Directors' Report and Unaudited

Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 December 2018

Company Number 06600129

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Company Information

Directors

Mr R J Gleeson Mr K W Keegan Mr J J Reddington Mr N D Morrison

Company secretary

Mr R J Gleeson

Registered number

06600129

Registered office

4 Elstree Way Borehamwood Hertfordshire WD6 1RN

Accountants

BDO LLP 55 Baker Street London W1U 7EU

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Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

The directors present their report and the unaudited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the unaudited financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare unaudited financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the unaudited financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the unaudited financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Principal activity

The company's principal activity is the hire of anti-collision systems for cranes.

The directors who served during the year and up to the date of the approval of the financial statements were:

Mr R J Gleeson Mr K W Keegan Mr J J Reddington Mr N D Morrison (appointed 11 February 2019)

Small companies note

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

Mr R J Gleeson Director

Date: 27/09/2019

Chartered Accountants' Report to the Board of Directors on the Unaudited Financial Statements of Euro TCS Systems Limited For the year ended 31 December 2018

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Euro TCS Systems Limited for the year ended 31 December 2018 which comprise of the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement in Changes of Equity and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance/.

This report is made solely to the board of directors of Euro TCS Systems Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 17 September 2019. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the accounts of Euro TCS Systems Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the board of directors of Euro TCS Systems Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release TECH07/16AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Euro TCS Systems Limited and its board of directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Euro TCS Systems Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and loss of Euro TCS Systems Limited. You consider that Euro TCS Systems Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Euro TCS Systems Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory accounts.

BDO LLP

Chartered Accountants

BDO LU

30/09/19

London United Kingdom

Date:

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

,	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Administrative expenses		(40)	(40)
Operating loss	4	(40)	(40)
Tax on loss		-	-
Loss for the year		(40)	(40)

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

There was no other comprehensive income for 2018 (2017 - £NIL).

The notes on pages 6 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

Registered number: 06600129

Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2018

	Note		2018 £		2017 £
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	25,383		25,383	
Cash and cash equivalents		2,492		2,532	
	_	27,875	_	27,915	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(26,066)		(26,066)	
Net current assets	-		1,809		1,849
Net assets		-	1,809	_	1,849
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	8		1	•	1
Profit and loss account	9		1,808		1,848
		_	1,809		1,849

For the year ended 31 December 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 480 of the Companies Act 2006.

Members have not required the company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr R/S Gleeson

Director

Date: 27/09/2019

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£	£	£
At 1 January 2018	1	1,848	1,849
Comprehensive loss for the year			
Loss for the year	-	(40)	(40)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	•	(40)	(40)
At 31 December 2018	1	1,808	1,809

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£	£	£
At 1 January 2017	1	1,888	1,889
Comprehensive loss for the year			
Loss for the year	-	(40)	(40)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	•	(40)	(40)
At 31 December 2017	1	1,848	1,849

The notes on pages 6 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

1. General information

Euro TCS Systems Limited is a private limited company incorporated in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is given on the company information page and the nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the directors' report.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The following principle accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

The company adds to the carrying amount of an item of fixed assets the cost of replacing part of such an item when that cost is incurred, if the replacement part is expected to provide incremental future benefits to the company. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. Repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Plant and machinery

- 25% straight line basis

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

2.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable.

2.5 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.6 Current and deferred taxation

Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the statement of financial position date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

3. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing these financial statements, the directors have made the following judgements:

Determine whether there are indicators of impairment of the company's tangible assets. Factors
taken into consideration in reaching such a decision include the economic viability and expected
future financial performance of the asset.

Other key sources of estimation uncertainty

Tangible fixed assets (see note 5).

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors. In re-assessing asset lives, factors such as technological innovation, product life cycles and maintenance programmes are taken into account. Residual value assessments consider issues such as future market conditions, the remaining life of the asset and projected disposal values.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

4. Operating loss

During the year, no director received any emoluments (2017 - £NIL).

5. Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 January 2018	8,964
At 31 December 2018	8,964
Depreciation	
At 1 January 2018	8,964
At 31 December 2018	8,964
Net book value	
At 31 December 2018	-
At 31 December 2017	-

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

6.	Debtors		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Amounts owed by related parties	25,382	25,382
	Called up share capital not paid	1	1
		25,383	25,383
	All amounts shown under debtors fall due for payment within one year.		
7 .	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Amounts owed to related parties	25,316	25,316
	Accruals	750	750
		26,066	26,066
8.	Share capital		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Shares classified as equity		
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	1 ordinary share of £1	1	1

9. Reserves

Profit and loss account

Net gains and losses and transactions with owners not recognised elsewhere.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

10. Related party transactions

At 31 December 2018, the company was owed by J Reddington Limited, a company related by common control, £18,504 (2017 - £18,504).

At 31 December 2018, the company was owed by London Tower Crane Hire & Sales Limited, a company related by common control, £6,878 (2017 - £6,878).

At 31 December 2018, the company owed J Reddington Limited, a company related by common control, £2,566 (2017 - £2,566).

At 31 December 2018, the company owed London Tower Crane Hire & Sales Limited, a company related by common control, £22,750 (2017 - £22,750).

11. Controlling party

In the opinion of the directors, Mr J J Reddington is the ultimate controlling party.