	-	100,000	-	100,000
Balance at 31st December 2017	60,000	47,793	540,000	647,793
Changes in equity				
Dividends	-	(70,000)	-	(70,000)
Total comprehensive income		70,000	-	70,000
Balance at 31st December 2018	60,000	47,793	540,000	647,793

## **Consolidated Cash Flow Statement**

for the year ended 31st December 2018

		2018	2017
	Notes	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities		222.422	(700.004)
Cash generated from operations	1	390,468	(706,991)
Interest paid		(13,514)	(15,588)
Interest element of hire purchase		(3,121)	(2.657)
payments paid Tax paid		(3,121) (152,086)	(2,657) 3,009
Net cash from operating activities		221,747	(722,227)
Net cash from operating activities			(122,221)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(56,371)	(3,429)
Sale of tangible fixed assets		15,001	21,751
Interest received		132	206
Net cash from investing activities		(41,238)	18,528
Cash flows from financing activities			
Loan repayments in year		(90.000)	(90,000)
Hire purchase capital repayments		(58,998)	(65,404)
Equity dividends paid		(70,000)	(100,000)
Net cash from financing activities		(218,998)	(255,404)
			/
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(38,489)	(959,103)
Cash and cash equivalents at		, ,	, ,
beginning of year	2	277,309	1,236,412
Cash and cash equivalents at end of			
year	2	238,820	277,309
your	_		277,555

### **Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement**

for the year ended 31st December 2018

## 1. RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

	2018	2017
	£	£
Profit before taxation	196,635	330,797
Depreciation charges	97,483	104,014
(Profit)/loss on disposal of fixed assets	(1,688)	2,787
Finance costs	16,635	18,245
Finance income	(132)	(206)
	308,933	455,637
Decrease/(increase) in stocks	16,305	(16,305)
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other debtors	985,468	(205,907)
Decrease in trade and other creditors	(920,238)	(940,416)
Cash generated from operations	390,468	(706,991)

#### 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance Sheet amounts:

#### Year ended 31st December 2018

	31.12.18	1.1.18
Cash and cash equivalents	238,820	<u>277,309</u>
Year ended 31st December 2017		
	31.12.17	1.1.17
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>277,309</u>	1,236,412

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

for the year ended 31st December 2018

#### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

C F Struthers (Holdings) Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the General Information page.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards including Financial Reporting Standards 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (FRS 102) and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain items at fair value.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented unless otherwise stated.

#### Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the company and all of its subsidiary undertakings made up to 31st December 2018. The results of companies acquired in the period are included from the effective date of acquiring control.

#### Going concern

The director has assessed the risks and uncertainties that may affect the group's ability to trade as a going concern. The director has in particular considered the group's reliance on a major customer and the risk to the business if this customer ceases to purchase the group's products and services, or becomes unable to pay its debts to the group. The director is mindful that the group has secured new contracts on which work has already commenced and which have a positive cash flow. Following this assessment, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, this assumes that the group will continue to be able to meet its financial liabilities as they fall due in the foreseeable future.

#### **Turnover**

When the outcome of long term contracts can be estimated reliably, contract costs and turnover are recognised by reference to the stage of completion at the balance sheet date. Stage of completion is measured by reference to costs incurred to date and estimated costs to complete. Where the outcome cannot be measured reliably, contract costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred and contract turnover is recognised to the extent of costs incurred that it is probable will be recoverable. When it is probable that contract costs will exceed the total contract turnover, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately, with a corresponding provision.

#### Goodwill

Goodwill, being the amount paid in connection with the acquisition of a business in 2009, is being amortised evenly over its estimated useful life of five years.

Goodwill on consolidation represents the difference between the consideration paid and the fair value of the net assets acquired.

#### Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

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#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued

for the year ended 31st December 2018

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or valuation less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes costs directly attributable to making the asset capable of operating as intended.

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset on a systematic basis over its expected useful life as follows:

Freehold property - 2.5% on cost

Improvement to leasehold

property - 20% on cost Plant and machinery etc - 10% on cost

Fixtures and fittings - 10% - 33.33% on cost

Motor Vehicles - 25% on cost

Freehold property is valued by the directors using information available from professional valuations.

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing stock to its present location and condition. Cost is calculated using the first-in, first-out formula. Provision is made for damaged, obsolete and slow-moving stock where appropriate.

Contract work in progress is included in debtors stated at net realisable value. Cumulative turnover (i.e. the total turnover recorded in respect of the contract in the profit and loss accounts of all accounting periods since inception of the contract) is compared with total payments on account. If turnover exceeds payments on account an "amount recoverable on contracts" is established and separately disclosed within debtors. If payments on account are greater than turnover to date, the excess is classified within creditors.

