Registered number: 06250955

RESIDENT HOTELS LIMITED (FORMERLY NADLER HOTELS LIMITED)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019



31/12/2020 COMPANIES HOUSE

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RESIDENT HOTELS LIMITED (FORMERLY NADLER HOTELS LIMITED) REGISTERED NUMBER:06250955

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

| Note | | 2019 £ | | 2018 £ |
|------|--------------|---|-----------|-----------|
| | | | | |
| 4 | | 23,950 | | 11,022 |
| | _ | 23,950 | | 11,022 |
| | | | | |
| 5 | 574,058 | | 291,230 | |
| 6 | 87,719 | | 237,194 | |
| • | 661,777 | _ | 528,424 | |
| 7 | (598,844) | | (655,286) | |
| • | | 62,933 | | (126,862) |
| | _ | 86,883 | _ | (115,840) |
| 8 | (1,152) | | (527) | |
| - | | (1,152) | | (527) |
| | _ | 85,731 | _ | (116,367) |
| | = | | = | |
| | | 131 | | 131 |
| | | 9,870 | | 9,870 |
| | | 75,730 | | (126,368) |
| | - | 85,731 | _ | (116,367) |
| | 5 6 | 5 574,058 6 87,719 661,777 7 (598,844) | Note £ 4 | Note £ 4 |

RESIDENT HOTELS LIMITED (FORMERLY NADLER HOTELS LIMITED) REGISTERED NUMBER:06250955

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

William Laxton Director

Date: 23 December 2020

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

| | Called up share capital £ | Share premium account £ | Profit and loss account | Total equity |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|
| | ~ | ~ | - | |
| At 1 January 2018 | 121 | 9,870 | 21,608 | 31,599 |
| Loss for the year | - | - | (147,976) | (147,976) |
| Shares issued during the year | 10 | - | - | 10 |
| At 1 January 2019 | 131 | 9,870 | (126,368) | (116,367) |
| Profit for the year | - | - | 202,098 | 202,098 |
| At 31 December 2019 | 131 | 9,870 | 75,730 | 85,731 |
| | | | | |

The notes on pages 4 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1. General information

Resident Hotels Limited is a private company (registered number: 06250955), limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The registered address is 112 Jermyn Street, London, SW1Y 6LS.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which the directors consider to be appropriate for the following reasons.

The directors note the impact of the spread of Covid-19 in 2020 and the risks associated to the hotel businesses of the trading companies to whom the Company provides management services. The directors have prepared cash flow forecasts for a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements which indicate that the Company will have sufficient funds, through continued funding from its bankers and Western Heritable Limited, a company under common control, to meet its liabilities as they fall due for that period.

Those forecasts are dependent on Western Heritable Limited providing additional financial support during that period. The Company has applied for CBILS loan funding and whilst the directors are hopeful that this application will be approved by the bank, it is not certain that it will be. Western Heritable Limited has confirmed its intention and ability to continue to make available such funds as are needed by the Company, and it does not intend to seek repayment of such funds for the period covered by the forecasts. Under the current evolving circumstances, including the unknown nature and timing of future government restrictions, the directors recognise that forecasting the timing and extent of any funding requirement is inherently uncertain and as with any company placing reliance on associated entities for financial support, the directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue. Whilst these circumstances are indicative that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, as at the date of approval of these financial statements the directors have no reason to believe that the financial support will not be forthcoming.

Consequently, the directors are confident that the Company will have sufficient funds to continue to meet its liabilities as they fall due for a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements. Therefore the financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis.

2.3 Revenue

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the Company in respect of management services provided to associated hotel trading companies., exclusive of Value Added Tax. The revenue is recognised in the period in which these management services are provided.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Office equipment

- 2 - 5 years

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

2.5 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2.6 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

2.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours.

2.8 Financial instruments

The Company only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value.

2.9 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.10 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income using the effective interest method.

2.11 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year in which they are incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.12 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Statement of Financial Position date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 82 (2018 - 68).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

| 4. | Tangible fixed assets | | |
|----|--|-----------------|--------------------------|
| | | | Office equipment £ |
| | Cost or valuation | | |
| | At 1 January 2019 Additions | | 12,466 21,635 |
| | At 31 December 2019 | • | 34,101 |
| | Depreciation At 1 January 2019 Charge for the year on owned assets | | 1,444 8,707 |
| | At 31 December 2019 | | 10,151 |
| | Net book value | | 10,131 |
| | | | |
| | At 31 December 2019 | | 23,950 |
| | At 31 December 2018 | | 11,022 |
| 5. | Debtors | | |
| | | 2019 £ | 2018 £ |
| | Amounts owed by associates | 501,703 | 248,518 |
| | Other debtors | 29,042 | 2,500 |
| | Prepayments and accrued income | 43,313 | 40,212 |
| | | 574,058 ———— | 291,230 |
| 6. | Cash and cash equivalents | | |
| •• | | 2019 £ | 2018 £ |
| | Cash at bank and in hand | 87,719 | 237,194 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

| 7. | Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year | | |
|----|--|-----------|-----------|
| | | 2019 £ | 2018 £ |
| | Other loans | - | 63,604 |
| | Trade creditors | 38,904 | 49,145 |
| | Corporation tax | 58,327 | 9,756 |
| | Other taxation and social security | 359,160 | 202,123 |
| | Other creditors | 24,360 | 257,301 |
| | Accruals and deferred income | 118,093 | 73,357 |
| | | 598,844 | 655,286 |
| | | | |

Other loans represent loans from shareholders that are non-interest bearing and unsecured. The loans are repayable at such time and in such amounts as the Company determines.

Included within other creditors is an amount of £8,883 (2018: £250,000) owed to Western Heritable Limited, a company under common control.

8. Deferred taxation

| | 2019 £ | 2018 £ |
|--|------------------|-----------|
| At beginning of year | (527) | 497 |
| Charged to profit or loss | (625) | (1,024) |
| At end of year | (1,152) | (527) |
| The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows: | | |
| | 2019 £ | 2018 £ |
| Accelerated capital allowances | (3,945) | (1,701) |
| Short term timing differences | 2,793 | 1,174 |
| | (1,152) | (527) |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

9. Post balance sheet events

In the first half of 2020, the outbreak of Covid-19 spread throughout the World. Although this has had no direct impact on the Company, the impact on the trading companies for which it provides management services has been significant. The immediate impact for them has been depressed revenues as a result of the closure of hotels and this may result in a potential reduction in asset values of the Company.

The consequence of Covid-19 is considered a non-adjusting event given the impact of Covid-19 was not known as at the date of the Statement of Financial Position therefore no adjustments have been made to the financial statements.

The directors have considered the impact of Covid-19 on their assessment of going concern in Note 2.2.

10. Controlling party

The directors do not consider there to be an ultimate controlling party.

11. Auditors' information

The auditors' report on the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019 was unqualified.

The audit report was signed on 23 December 2020 by Gareth Ogden (Senior Statutory Auditor) on behalf of Haysmacintyre LLP.