Registration number: 5985365

Harrods Property Limited

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the period ended 1 February 2020



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Strategic Report for the period ended 1 February 2020

The directors present their Strategic Report and Financial Statements for the 52 week period ended 1 February 2020 (2019: 52 weeks).

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is the holding of intercompany loan receivables.

Review of the business

Profit for the period after taxation amounted to £14m (2019: £13m). The directors paid a dividend of £17m in the period (2019: £nil).

Future developments

There are no significant foreseable future developments as at 1 February 2020.

Principal risks and uncertainties

Business risk

Following the sales of its freehold properties in 2016 and the termination of the associated leases, there is no business risk apart from the credit risk outlined below.

Credit risk

The company has a significant loan to a group company. The loan to QH Partners Limited is ultimately considered recoverable against other assets and investments directly or indirectly supporting the nominal value of this loan. The company has another loan to its parent, Harrods Limited, which is also considered recoverable against the parent's significant assets.

Liquidity risk

The company has no cash outgoings. Therefore, there is deemed to be no liquidity risk.

Covid-19

The Covid-19 pandemic has been a significant challenge for the Harrods group. The impact of the crisis, and subsequent closure of the Harrods store, has reached the groups' employees, customers, supply chain and store, together with the local and wider community. Management do not expect there to be significant long term consequences on the business as a result of the pandemic.

Approved by the Board on 24 September 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

D J Webster

Company secretary and director

Directors' Report for the period ended 1 February 2020

The directors present their Annual Report and Financial Statements for the 52 week period ended 1 February 2020 (2019: 52 weeks).

Results and dividends

The profit for the period after taxation, amounted to £14m (2019: £13m).

The directors paid a dividend in the period of £17m (2019: £nil).

Directors of the company

The directors who held office during the period were as follows:

M A Ward

D J Webster

No director has had a material interest, directly or indirectly, at any time during the period in any contract significant to the company.

Going concern

The Covid-19 pandemic has been a significant challenge for the Harrods group. The impact of the crisis, and subsequent closure of the Harrods store, has reached the groups' employees, customers, supply chain and store, together with the local and wider community.

Harrods Property Limited generates its income through interest paid from other members of the Harrods group and therefore will be indirectly affected by the impact of the pandemic. Management are confident that the Group companies holding loan balances with Harrods Property Ltd hold sufficient liquidity to meet its obligations as they fall due over the 12 months from the date of signing the accounts, through access to the revolving credit facility and other group resources.

The company has a surplus of shareholders funds at 1 February 2020. The directors consider it appropriate for these financial statements to be prepared on a going concern basis. The company has sufficient cash reserves to meet any administrative expenses.

KPI

There are no KPIs required to be reported other than profit for the period that would give a fuller understanding to the business.

Disclosure of information to the auditors

Each Director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a Director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information. The Directors confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know the auditors are unaware.

Directors' Report for the period ended 1 February 2020 (continued)

Reappointment of auditors

The auditors, Ernst & Young LLP, are deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved by the Board on 24 September 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

D J Webster

Company secretary and director

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 (The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland). Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Harrods Property Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Harrods Property Limited for the year ended 1 February 2020 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, Statement of cash flows, the Statement of comprehensive income, the Statement of changes in equity and the related notes 1 to 14, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the company's affairs as at 1 February 2020 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report below. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter - Effects of COVID -19

We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describe the financial and operational consequences the company is facing as a result of COVID-19 which is impacting consumer demand and supply chains. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Harrods Property Limited (continued)

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report set out on pages 1 to 4, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report or directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Harrods Property Limited (continued)

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Julie Carlyle (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP, Statutory Auditor

1 More London Place London SE1 2AF

Date: 28 ocotember 2020

Profit and Loss Account for the period ended 1 February 2020

	Note	52 weeks ended 1 February 2020 £ 000	52 weeks ended 2 February 2019 £ 000
Administrative expenses	-	(16)	7
Operating (loss)/profit	3	(16)	7
Interest receivable and similar income	4 -	17,273	16,078
Profit before tax		17,257	16,085
Taxation	6	(3,279)	(3,056)
Profit for the financial period	<u>-</u>	13,978	13,029

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

The company has no recognised gains or losses for the period other than the results above.