#### **Taxation**

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

#### Research and development

Expenditure on research and development is written off in the year in which it is incurred.

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#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued

for the year ended 31st December 2018

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions are initially recognised by applying to the foreign currency amount the spot exchange rate between the functional currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in a foreign currency at the balance sheet date are translated using the closing rate.

#### Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets acquired under finance leases are capitalised and depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and the expected useful life of the asset. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. The related obligations, net of future finance charges, are included in creditors. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between finance income and the reduction of the lease debtor with finance income allocated so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the net investment in the finance lease. Rentals payable and receivable under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

When employees have rendered service to the company, short-term employee benefits to which the employees are entitled are recognised at the undiscounted amount expected to be paid in exchange for that service. The company operates a defined contribution plan for the benefit of its employees. Contributions are expensed as they become payable.

#### Investments

The company's investments in subsidiary undertakings is stated at cost less provision for any impairment in value.

#### Debtors and creditors receivable /payable within one year

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income in administrative expenses.

#### 3. TURNOVER

The turnover and profit before tax are attributable to the one principal activity of the company wholly within the UK. The total amount of contract revenue recognised in the period was £6,090,102 (2017 £8,960,870).

#### 4. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

	2018	2017
	£	£
Wages and salaries	3,091,682	3,020,237
Social security costs	297,238	340,552
Other pension costs	127,497	125,392
	3,516,417	3,486,181
The average number of employees during the year was as follows:	2018	2017
Management	15	15
Manufacturing	64	66
_	79	81

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## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued

for the year ended 31st December 2018

#### 4. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS - continued

		2018 £	2017 £
	Director's remuneration Director's pension contributions to money purchase schemes	34,822 18,000	36,417 16,500
	The number of directors to whom retirement benefits were accruing was as follows:		
	Money purchase schemes	1	1
5.	OPERATING PROFIT		
	The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):		
	Depreciation - owned assets	2018 £ 61,613	2017 £ 67,013
	Depreciation - owned assets Depreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts (Profit)/loss on disposal of fixed assets Auditors' remuneration Auditors' remuneration for subsidiaries and other services Operating lease rentals - Land and buildings Operating lease rentals - Plant and machinery	35,870 (1,688) 2,200 23,648 26,250 2,588	37,001 2,787 2,150 13,495 25,000 2,537
6.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES	2018 £	2017 £
	Bank interest Other interest Hire purchase interest	9,718 3,796 3,121 16,635	7,018 8,570 2,657 18,245
7.	TAXATION		
	Analysis of the tax charge The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:	2018	2017
	Current tax: UK corporation tax Over/Under provision Total current tax	£ 37,743	£ 79,667 (55,867) 23,800
	Deferred tax Tax on profit	2,484 40,227	(15,089) 8,711

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued

for the year ended 31st December 2018

#### 7. TAXATION - continued

#### Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

Profit before tax	2018 £ 196,635	2017 £ 
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2017 - 19%)	37,361	62,851
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	2,866	2,775
R&D refund	-	(55,867)
Change in tax rates	-	(1,048)
Total tax charge	40,227	8,711

#### 8. INDIVIDUAL STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

As permitted by Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Comprehensive Income of the parent company is not presented as part of these financial statements. The parent company's profit for the financial year was £70,000 (2017 £100,000).

#### 9. **DIVIDENDS**

	2018 £	2017 £
Ordinary shares shares of £1 each Interim	70,000	100,000

#### 10. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

#### Group

	Goodwill £
COST	
At 1st January 2018	
and 31st December 2018	97,685
AMORTISATION	
At 1st January 2018	
and 31st December 2018	97,685
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31st December 2018	
At 31st December 2017	

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## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued

for the year ended 31st December 2018

#### 11. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Group

		Improvements	
	Freehold	to	Plant and
	property	property	machinery
COCT OR WALLIATION	£	£	£
COST OR VALUATION	2,095,000	69,408	1,100,222
At 1st January 2018 Additions	2,093,000	05,400	64,299
At 31st December 2018	2,095,000	69,408	1,164,521
DEPRECIATION			.,
At 1st January 2018	-	38,235	960,240
Charge for year	-	12,068	32,741
Eliminated on disposal	<del>_</del>		
At 31st December 2018	<u>-</u>	50,303	992,981
NET BOOK VALUE	2.005.000	40 405	474 540
At 31st December 2018	2,095,000	19,105	171,540
At 31st December 2017	<u>2,095,000</u>	31,173	139,982
	Fixtures		
	and	Motor	
	fittings	vehicles	Totals
	£	£	£
COST OR VALUATION	404 500	050 740	0.005.004
At 1st January 2018 Additions	104,509 21,072	256,742	3,625,881 85,371
Disposals	21,072	(31,950)	(31,950)
At 31st December 2018	125,581	224,792	3,679,302
DEPRECIATION			
At 1st January 2018	94,074	132,519	1,225,068
Charge for year	10,791	41,883	97,483
Eliminated on disposal	<del>_</del>	(18,637)	(18,637)
At 31st December 2018	104,865	155,765	1,303,914
NET BOOK VALUE	20.740	60.007	2 275 200
At 31st December 2018 At 31st December 2017	<b>20,716</b> 10,435	<b>69,027</b> 124,223	<b>2,375,388</b> 2,400,813
At 31st December 2017	10,433	124,223	<u> </u>

