FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Period ended 2 FEBRUARY 2013

Company number: 05985333

28/10/2013 COMPANIES HOUSE

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements of Harrods Property Holdings Limited and its subsidiary company ("the group") for the period ended 2 February 2013

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is that of an investment holding company

The principal activity of the group is the ownership and management of property and buildings

Business review

There was a profit for the period after taxation amounting to £4 9m (2012 £5 1m) The directors did not pay a dividend in the period (2012 £nil)

The market value of the properties held is estimated to be £330m (2012 £329m) higher than the carrying value in the accounts

Directors

The present membership of the Board is set out below. All served on the Board throughout the period unless otherwise noted.

H Al-Abdulla A M Al-Sayed K Maamria K Al Kuwari M Ward J P Edgar (appointed 24 January 2013)

B Smith (resigned 31 July 2012)

No director has had a material interest, directly or indirectly, at any time during the period in any contract significant to the company

Going concern

The company has a surplus of shareholders funds at 2 February 2013. The directors consider it appropriate for these financial statements to be prepared on a going concern basis as the company has entered into appropriate hedging arrangements to ensure that its rental income is sufficient to meet the company's obligations due under its bank loan. The company has sufficient cash reserves to meet any administrative expenses.

Credit risk

The group has a significant loan to a related party. The loan to QH Partners Limited is ultimately considered recoverable against other assets and investments directly or indirectly supporting the nominal value of this loan.

Liquidity risk

Rents receivable from Harrods Limited are used to fund interest and loan repayments due under the company's bank loan. Cash flow risk on these rents is mitigated by the use of the swap arrangements disclosed in note 10 to the financial statements.

Interest rate risk

The company's exposure to interest rate fluctuations on its borrowings has been eliminated by entering into swap agreements that fix the rate of interest over the term of the borrowings

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Directors' Responsibilities Statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally. Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable laws. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs and profit or loss of the company and group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as each of the directors is aware

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Auditors

The auditors Ernst & Young LLP are deemed to be reappointed under Section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

Goldberg Company secretary (6thJuly 2013

Registered Office 87 - 135 Brompton Road Knightsbridge London, SW1X 7XL

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR TO THE MEMBERS OF HARRODS PROPERTY HOLDINGS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Harrods Property Holdings Limited for the period from 29 January 2012 to 2 February 2013 which comprises the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement and the related notes 1 to 21 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Directors Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 2 February 2013 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom General Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Report of the directors for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR TO THE MEMBERS OF HARRODS PROPERTY HOLDINGS LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Julie Carlyle (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP

1 More London Place London SE1 2AF

25 July 2013

CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

For the period ended 2 FEBRUARY 2013

	Note	53 weeks ended 2 February 2013 £'000	52 weeks ended 28 January 2012 £'000
Turnover	2	45,556	42,621
Administrative expenses	2	(3,229)	(3,396)
Operating profit		42,327	39,225
Other interest receivable		21	21
Interest payable	3 .	(35,286)	(34,255)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		7,062	4,991
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5 .	(2,188)	94
Profit retained and transferred to reserves	13	4,874	5,085

All transactions arise from continuing operations

There were no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the financial period

The accompanying accounting policies and notes form an integral part of these financial statements

BALANCE SHEET AT 2 FEBRUARY 2013

		Consol	ıdated	Comp	any
		At 2	At 28	At 2	At 28
		February	January	February	January
	Note	2013	2012	2013	2012
		£'000	₹,000	€'000	£'000
Fixed assets		~	~	~	~
Tangible assets	7	641,563	644,727	_	-
Investments	8	-	-	100	100
		641,563	644,727	100	100
Current assets					
Debtors due within one year	8	297	982	-	-
Cash at bank and in hand		10,466	10,540	-	-
		10,763	11,522		
Non current assets			-		
Debtors due after one year	8	267,208	269,819	-	-
Creditors. amounts falling due					
within one year	9	(21,673)	(19,817)		
Total assets less current habilities		897,861	906,251	100	100_
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	10	(889,144)	(902,408)	_	-
•		8,717	3,843	100	100
Net assets/(liabilities)		=======================================			
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	12	100	100	100	100
Profit and loss account	13	8,617	3,7 <u>43</u> _	<u> </u>	
Shareholders' funds/(deficit)	14	8,717	3,843	100	100

