Pad Design Ltd

Unaudited Filleted Accounts

30 June 2017

Pad Design Ltd

Registered number: 06297140

Balance Sheet

as at 30 June 2017

	Notes		2017		2016
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		11,648		15,531
Current assets					
Debtors	4	359,176		351,592	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,133,843		891,166	
		1,493,019		1,242,758	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	5	(233,336)		(239,420)	
Net current assets			1,259,683		1,003,338
Net assets		-	1,271,331	- -	1,018,869
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1,000		1,000
Profit and loss account			1,270,331		1,017,869
Shareholders' funds		- -	1,271,331	- -	1,018,869

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The profit and loss account and directors' report have not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

D Archer

Director

Approved by the board on 15 February 2018

Pad Design Ltd Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 30 June 2017

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery

25 years reducing balance

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that

are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees	2017 Number	2016 Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	13	13
3	Tangible fixed assets		
			Plant and machinery etc £
	Cost		
	At 1 July 2016		53,545
	Additions		-
	At 30 June 2017		53,545
	Depreciation		
	At 1 July 2016		38,014
	At 30 June 2017		41,897
	Net book value		
	At 30 June 2017		11,648
	At 30 June 2016		15,531
4	Debtors	2017	2016
		£	£
	Trade debtors	352,325	345,057
	Other debtors	6,851	6,535
		359,176	351,592
_	Craditara, area unto fallinar dua within area was	2047	2016
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2017	2016
		£	£
	Trade creditors	5,462	4,831
	Taxation and social security costs	226,944	233,789
	Other creditors	930	800
		233,336	239,420

6 Controlling party

There is no ultimate controlling party.

7 Other information

Pad Design Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

The Tobacco Factory

Raleigh Road

Southville

Bristol

BS3 1TF

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.