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## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued

for the year ended 31st December 2018

#### 11. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

#### Group

Cost or valuation at 31st December 2018 is represented by:

	Improvements		
	Freehold	to	Plant and
	property	property	machinery
	£	£	£
Valuation in 2012	313,699	-	-
Valuation in 2014	95,000	-	-
Cost	1,686,301	69,408	1,164,521
	2,095,000	69,408	1,164,521
	Fixtures		
	and	Motor	
	fittings	vehicles	Totals
	£	£	£
Valuation in 2012	-	-	313,699
Valuation in 2014	-	-	95,000
Cost	125,581	224,792	3,270,603
	125,581	224,792	3,679,302

If Freehold property had not been revalued it would have been included at the following historical cost:

	2018	2017
	£	£
Cost	1,686,30 <u>1</u>	<u>1,686,301</u>
Aggregate depreciation	610,678	568,520

Freehold property was valued on an open market basis on 31st December 2018 by the directors .

The valuation was based on a previous valuation undertaken by Clark Weightman Limited in July 2018, who valued the property at £2,095,000.

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## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued

for the year ended 31st December 2018

#### 11. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

#### Group

Fixed assets, included in the above, which are held under hire purchase contracts are as follows:

	Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles	Totals
	£	£	£
COST OR VALUATION			
At 1st January 2018	23,160	130,131	153,291
Additions	29,000	-	29,000
Disposals	<del>_</del>	<u>(31,950</u> )	(31,950)
At 31st December 2018	52,160	98,181	150,341
DEPRECIATION			
At 1st January 2018	8,106	40,593	48,699
Charge for year	6,666	29,204	35,870
Eliminated on disposal		(18,637)	(18,637)
At 31st December 2018	14,772	51,160	65,932
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 31st December 2018	37,388	47,021	84,409
At 31st December 2017	15,054	89,538	104,592

#### 12. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

_			
Co	m	na	nv

COST	Shares in group undertakings £
COST	
At 1st January 2018	
and 31st December 2018	1,200,986
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31st December 2018	1,200,986
At 31st December 2017	1,200,986
AL 315L December 2017	

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## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued

for the year ended 31st December 2018

#### 12. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS - continued

Details of subsidiary undertakings at the year end are as follows:

Name of company	Proportion of shares held Nature of business		
*C F Struthers (Hull) Limited	100%	Intermediate holding company	
C F Struthers Limited	100%	Fabrication engineers	

<sup>\*</sup>Shares of the undertaking are held directly by the company.

C F Struthers (Hull) Limited owns 100% of the share capital of C F Struthers Limited.

All of the companies are incorporated in England and Wales and all holdings are of ordinary shares.

#### 13. STOCKS

	Group	Group	
	2018	2017	
	£	£	
Raw materials	49,547	<u>65,852</u>	

Stock recognised in cost of sales during the year as an expense was £1,312,641 (2017 £3,350,090).

#### 14. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

Group		Company	
2018	2017	2018	2017
£	£	£	£
1,946,141	2,606,177	-	-
-	-	115,000	115,000
190,043	504,353	-	=
1,875	8,671	-	-
35,059	39,385		
2,173,118	3,158,586	115,000	115,000
	2018 £ 1,946,141 - 190,043 1,875 35,059	2018 2017 £ £ 1,946,141 2,606,177 	2018 2017 2018 £ £ £ 1,946,141 2,606,177 - - 115,000 190,043 504,353 - 1,875 8,671 - 35,059 39,385 -

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## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued

for the year ended 31st December 2018

#### 15. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	Group		Company	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	£	£	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 17)	82,500	90,000	-	-
Hire purchase contracts (see note 18)	30,790	43,776	-	-
Payments on account		408,000	-	_
Trade creditors	713,181	1,296,886	-	_
Amounts owed to group undertakings		-	666,693	666,693
Corporation tax	117,964	232,307	-	_
Social security and other taxes	467,276	321,953	-	-
Other creditors	8,441	23,766	-	-
Accruals and deferred income	207,023	265,553	1,500	1,500
	1,627,175	2,682,241	668,193	668,193