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on (6 July 2013

J P Ligar Director

Company registration no 05985333

The accompanying accounting policies and notes form an integral part of these financial statements

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

For the period ended 2 FEBRUARY 2013

	Note	53 weeks ended 2 February 2013 £'000	52 weeks ended 28 January 2012 £'000
Net cash inflow from operating activities	15	45,342	40,438
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received Interest paid Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of		21 (36,161)	21 (35,235)
finance		(36,140)	(35,214)
Taxation(paid)/received		(413)	2,752
Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of tangible fixed assets Disposal of fixed assets Borrowing from Harrods Limited		- - -	(241)
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from capital expenditure and financial investment		(-)	(241)
Financing Repayment of bank borrowings	16	(8,863)	(7,752)
Net cash outflow from financing		(8,863)	(7,752)
(Decrease)/increase in cash	16, 17	(74)	(14)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period ended 2 FEBRUARY 2013

1 Principal accounting policies

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with United Kingdom applicable accounting standards

The principal accounting policies of the group have remained unchanged from the previous period and are set out below

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the results of the company and its subsidiary undertaking

Turnover

Turnover is rental income from Harrods Limited and is accounted for on an accruals basis

Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Freehold properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is calculated to write down the cost less estimated residual value of all tangible fixed assets other than freehold land by equal annual instalments over their expected useful lives. The rates generally applicable are

Land Not depreciated
Plant and fittings 3 - 10 years
Freehold property 10 - 50 years

It is the practice of the group to maintain its properties to a high standard Accordingly, for the Harrods Department store in Knightsbridge, the directors consider that the life of this asset is so long, and the residual value (based upon prices prevailing at the time of the acquisition or subsequent valuation) is so high, that the depreciation is immaterial. Any permanent diminution in the value of this property is charged to the profit and loss account as appropriate

Operating leases

Where the group retains subsequently all the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset subject to the lease, the asset is shown within tangible fixed assets. Rental income from these operating leases is recognised on a systematic basis over the period of the lease.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences where the transactions or events that give the group an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future, have occurred by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised when it is more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax is measured using rates of tax that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Issue costs

Costs associated with the issue of the bank loan are amortised over the period of the loan

Financial instruments

Interest differentials, under which the amounts and periods for which interest rates on borrowings are varied, are reflected as adjustments to interest payable

The group has entered into financial instruments which fix rental income receivable and bank interest payable. The differential in rental income receivable and bank interest payable resulting from utilising these instruments is taken to the profit and loss account in the period to which the financing income or costs relate. As the group has not adopted the measurement criteria of FRS 26 the fair value of the financial instrument is not recognised, but is disclosed in the notes to the accounts.

2 Turnover and profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation

The turnover and profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation is attributable to

	53 weeks ended 2 February 2013 £'000	52 weeks ended 28 January 2012 £'000
Rents receivable from related parties	45,556	42,621
The profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after:		
Auditors' remuneration Audit services	17	21
Depreciation Tangible fixed assets owned	3,162	3,336
3 Interest payable and similar charges		
	53 weeks ended 2 February 2013 £'000	52 weeks ended 28 January 2012 £000
Interest payable on bank loan Amortisation of issue costs Finance charge on swaps Interest receivable Net interest payable	(33,057) (271) (1,958) (35,286) 21 (35,265)	(32,812) (269) (1,175) (34,256) 21 (34,235)

Finance charge on swaps in 2012 includes the cost of reducing the notional principal amount under the company's interest rate swaps

4 Directors and employees

No emoluments were paid to the directors of the company during the period (2012 £nil)

The company did not employ any persons or incur any staff costs during the period (2012 £nil)

