# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 FOR ADAM JOHNSON JOINERY LIMITED

# CONTENTS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

	Page
Company Information	1
Balance Sheet	2
Notes to the Financial Statements	4

# ADAM JOHNSON JOINERY LIMITED

# COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

DIRECTOR:	A D H Johnson
SECRETARY:	P T Johnson
REGISTERED OFFICE:	Medina House 2 Station Avenue Bridlington East Yorkshire YO16 4LZ
REGISTERED NUMBER:	06051988 (England and Wales)
ACCOUNTANTS:	Lloyd Dowson Limited Medina House 2 Station Avenue Bridlington East Yorkshire YO16 4LZ

## BALANCE SHEET 31 MARCH 2019

		31.3.19		31.3.18	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	4		-		-
Tangible assets	5		3,672		4,349
			3,672		4,349
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		4,090		4,250	
Debtors	6	1,929		3,624	
Cash at bank		8,469		4,407	
		14,488		12,281	
CREDITORS		·		,	
Amounts falling due within one year	7	12,635		15,800	
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)			<b>1,853</b>		(3,519)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			5,525		830
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	8		(4,667)		-
DDOVICIONS FOR LIABILITIES			((00)		(836)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			(698)		(826)
NET ASSETS			<u> 160</u>		4
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			100		100
Retained earnings			60		(96)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			160		4
					<del></del>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2019.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections
- (b) 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

# BALANCE SHEET - continued 31 MARCH 2019

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director on 15 November 2019 and were signed by:

A D H Johnson - Director

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

#### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Adam Johnson Joinery Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for joinery work, excluding discounts and value added tax.

#### Goodwill

Goodwill, being the amount paid in connection with the acquisition of a business in 2007, is being amortised evenly over its estimated useful life of ten years.

#### Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery - 15% on reducing balance Computer equipment - 20% on reducing balance

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

#### **Taxation**

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Page 4 continued...

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

## Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to profit or loss over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

## 3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 1 (2018 - 2).

#### 4 INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

4.	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		
			Goodwill
	COST		£
	At 1 April 2018		
	and 31 March 2019		34,665
	AMORTISATION		
	At 1 April 2018		
	and 31 March 2019		34,665
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 31 March 2019		
	At 31 March 2018		
6.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
٠.		31.3.19	31.3.18
		£	£
	Trade debtors	-	2,885
	Other debtors	<u>1,929</u>	<u>739</u>
			<u>3,624</u>
7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		31.3.19	31.3.18
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	1,750	-
	Trade creditors	2,721	2,296
	Taxation and social security	4,998	10,907
	Other creditors	<u>3,166</u>	2,597
		<u>12,635</u>	<u>15,800</u>
8.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE		
о.	YEAR		
		31.3.19	31.3.18
		£	£
	Bank loans	<u>4,667</u>	

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.