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period ended 1 February 2020

	52 weeks ended 1 February 2020 £ 000	52 weeks ended 2 February 2019 £ 000
Profit for the period	13,978	13,029
Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive income for the period	13,978	13,029

(Registration number: 5985365) Balance Sheet as at 1 February 2020

•	Note	1 February 2020 £ 000	2 February 2019 £ 000
Current assets			
Debtors: due after more than one year	7	239,659	231,256
Debtors: due within one year	7	283,998	293,727
Cash at bank and in hand	_	1,245	1,245
		524,902	526,228
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	8	(2,756)	(1,060)
Net assets	_	522,146	525,168
Capital and reserves		,	
Called up share capital	9	100	100
Profit and loss account	_	522,046	525,068
Total equity	_	522,146	525,168

Approved and authorised by the Board on 24 September 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

M A Was Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the period ended 1 February 2020

	Share capital £ 000	Profit and loss account £ 000	Total £ 000
At 4 February 2018	100	512,039	512,139
Profit for the period		13,029	13,029
Total comprehensive income		13,029	13,029
At 2 February 2019	100	525,068	525,168
	Share capital £ 000	Profit and loss account £ 000	Total £ 000
At 3 February 2019	100	525,068	525,168
Profit for the period		13,978	13,978
Total comprehensive income	-	13,978	13,978
Dividends		(17,000)	(17,000)
At 1 February 2020	100	522,046	522,146

Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ended 1 February 2020

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 87-135 Brompton Road Knightsbridge London SW1X 7XL United Kingdom

2 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation of financial statements

The Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

Application of FRS 102 is required for all accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015 (the effective date).

The preparation of Financial Statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the company's accounting policies. It is the view of the Directors that there we no critical accounting estimates used in the preparation of the Accounts and the Financial Statements of the company.

Financial Reporting Standard 102 reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by the FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of section 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3.17(d); and
- the requirements of section 33 Related Party Disclosures.

This information is included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of Harrods Group (Holding) Limited, the ultimate UK parent undertaking, as at 1 February 2020 and these Financial Statements may be obtained from the Registrar of Companies.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ended 1 February 2020 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Going concern

The Covid-19 pandemic has been a significant challenge for the Harrods group. The impact of the crisis, and subsequent closure of the Harrods store, has reached the groups' employees, customers, supply chain and store, together with the local and wider community.

Harrods Property Limited generates its income through interest paid from other members of the Harrods group and therefore will be indirectly affected by the impact of the pandemic. Management are confident that the Group companies holding loan balances with Harrods Property Limited hold sufficient liquidity to meet its obligations as they fall due over the 12 months from the date of signing the accounts, through access to the revolving credit facility and other group resources.

The company has a surplus of shareholders funds at 1 February 2020. The directors consider it appropriate for these financial statements to be prepared on a going concern basis. The company has sufficient cash reserves to meet any administrative expenses.

Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like loans to related parties and group undertakings which are accounted for at cost less impairment.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences where the transactions or events that give the company an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future, have occured by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised when it is more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax is measured using rates of tax that have been enacted by the balance sheet date.

3 Operating loss

Audit fees for the period were £7,080 (2019: £5,708).

4 Interest receivable and similar income

	52 weeks	52 weeks
	ended	ended
	1 February	2 February
	2020	2019
	£ 000	£ 000
Interest receivable on loans to group undertakings	<u> 17,273</u>	16,078

5 Directors and employees

Key management personnel are the personnel who have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the company, and are considered to be the directors of the company. Remuneration for the directors of the company is paid for by another group company. It is not practical to determine the proportion of their emoluments which relate to their services as directors of this company.