5 Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities

The tax credit is based on the profit/(loss) for the period and represents		
	53	52
	weeks	weeks
	ended 2	ended 28
	February	January
	2013	2012
	€,000	£000
Current tax		
Current tax charge	1,952	1,630
Group relief receivable	-	-
Prior period adjustment	(431)	(692)
• ,	1,521	938
Deferred tax		
Accelerated capital allowances/(charges)	667	(1,032)
Total tax charge/(credit)	2,188	(94)
Total an charge, (creat)		
Factors affecting current period corporation tax		
The current period corporation tax assessed for the period is higher than		
the standard rate of corporation tax of 24 33% (2012 26 32%)		
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	7,062	4,991
Tront on ordinary activities before tax		
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of		
corporation tax in the United Kingdom of 26 32% (2012 28%)	1,718	1,314
8 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-y	1,017
Effect of		
Transfer pricing adjustments	(110)	(113)
Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	(61)	429
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	405	_
Prior year adjustment	(431)	(692)
Current tax (charge)/credit for the period	1,521	938
Current tax (charge)/ Credit for the period		

6 Company profit and loss account

As permitted by section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 the profit and loss account of Harrods Property Holdings Limited is not presented as part of these financial statements. The company did not trade during the financial period, making neither a profit nor a loss

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period ended 2 FEBRUARY 2013

7 Tangible fixed assets

	Freehold
	properties
	£'000
Cost	
At 29 January 2012	660,372
Disposals	(107)
At 2 February 2013	660,265
Depreciation	
At 29 January 2012	15,645
Provided in the period	3,162
Disposals	(105)
At 2 February 2013	18,702
Net book amount	
At 2 February 2013	641,563
At 28 January 2012	644,727

The company does not hold any freehold properties

Group freehold properties are stated at historic cost

All of the group's fixed assets are held for use in operating leases. During the period rental income of £45 6m (2012 £42 6m) has been recognised in respect of these operating leases.

The market value of the properties held is estimated to be £330m (2012–£329m) higher than the carrying value in the accounts

8 Fixed asset investments - Company

	Company Unlisted
	investments £'000
Cost	
At 28 January 2012	100
Investment in subsidiaries	
At 2 February 2013	100

Principal subsidiary

Harrods Property Limited is 100% owned by Harrods Property Holdings Limited The company is registered in England and Wales and operates in the United Kingdom. The principal activity of the subsidiary is property management.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period ended 2 FEBRUARY 2013

8 Debtors

	Consolidated		Company	
	At 2	At 28	At 2	At 28
	February	January	February	January
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	£'000	\mathcal{L}^{000}	£'000	£'000
Amounts due within one year				
Prepayments and accrued income	294	273	-	-
Corporation tax receivable	-	692	-	_
Amounts due from related party	3	17_		
	297	982		-
Amounts due after more than one year				
Loan to a related party (note 20)	267,136	269,079	-	-
Deferred tax asset (see note 11)	72	740		
	267,208	269,819	-	<u> </u>

The related party loan to is QH Partners Limited, a company under the common control of the company's ultimate parent undertaking and is non interest bearing and repayable with not less than 12 months notice by the company. The gross amount outstanding is £267 1m (2012 £269 1m). This loan is considered recoverable against other assets and investments directly or indirectly supporting the nominal value of this loan.

9 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Consolidated		Comp	oany
	At 2	At 28	At 2	At 28
	February	January	February	January
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	€,000	$\pounds 000$	€,000	£'000
Syndicated bank loan (note 10)	10,702	8,863	•	-
Accruals and deferred income	3,357	3,971	-	-
Bank interest payable	5,568	5,352	-	-
Corporation tax payable (note 5)	2,046	1,631		-
	21,673	19,817		-