## 16. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	Group	
	2018	2017
	£	£
Bank loans (see note 17)	•	82,500
Hire purchase contracts (see note 18)	16,222	33,235
	16,222	115,735

#### 17. **LOANS**

An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:

	Group	)
	2018	2017
Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:	£	£
Bank loans Amounts falling due between one and	<u>82,500</u>	90,000
two years: Bank loans	<del>-</del>	82,500

The bank loan is repayable in monthly instalments of £7,500. Both loans bear interest at a commercial rate.

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## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued

for the year ended 31st December 2018

#### 18. **LEASING AGREEMENTS**

Minimum lease payments fall due as follows:

G	ro	11	n

J. 54.p	Hire purchase contracts	
	2018 £	2017 £
Gross obligations repayable: Within one year Between one and five years	31,951 16,513 48,464	46,142 33,988 80,130
Finance charges repayable: Within one year Between one and five years	1,161 291 1,452	2,366 753 3,119
Net obligations repayable: Within one year Between one and five years	30,790 16,222 47,012	43,776 33,235 77,011
Group	Non-can	
	operating	
	2018 £	2017 £
Within one year	26,250 52,500	27,544 52,500
Between one and five years	78,750	80,044

#### 19. SECURED DEBTS

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

	Group	
	2018	2017
	£	£
Bank loans	82,500	172,500
Hire purchase contracts	47,012	77,011
	129,512	249,511

The bank holds the following securities over the above bank loans and overdraft:

- First legal charge over the company's premises known as Millennium Works, Valletta Street, Hull.
- Debenture creating a fixed and floating charge over all present and future assets of the company.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued

for the year ended 31st December 2018

#### 20. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

	Gro	oup
	2018	2017
	£	£
Deferred tax		
Accelerated capital allowances	30,942	28,316
Short term timing differences	(2,180)	(2,038)
·	28,762	26,278
Group		
·		Deferred
		tax
		£

 Balance at 1st January 2018
 26,278

 Profit and loss account
 2,484

 Balance at 31st December 2018
 28,762

The component parts of the deferred tax liability are: accelerated capital allowances £30,942 and short term timing differences £2,180 (2017: £28,316 and £2,038 respectively).

The expected net reversal of deferred tax assets and liabilities in 2019 is £5,902. This primarily relates to the reversal of timing differences on acquired tangible assets and capital allowances through depreciation.

#### 21. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

At 31st December 2018

Allotted, issue	ed and fully paid:			
Number:	Class:	Nominal	2018	2017
		value:	£	£
60,000	Ordinary shares	£1	60,000	60,000

#### 22. RESERVES

#### Group Retained Share Revaluation earnings premium reserve **Totals** £ £ £ £ 1,711,876 540,000 766,430 3,018,306 At 1st January 2018 Profit for the year 156,408 156,408 (70,000)Dividends (70,000)

1,798,284

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540,000

766,430

3,104,714

#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued

for the year ended 31st December 2018

#### 22. RESERVES - continued

Co	m	pa	ny

	Retained earnings £	Share premium £	Totals £
At 1st January 2018	47,793	540,000	587,793
Profit for the year	70,000	-	70,000
Dividends	(70,000)	-	(70,000)
At 31st December 2018	47,793	540,000	587,793

#### **Share Premium account**

The share premium account represents the premium arising on the issue of shares net of issue costs.

#### **Revaluation Reserve**

The revaluation reserve represents the cumulative effect of revaluations of tangible fixed assets where a policy of revaluation has been adopted.

#### Retained earnings

Retained earnings represents cumulative profits and losses net of dividends and other adjustments.

#### 23. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The group operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the group in an independently administered fund. The charge in the accounts in respect of pensions represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £127,497 (2017 £125,392). Contributions of £11,476 were outstanding at 31st December 2018 (2017 £10,728).

#### 24. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

During the year, total dividends of £70,000 were paid to the director .

Key management personnel of the entity or its parent (ir
--

, and the second personal control of the personal control and aggregate,	2018 £	2017
Amount due to related party	<u>8,441</u>	23,766
Other related parties		
	2018	2017
	£	£
Sales	5,557,303	6,172,887
Amount due from related party	1,451,373	2,618,695

During the year, a total of key management personnel compensation of £ 56,566 (2017 - £ 156,138 ) was paid.

#### 25. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

At 31st December 2018, the company was controlled by N Burton who owns 100% of the ordinary shares in the company.

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