Eco Thermal Limited Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 30 April 2017

TML

Chartered Certified Accountants
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Gosport
Hampshire
PO12 1LY



COMPANIES HOUSE

#221

Financial Statements

Year ended 30 April 2017

Contents	•	Page
Statement of financial position		. 1
Notes to the financial statements		3

Statement of Financial Position

30 April 2017

	20		17	2016
	Note	. £	£	£
Fixed assets Tangible assets	5	: •	15,665	20,587
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	6	23,026 27,817		25,519 42,095
		50,843		67,614
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	62,085	·	83,856
Net current liabilities		•	11,242	16,242
Total assets less current liabilities			4,423	4,345
Net assets			4,423	4,345
Capital and reserves Called up share capital	•		, 1	1
Profit and loss account	•	•	4,422	4,344
Members funds		· ·	4,423	4,345

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 30 April 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The statement of financial position continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

30 April 2017

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 11 September 2017, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

S Smith Esq Director

Company registration number: 6179023

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30 April 2017

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Motor Vehicles

25% reducing balance

Equipment

15% reducing balance

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

4. Staff

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 2 (2016: 1).

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 30 April 2017

General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is TML House, 1a The Anchorage, Gosport, Hampshire, PO12 1LY.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 May 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 9.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

No significant judgements have been made by the director in preparing these financial statements.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30 April 2017

5. Tangible assets

			·		Motor vehicles	Equipment £	Total £
	Cost At 1 May 2016 Additions Disposals				31,963	1,817 333 (472)	33,780 333 (472)
	At 30 April 2017	•			31,963	1,678	33,641
	Depreciation At 1 May 2016 Charge for the year Disposals				12,572 4,848 –	621 198 (263)	13,193 5,046 (263)
	At 30 April 2017	•			17,420	. 556	17,976
٠.	Carrying amount At 30 April 2017		•		14,543	1,122	15,665
	At 30 April 2016		•		19,391	1,196	20,587
6.	Debtors			٠.			· ·
	Trade debtors Other debtors				· ;	2017 £ 22,390 636	2016 £ 24,547 972
		•	•			23,026	25,519
7.	Creditors: amounts	falling due	within on	e year			
						2017 £	2016 £
•	Trade creditors Corporation tax Social security and ot	her taxes				6,358 6,148 1,314	7,082 9,005 7,831
	Other creditors	.ioi taxoo			, .	48,265	59,938
			•			62,085	83,856
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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30 April 2017

8. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

S Smith Esq	Balance Advances/ brought (credits) to the Balance forward director outstanding £ £ £ (59,054) 12,127 (46,927)
S Smith Esq	2016 Balance Advances/ brought (credits) to the Balance forward director outstanding £ £ £ (28,162) (30,892) (59,054)

9. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 May 2015.

No transitional adjustments were required in equity or profit or loss for the year.