10 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	Consol	ıdated	Company	
	At 2	At 28	At 2	At 28
	February	January	February	January
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	£'000	$\mathcal{L}000$	€,000	\mathcal{L}^{000}
Syndicated bank loan repayable by instalments				
(refer (1) below)	551,442	561,873	-	_
Loan from related party (refer (111) below)	281,391	282,862	-	-
Unamortised swap liability owing to swap				
counterparty (refer (11) below)	56,311	57,673	-	-
Deferred Tax liability (note 11)				-
	889,144	902,408		
The maturity profiles of the group's syndicated bank borrowings at the period end was as follows				
In one year or less	10,702	8,863	-	_
Between one and two years	12,296	10,702	-	-
Between two and three years	13,924	12,296	-	_
Between three and four year	526,199	13,924	-	-
Between four and five years	-	526,199	•	-
•	563,121	571,984		
Issue costs	(2,854)	(2,854)	-	-
Amortisation charged to date	1,877	1,606	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	562,144	570,736		
Comprises				
Within one year	10,702	8,863	-	-
More than one year	551,442	561,873		
	562,144	570,736		

(1) During the period, repayments of £8 9m were made on the syndicated bank loan (2012 £7 9m. The balance at 2 February 2013 stands at £563 1m (2012 £572 0m)

The syndicated bank loan is repayable quarterly in advance over 10 years with a final payment of £514 8m due in December 2016. The loan is secured by way of fixed and floating charges over the company's land and buildings. Interest is linked to LIBOR. The company entered into a swap arrangement to eliminate interest rate risk. At 2 February 2013, the fair value of the swap amounted to a liability of £158.7m (2012 £167.9m)

- (11) The company has a limited price inflation ("LPI") swap to eliminate the inflation risk on its rental income Embedded in the LPI swap is a previous liability assumed of £60 5m. At 2 February 2013 the fair value of the swap amounted to a liability of £168 3m (2012 £158 2m)
- (iii) The related party loan is from Harrods Limited, a company under the common control of the group's ultimate parent undertaking and is non interest bearing and repayable on demand by the lender. The debt is subject to a deed of subordination between the lender and Royal Bank of Scotland plc for so long as the group's bank debt remains outstanding

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period ended 2 FEBRUARY 2013

11 Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation provided for in the financial statements is set out below

	Consolidated		Company	
	At 2 At 28	At 2 At 28	At 2	At 28
	February	January	February	January
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	£'000	£'000	₹,000	£'000
Balance at 28 January 2012	740	(292)	-	-
Transfer from/(to) profit and loss account	(668)	1,032	<u>-</u>	
Balance at 2 February 2013	72	740		-

In addition to the amount provided for deferred taxation, there are potential assets in respect of deferred taxation (after utilisation of capital losses) of £15 5m (2012 liabilities £6 6m) if the properties were disposed of at the current carrying value. In the opinion of the directors the potential assets in respect of capital gains are unlikely to arise since the majority of the properties will be retained for use by the business

Legislation was introduced in the Finance Act 2012 to reduce the main rate of corporation tax from 26% to 24% with effect from 1 April 2012 and to 23% with effect from 1 April 2013. The effect of these tax rate reductions is reflected in the recognised deferred tax asset of £0 1m.

Furthermore, the UK Government announced in the Autumn Statement on 5 December 2012 that it intends to reduce the rate of corporation tax by a further 2% to 21% to apply from 1 April 2014. A further reduction of 1% to apply from 1 April 2015 was announced in the Budget on 20 March 2013. The reduction to 20% has not been reflected in the closing deferred tax asset as it has not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

The Directors estimate that the effect of these changes will reduce the company's recognised deferred tax asset by £6k

12 Share capital

	Consolidated		Company	
	At 2	At 28	At 2	At 28
	February	January	February	January
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	£	£	£	£
<u>Authorised</u>				
100,002 ordinary shares of £1 each	100,002	100,002	100,002	100,002
	Consol At 2 February 2013 £'000	At 28 January 2012 £'000	Com At 2 February 2013 £'000	Pany At 28 January 2012 £'000
Allotted and fully paid				
100,002 ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period ended 2 FEBRUARY 2013

