Statement of Consent to Prepare Abridged Financial Statements

All of the members of R.S. Plant Hire & Groundworks LTD have consented to the preparation of the abridged statement of comprehensive income and the abridged statement of financial position for the year ending 31 March 2018 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 06120158

R.S. Plant Hire & Groundworks LTD Filleted Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements 31 March 2018

Abridged Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2018

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Officers and Professional Advisers

Director Mr R Scorer

Company secretaryAshley J WoodRegistered office24 John Street

Houghton Le Spring

Tyne & Wear DH5 8DX

Accountants Mitchells Limited

Chartered accountant

Swallow House Parsons Road Washington Tyne & Wear NE37 1EZ

Chartered Accountant's Report to the Director on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Abridged Financial Statements of R.S. Plant Hire & Groundworks LTD

Year ended 31 March 2018

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the abridged financial statements of R.S. Plant Hire & Groundworks LTD for the year ended 31 March 2018, which comprise the abridged statement of financial position, statement of changes in equity and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us. As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical are and other professional requirements which detailed www.icaew.com/en/membership/regulations-standards-and-guidance. This report is made solely to the director of R.S. Plant Hire & Groundworks LTD in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 12 April 2018. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the abridged financial statements of R.S. Plant Hire & Groundworks LTD and state those matters that we have agreed to state to you in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF as detailed at www.icaew.com/compilation. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than R.S. Plant Hire & Groundworks LTD and its director for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that R.S. Plant Hire & Groundworks LTD has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory abridged financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and loss of R.S. Plant Hire & Groundworks LTD. You consider that R.S. Plant Hire & Groundworks LTD is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year. We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the abridged financial statements of R.S. Plant Hire & Groundworks LTD. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory abridged financial statements.

Mitchells Limited Chartered accountant

Swallow House Parsons Road Washington Tyne & Wear NE37 1EZ 23 July 2018

Abridged Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2018

	2018			2017	
	Note	£	£	£	
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5		71,474	70,138	
Current assets					
Debtors		9,759		19,136	
Cash at bank and in hand		98,773		107,786	
		108,532		126,922	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		40,361		17,653	
Net current assets			68,171	109,269	
Total assets less current liabilities			139,645	179,407	
Provisions					
Taxation including deferred tax			15,656	_	
Net assets			123,989	179,407	
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100	1	
Profit and loss account			123,889	179,406	
Shareholders funds			123,989	179,407	

These abridged financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the abridged statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 March 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its abridged financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of abridged financial statements .

Abridged Statement of Financial Position (continued)

31 March 2018

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 23 July 2018, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr R Scorer

Director

Company registration number: 06120158

Statement of Changes in Equity

Year ended 31 March 2018

	Called up F	Called up Profit and loss			
	share capital	account	Total		
	£	£	£		
At 1 April 2016	1	164,983	164,984		
Profit for the year		14,423	14,423		
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	14,423	14,423		
At 31 March 2017	1	179,406	179,407		
Loss for the year		(17,517)	(17,517)		
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	(17,517)	(17,517)		
Issue of shares	99	_	99		
Dividends paid and payable	_	(38,000)	(38,000)		
Total investments by and distributions to owners	99	(38,000)	(37,901)		
At 31 March 2018	100	123,889	123,989		

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2018

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales.

The address of the registered office is 24 John Street, Houghton Le Spring, DH5

8DX, Tyne & Wear.

2. Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The abridged financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The abridged financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery - 25% reducing balance
Motor Vehicles - 25% reducing balance
Equipment - 25% reducing balance

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are recognised in the abridged statement of financial position as assets and liabilities at the lower of the fair value of the assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments, which is determined at the inception of the lease term. Any initial direct costs of the lease are added to the amount recognised as an asset. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. Finance charges are allocated to each period so as to produce a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the abridged statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 1 (2017: 1).

5. Tangible assets

	£
Cost	
At 1 April 2017	175,628
Additions	19,685
At 31 March 2018	195,313
Depreciation	
At 1 April 2017	105,490
Charge for the year	18,349
At 31 March 2018	123,839
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2018	71,474
At 31 March 2017	70,138

6. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

Included within other creditors is a directors loan balance of £29,747 (2017: Overdrawn £4,467).

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.