**COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 06577578** 

# English Maths Science Tuition Centre Limited Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 30 April 2019

# **Financial Statements**

# Year ended 30 April 2019

Contents	Page	
Chartered certified accountants report to the boa of the unaudited statutory financial statements	rd of directors on the preparation	1
Statement of financial position	2	
Notes to the financial statements	4	

Chartered Certified Accountants Report to the Board of Directors on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Financial Statements of English Maths Science Tuition Centre Limited

#### Year ended 30 April 2019

As described on the statement of financial position, the directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2019, which comprise the statement of financial position and the related notes. You consider that the company is exempt from an audit under the Companies Act 2006. In accordance with your instructions we have compiled these financial statements in order to assist you to fulfil your statutory responsibilities, from the accounting records and from information and explanations supplied to us.

VAGHELA & CO. (SERVICES) LTD. Chartered Certified Accountants

P.O. Box 10901 Birmingham B1 1ZQ

20 January 2020

#### **Statement of Financial Position**

#### 30 April 2019

		2019		2018		
	Note	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Tangible assets	5		19,819		24,171	
Current assets						
Debtors	6	305		305		
Cash at bank and in hand		52,116		34,342		
		52,421		34,647		
Creditors: amounts falling due w	ithin					
one year		<b>7</b> 56,65		4	15,618	
Net current liabilities			4	,230		10,971
Total assets less current liabilitie	es		15	,589		13,200
Net assets			15	,589		13,200
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital	8		100		100	
Profit and loss account			15,489		13,100	
Shareholders funds			15,589		13,200	

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

For the year ending 30 April 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

# Statement of Financial Position (continued)

## 30 April 2019

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 20 January 2020, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr.S. Sirpal Mr.R. Wooldridge

Director Director

Company registration number: 06577578

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### Year ended 30 April 2019

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 40 Showell Green Lane, Birmingham, B11 4JP.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

#### 3. Accounting policies

#### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### **Disclosure exemptions**

The entity satisfies the criteria of being a qualifying entity as defined in FRS 102. As such, advantage has been taken of the following disclosure exemptions available under paragraph 1.12 of FRS 102: (a) No cash flow statement has been presented for the company. (b) Disclosures in respect of financial instruments have not been presented.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably. Revenue from the rendering of services is measured by reference to the stage of completion of the service transaction at the end of the reporting period provided that the outcome can be reliably estimated. When the outcome cannot be reliably estimated, revenue is recognised only to the extent that expenses recognised are recoverable.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures & Fittings - 15% straight line Equipment - 15% straight line

#### Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

#### Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### 4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 2 (2018: 2).

#### 5. Tangible assets

•		Fixtures and fittings	Equipment	Total	
		£	£	£	
Cost					
At 1 May 2018 and 30 April 2019		2,175	26,837	29,012	
Depreciation					
At 1 May 2018		517	4,324	4,841	
Charge for the year		326	4,026	4,352	
At 30 April 2019		843	8,350	9,193	
Carrying amount					
At 30 April 2019		1,332	18,487	19,819	
At 30 April 2018		1,658	22,513	24,1 <b>7</b> 1	
6. Debtors				<del></del>	
			2019	2018	
			£	£	
Other debtors			305 	305	
7. Creditors: amounts falling due within	one year			<del></del>	
·	•		2019	2018	
			£	£	
Trade creditors			2,245	22,648	
Other creditors			54,406	22,970	
			56,651 	45,618	
8. Called up share capital					
Issued, called up and fully paid					
	2019	_	2018		
	No.	£	No.	£	
Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	100	100	100	100	

## 9. Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

At 30th April 2019, other creditors include the following amounts due to the director:- Mr S. Sirpal £13,802 (2018 - £4,323) Mr R. Wooldridge £13,802 (2018 - £4,323) The loans are interest free and repayable on demand

#### 10. Related party transactions

During the year, interest free advances were made to the directors, Mr S. Sirpal & Mr R. Wooldridge. These were repayable on demand. The directors, Mr S. Sirpal & Mr R. Wooldridge, received no dividends for the year under review. Included within creditors is an amount due to Science Academy Ltd, an associated company of £8,950. The loan is interest free and for an indefinite period, however it is repayable on demand. Included within creditors is an amount due to Exam Centre Birmingham Ltd, an associated company of £15,693. The loan is interest free and for an indefinite period, however it is repayable on demand.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.