The company did not employ any persons or incur any staff costs during the period (2019: £nil).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ended 1 February 2020 (continued)

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

6 Taxation

Tax charged/(credited) in the income statement

	52 weeks ended 1 February 2020 £ 000	52 weeks ended 2 February 2019 £ 000
Current taxation Group relief receivable for the period	2,740	1,053
Deferred taxation Origination and reversal of timing differences	539	2,003
Total tax credit for the period	3,279	3,056

The tax on profit before tax for the period is the same as the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (2019 - the same as the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK) of 19% (2019 - 19%)

The differences are reconciled below:

	52 weeks ended 1 February 2020 £ 000	52 weeks ended 2 February 2019 £ 000
Profit before tax	17,257	16,085
Effects of:		
Corporation tax at standard rate	3,279	3,056
Total tax charge	3,279	3,056

The standard rate of tax applied to profit on ordinary activities is 19% (2019: 19%). The Finance (No 2) Act 2015 introduced a reduction in the corporation tax rate to 19% from 1 April 2017. The Finance Act 2016 further reduced the corporation tax rate to 17% from 1 April 2020, however in the 2020 budget, it was announced that corporation tax will remain at 19%. However, this rate change was not substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, so its effect is not reflected in these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ended 1 February 2020 (continued)

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

6 Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax is provided as follows:		
-	1 February	2 February
	2020	2019
Derivative instruments (terminated sware)	£ 000	£ 000
Derivative instruments (terminated swaps)	 -	539
Deferred tax asset		539
	1 February	2 February
•	2020	2019
	€ 000	£ 000
Provision at start of period	539	2,542
Deferred tax charge to income statement for the period	(539)	(2,003)
Deferred tax asset provision at end of period		539
7 Debtors		
	1 February 2020 £ 000	2 February 2019 £ 000
Debtors: due within one year		
Amounts owed by group undertakings	283,995	293,727
Other debtors	3	293,121
	283,998	293,727
	477.	4. 7. 1
	1 February 2020	2 February 2019
	£ 000	£ 000
Debtors: due after more than one year		
Amounts owed by group undertakings	239,659	230,717
Deferred tax asset	<u>-</u>	539
	239,659	231,256

In the prior years, the fixed assets of Harrods Property Limited were sold to its parent, Harrods Limited, part of the consideration resulted in the above loan.

Interest accrued at 7.5% on the new loan of £17.3m (2019: £16.1m). The loan balance at 1 February 2020 was £239.7m due to the company (2019: £230.7m).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ended 1 February 2020 (continued)

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

8 Creditors

	1 February 2020 £ 000	2 February 2019 £ 000
Due within one year		
Accrued expenses	16	7
Income tax liability	2,740	1,053
	2,756	1,060

9 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2020		2019	
	No. 000	£ 000	No. 000	£ 000
Allotted, called up and fully paid of £1				
each	100	100	100	100

Each ordinary share represents one vote. There are no restrictions or preferences placed on the shares.

Dividends are paid at the discretion of the Directors.

10 Commitments

Capital commitments

The company had no capital commitments at 1 February 2020 or 2 February 2019.

11 Contingent liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities at 1 February 2020 or 2 February 2019.

12 Related party transactions

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary and has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 102, section 33 "Related Party Disclosures" from disclosing transactions with other members of the group.

There are no other related party transactions.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ended 1 February 2020 (continued)

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

13 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent is Harrods Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. The ultimate UK parent undertaking of Harrods Limited is Harrods Group (Holding) Limited. The largest and smallest UK group of undertakings for which group accounts have been drawn up is that headed by Harrods Group (Holding) Limited, which can be obtained from the Registrar of Companies.

The company is an indirect 100% subsidiary of Qatar Holding LLC which is the strategic investment arm of Qatar Investment Authority, the ultimate controlling party, incorporated in Qatar.

14 Non adjusting events after the financial period

The business has considered the need for any adjustments to be made following the outbreak of Covid-19 for the 52-week period ended 01/02/2020. At the balance sheet date, the World Health Organisation had not yet declared the outbreak a pandemic. There was not yet a significant outbreak in the UK and government restrictions were not in place. As such the information available at the time could not have predicted the extent of the crisis nor the impact on the business. Therefore, these events have been deemed non-adjusting post balance sheet events in the financial statements.