

**A & L TRADE FRAMES LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022**

A & L Trade Frames Limited
Unaudited Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 31 December 2022

Contents

	Page
Balance Sheet	1—2
Notes to the Financial Statements	3—7

A & L Trade Frames Limited
Balance Sheet
As at 31 December 2022

Registered number: 05991776

		2022	2021
	Notes	£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible Assets	4	21,484	19,094
		21,484	19,094
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks	5	4,795	1,895
Debtors	6	51,550	51,463
Cash at bank and in hand		120,479	107,814
		176,824	161,172
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	7	(78,733)	(68,582)
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)		98,091	92,590
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		119,575	111,684
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	8	(1,763)	(5,995)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			
Deferred Taxation		(4,083)	(3,629)
NET ASSETS		113,729	102,060
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	10	100	100
Profit and Loss Account		113,629	101,960
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		113,729	102,060

A & L Trade Frames Limited
Balance Sheet (continued)
As at 31 December 2022

For the year ending 31 December 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr Andrew Brearley

Director

25/01/2023

Mrs Lara Brearley

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

A & L Trade Frames Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 31 December 2022

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Intangible Fixed Assets and Amortisation - Goodwill

Goodwill is the difference between amounts paid on the acquisition of a business and the fair value of the separable net assets. It is amortised to profit and loss account over its estimated economic life of 5 years.

1.4. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery	15% Straight Line
Motor Vehicles	20% Straight Line
Fixtures & Fittings	25% Straight Line
Computer Equipment	25% Straight Line

1.5. Leasing and Hire Purchase Contracts

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in the creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period. Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

A & L Trade Frames Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 31 December 2022

1.6. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

1.7. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

1.8. Government Grant

Government grants are recognised in the profit and loss account in an appropriate manner that matches them with the expenditure towards which they are intended to contribute.

Grants for immediate financial support or to cover costs already incurred are recognised immediately in the profit and loss account. Grants towards general activities of the entity over a specific period are recognised in the profit and loss account over that period.

Grants towards fixed assets are recognised over the expected useful lives of the related assets and are treated as deferred income and released to the profit and loss account over the useful life of the asset concerned.

All grants in the profit and loss account are recognised when all conditions for receipt have been complied with.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 5 (2021: 6)

A & L Trade Frames Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 31 December 2022

3. Intangible Assets

	Goodwill
	£
Cost	
As at 1 January 2022	54,297
Disposals	(54,297)
As at 31 December 2022	-
Amortisation	
As at 1 January 2022	54,297
Disposals	(54,297)
As at 31 December 2022	-
Net Book Value	
As at 31 December 2022	-
As at 1 January 2022	-

4. Tangible Assets

	Plant & Machinery	Motor Vehicles	Fixtures & Fittings	Computer Equipment	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost					
As at 1 January 2022	6,747	35,540	8,963	3,894	55,144
Additions	-	5,800	-	2,588	8,388
Disposals	-	-	-	(414)	(414)
As at 31 December 2022	6,747	41,340	8,963	6,068	63,118
Depreciation					
As at 1 January 2022	3,009	24,749	5,658	2,634	36,050
Provided during the period	1,012	3,119	882	985	5,998
Disposals	-	-	-	(414)	(414)
As at 31 December 2022	4,021	27,868	6,540	3,205	41,634
Net Book Value					
As at 31 December 2022	2,726	13,472	2,423	2,863	21,484
As at 1 January 2022	3,738	10,791	3,305	1,260	19,094

5. Stocks

	2022	2021
	£	£
Stock - materials and work in progress	4,795	1,895
	4,795	1,895

A & L Trade Frames Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 31 December 2022

6. Debtors

	2022	2021
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	48,880	49,253
Prepayments and accrued income	2,670	2,210
	<u>51,550</u>	<u>51,463</u>

7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	4,232	4,232
Trade creditors	365	115
Corporation tax	19,661	16,255
Other taxes and social security	384	1,682
VAT	6,247	909
Other creditors	11,311	8,825
Accruals and deferred income	4,020	3,770
Directors' loan accounts	32,513	32,794
	<u>78,733</u>	<u>68,582</u>

8. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	1,763	5,995
	<u>1,763</u>	<u>5,995</u>

9. Obligations Under Finance Leases and Hire Purchase

	2022	2021
	£	£
The maturity of these amounts is as follows:		
Amounts Payable:		
Within one year	4,232	4,232
Between one and five years	1,763	5,995
	<u>5,995</u>	<u>10,227</u>
	<u>5,995</u>	<u>10,227</u>

A & L Trade Frames Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 31 December 2022

10. Share Capital

	2022	2021
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	100	100

11. General Information

A & L Trade Frames Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 05991776 . The registered office is 8 Holway Court, Holway Road, Holywell, Flintshire, CH8 7DR.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.