Registration number: 06737285

Regency Grove Communications Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

Taxave Accountancy Limited 65 Gales Drive Three Bridges Crawley West Sussex RIII0 IQA

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Company Information

Directors Bernard Knight

Christopher Allan Irving

Joseph Concheiro

Company secretary Christopher Allan Irving

Registered office Melita House

Yattendon Road

Horley RH6 7BS

Accountants Taxave Accountancy Limited

65 Gales Drive Three Bridges Crawley West Sussex RH10 1QA

(Registration number: 06737285) Balance Sheet as at 31 October 2020

	Note	2020 €	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>5</u>	345	460
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>6</u>	4,000	2,000
Debtors	<u>6</u> <u>7</u>	105,514	61,349
Cash at bank and in hand	·	20,171	7,993
		129,685	71,342
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>8</u>	(126,882)	(68,866)
Net current assets		2,803	2,476
Total assets less current liabilities		3,148	2,936
Provisions for liabilities		(66)	
Net assets		3,082	2,936
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	9	5	5
Profit and loss account		3,077	2,931
Shareholders' funds		3,082	2,936

For the financial year ending 31 October 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 14 July 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

Bernard Knight
Director

(Registration number: 06737285) Balance Sheet as at 31 October 2020

Joseph Concheiro Director

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England & Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Melita House Yattendon Road Horley RH6 7BS

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 14 July 2021.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class
Plant & Machinery
Pixtures & Fittings
Office Equipment

Depreciation method and rate
25% straight line
25% straight line
25% straight line

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class
Goodwill
Amortisation method and rate
5 years straight line

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 5 (2019 - 5).

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

4 Intangible assets

			Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 November 2019			47,588	47,588
At 31 October 2020			47,588	47,588
Amortisation At 1 November 2019			47,588	47,588
At 31 October 2020			47,588	47,588
Carrying amount				
At 31 October 2020			-	-
5 Tangible assets				
	Fixtures and fittings £	Plant and machinery £	Office equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 November 2019	2,614	530	10,402	13,546
At 31 October 2020	2,614	530	10,402	13,546
Depreciation				
At 1 November 2019	2,518	530	10,038 91	13,086
Charge for the year	24	<u> </u>	91	115
At 31 October 2020	2,542	530	10,129	13,201
Carrying amount				
At 31 October 2020	72		273	345
At 31 October 2019	96		364	460
6 Stocks				
			2020 £	2019 £
Other inventories			4,000	2,000

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

7 Debtors				
			2020 £	2019 £
Trade debtors			44,722	40,557
Prepayments			1,917	1,917
Other debtors			58,875	18,875
			105,514	61,349
8 Creditors				
Creditors: amounts falling due within one	year			
			2020	2019
		Note	£	£
Due within one year				
Loans and borrowings		<u>10</u>	50,000	-
Trade creditors			45,945	38,224
Taxation and social security			25,887	27,826
Accruals and deferred income			1,433	-
Other creditors			3,617	2,816
			126,882	68,866
9 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares				
	2020		2019	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary A of £1 each	2	2	2	2
Ordinary B of £1 each	2	2	2	2
Ordinary C of £1 each	11	1	1	1
=	5	5	5	5
10 Loans and borrowings				
			2020	2010
			2020 £	2019 £
Current loans and borrowings				
Bank borrowings			50,000	

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.