13 Reserves

At 28 January 2012 Profit for the period	Consolidated Profit and loss account £'000 3,743 4,874	Company Profit and loss account £'000
At 2 February 2013	8,617	-
14 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' deficit		
	2012 £'000	2012 £'000
Profit for the period	4,874	5,085
Shareholders' deficit at beginning of period	3,843	(1,242)
Shareholders' funds/(deficit) at end of period	8,717	3,843
15 Net cash inflow from operating activities	53	52
	weeks	weeks
	ended 2	ended 28
	February 2013	January 2012
	£'000	£'000
	£ 000	2,000
Operating profit	42,327	39,225
Depreciation (note 2 and 7)	3,162	3,336
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	2	-
Increase in debtors	(21)	(100)
(Decrease)/Increase in deferred income	(615)	430
(Decrease)/increase in creditors	487	(2,453)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	45,342	40,438

16 Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt

	53	52
	weeks	weeks
	ended 2	ended 28
	February	January
	2013	2012
	£'000	\mathcal{L}_{000}
(Decrease)/increase in cash in the period	(74)	(14)
Repayment of syndicated bank borrowings	8,863	7,752
(Borrowing from)/repayments to related party borrowings		
Movement in net debt in the period	8,789	7,738
Other non cash charges	2,562	4,986
Net debt at 28 January 2012	(900,731)	(913,455)
Net debt at 2 February 2013	(889,380)	(900,731)

Non cash charges represent the amortisation of issue costs relating to the bank loan

17 Analysis of changes in net debt

	At 28 Jan 2012 £'000	Cash flow	Other non- cash movement £'000	At 2 Feb 2013 £'000
Cash in hand	10,540	(74)	_	10,466
Bank loan (note 10)	(570,736)	8,863	(271)	(562,144)
Loan from related party (note 20)	(282,862)	-	1,471	(281,391)
Unamortised swap liability (note 10)	(57,673)		1,362	(56,311)
	(900,731)	8,789	2,562	(889,380)

18 Capital commitments

The company had no capital commitments at 2 February 2013 or 28 January 2012.

19 Contingent liabilities

In December 2006, the group granted a second charge over the group's properties in favour of the trustee of the Harrods Group Pension Plan as security for the payment and discharge of the liabilities of the pension plan of Harrods Holdings Limited, the principal employer, and other connected and associated persons

There were no other contingent liabilities at 2 February 2013 or 28 January 2012

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period ended 2 FEBRUARY 2013

20 Transactions with directors and other related parties

The related party loan from Harrods Limited, a company under the common control of the group's ultimate parent undertaking, is non interest bearing and is repayable on demand by the lender. However, the debt is subject to a deed of subordination between the lender and Royal Bank of Scotland plc for so long as the company's bank debt remains outstanding. At the period end, the loan outstanding was £286 5m (2012 £286 5m). During the period, movement in the intercompany balance owed to Harrods Property Limited was £1 5m (2012 £4 2m).

The property leases with Harrods Limited are for a term of 35 years commencing 5 December 2006 Rent is reviewed annually calculated by using the applicable Retail Price Index (RPI) At 5 December 2012, current rent was £45 6m per annum, receivable quarterly in advance

During the period the group charged rent of £45 6m (2012 £42 6m) to Harrods Limited, the lessee At the period end, the balance of rent received in advance was £3 3m (2012 £3 9m)

During the period the group was recharged for fixed assets additions amounting to £nil (2012 £0 2m) from Harrods Limited At the period end, the creditor balance was £nil (2012 £nil)

The related party loan to QH Partners Limited, a company under the common control of the group's ultimate parent undertaking, is non interest bearing and is repayable with not less than 12 months notice by the group. The loan is considered recoverable against other assets and investments directly or indirectly supporting the nominal value of this loan.

There are no other related party transactions

21 Ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Harrods Property Investments SARL, a company incorporated in Luxembourg

The company is an indirect 100% subsidiary of Qatar Holding LLC which is the strategic investment arm of Qatar Investment Authority, the ultimate controlling party