Registered number: 06720040

# **ACTIVE INFORMATICS LTD**

## UNAUDITED

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

# ACTIVE INFORMATICS LTD REGISTERED NUMBER: 06720040

## BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 APRIL 2019

			2019		2018
	Note		£		£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	4		-		9,248
Tangible assets	5		922		2,081
		-	922	-	11,329
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	154,157		177,296	
Cash at bank and in hand		167,577		82,319	
	_	321,734	_	259,615	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(300,103)		(259,224)	
Net current assets	_		21,631		391
Total assets less current liabilities		-	22,553	-	11,720
Net assets		-	22,553	-	11,720
		•		=	<u>,                                      </u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	8		107		107
Share premium account			122,328		122,328
Capital redemption reserve			4		4
Profit and loss account			(99,886)		(110,719)
			22,553	- -	11,720

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

# ACTIVE INFORMATICS LTD REGISTERED NUMBER: 06720040

# BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 30 APRIL 2019

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

P S Smith
Director

Date: 22 August 2019

The notes on pages 3 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

#### 1. General information

Active Informatics Ltd is a limited liability company incorporated in England and Wales. The address of its registered office is Network House, Basing View, Basingstoke, RG21 4HG.

### 2. Accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

#### 2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for services, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

## 2.3 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All intangible assets are considered to have a finite useful life. If a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made, the useful life shall not exceed ten years.

## 2.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Computer equipment -25% and 33% straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

#### 2.5 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

## 2. Accounting policies (continued)

### 2.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

#### 2.7 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

#### 2.8 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### 2.9 Foreign currency translation

#### Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

#### Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

## 2.10 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Statement of comprehensive income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

### 2.11 Pensions

## Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of comprehensive income when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

## 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.12 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

## 2.13 Research and development

In the research phase of an internal project it is not possible to demonstrate that the project will generate future economic benefits and hence all expenditure on research shall be recognised as an expense when it is incurred. Intangible assets are recognised from the development phase of a project if and only if certain specific criteria are met in order to demonstrate the asset will generate probable future economic benefits and that its cost can be reliably measured. The capitalised development costs are subsequently amortised on a straight line basis over their useful economic lives, which range from 3 to 6 years.

If it is not possible to distinguish between the research phase and the development phase of an internal project, the expenditure is treated as if it were all incurred in the research phase only.

### 3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 13 (2018 - 13).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

## 4. Intangible assets

5.

	Research and development
	£
Cost	
At 1 May 2018	365,250
At 30 April 2019	365,250
Amortisation	
At 1 May 2018	356,002
Charge for the year	9,248
At 30 April 2019	365,250
Net book value	
At 30 April 2019	
At 30 April 2018	9,248
Tangible fixed assets	
	Computer equipment £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 May 2018	60,503
At 30 April 2019	60,503
Depreciation	
At 1 May 2018	58,422
Charge for the year on owned assets	1,159
At 30 April 2019	59,581 
Net book value	
At 30 April 2019	922
At 30 April 2018	2,081

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

### 6. Debtors

		2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtor	s	137,797	<b>1</b> 60,091
Other debtor	s	6,897	9,618
Prepayments	s and accrued income	9,463	7,587
		154,157	177,296
7. Creditors: a	mounts falling due within one year		
		2019 £	2018 £
Trade credito	ors	72,930	64,602
Other taxatio	n and social security	79,591	70,388
Other credito	-	4	4
Accruals and	deferred income	147,578	124,230
		300,103	259,224
8. Share capita	al		
		2019 £	2018 £
Allotted, calle	ed up and fully paid	~	~
7,368 (2018 -	7,368) 'A' Preference shares of 0.01 each	74	74
1,604 (2018 -	1,604) 'B' Ordinary shares of 0.01 each	16	16
1,654 (2018 -	1,654) 'C' Ordinary shares of 0.01 each	17	17
		107	107

All shares rank pari passu with each other, however the directors have the authority to pay differing rates of dividends on each class of share.

## 9. Pension commitments

The Company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to £12,713 (2018: £14,805).

No contributions were outstanding in the current or prior year end.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

## 10. Commitments under operating leases

At 30 April 2019 the Company had future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2019 £	2018 £
Not later than 1 year	22,839	16,943
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	31,882	54,721
	54,721	71,664

## 11. Related party transactions

The company is related to Sailfish Equity and Management Limited by virtue of its director, P S Smith, having an interest in both companies. During the year the company was charged fees amounting to £60,000 (2018: £58,260) from Sailfish Equity and Management Limited.

Included in creditors at the year end is an amount of £6,000 (2018: £6,000) owed by the company to Sailfish Equity and Management Limited.

## 12. Controlling party

The ultimate controlling party is considered to be P S Smith, director.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.