POLITICS AND ECONOMICS RESEARCH TRUST FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

Company Number: 05982645

Charity Number: 1121849

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POLITICS AND ECONOMICS RESEARCH TRUST CONTENTS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

Trustees Peter Brown

Charles Knox Ian Moore William Norton Simon Richards

Registered Office Bridge House

Bridge House Borough High Street

London SE1 9QR

Registered Charity Number 1121849

Company Number 05982645

Bankers Santander UK Plc

Independent Examiner John Howard FCA

Wilkins Kennedy LLP Bridge House London Bridge London

London SE1 9QR

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES

The Trustees present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015.

Structure, Governance and Management

The Charity, registered number 1121849, is a company limited by guarantee, number 05982645, and is governed by its Memorandum and Articles of Association. The guarantee of individual members is limited to £1.

Trustees

The trustees, who are also directors for the purposes of the Companies Act 2006, who served during the year

William Norton

- Chairman - appointed 1 February 2016

Peter Brown

Charles Knox
John Mills
Ian Moore

- appointed 10 May 2016
- resigned 10 May 2016
- appointed 10 May 2016

Simon Richards

Richard Smith - resigned 27 April 2016

No trustees had any contract or arrangement of a material nature with the company during the year under review.

Trustees are ultimately appointed at the annual general meeting of the Charity although they can be appointed by the board in the interim, with the AGM confirming the appointment. There is a process of induction for new trustees which includes the provision of key information.

Risk Management

The trustees have examined the major risks which the Charity faces and confirm that systems have been established so that the necessary steps can be taken to lessen any such risks. As noted below, the Charity is financially dependent on voluntary income received from its supporters to continue its grant making activities and the level of this income represents a key financial risk.

Objectives and Activities for the Public Benefit

The trustees confirm that they have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit when reviewing the Charity's aims and objectives and in planning future activities.

The object of the Charity is to advance education of the public and in particular to promote for the public benefit research into matters of public taxation, public policy, applied economics and political science and to disseminate the useful results thereof.

Achievements and Performance

In 2015, the Charity approved 10 grant proposals amounting to £320,000. The research grants approved in the year covered the four core subject areas of the Charity.

Financial review and reserves policy

Overall, there was a deficit for the year of £40,140 (2014: surplus of £11,629). The Charity is financially dependent on voluntary income received from its supporters and had total incoming resources for the year of £296,160 (2014: £514,551), details of which are shown on the Statement of Financial Activities. The level of reserves at the year end was, after grant commitments, £17,683 (2014: £57,823).

The Charity manages its funds and the donations that it receives to ensure that sufficient reserves are available to ensure that committed grants and administrative costs are covered. This includes £15,000 as working capital for the Trust.

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES

Grant making policy

The Charity can only fund research projects that are completely non-party political. They must also be carried out to the highest academic standards and be of interest to the public. They must focus on the four core subject areas of the Charity, which represent the enduring themes of the Trust (public taxation, public policy, applied economics and political science).

The Charity accepts applications for funding which are then reviewed against specific criteria as set by the trustees in accordance with the Charity's objectives. The research project team applying for a grant must include people with knowledge, experience and research skills to carry out a successful research project. The Charity sometimes commissions work directly. These proposals are solicited, but are considered according to the same criteria as externally generated proposals.

Grant proposal pass through two stages of scrutiny:

- Either the Chairman or the Administrator, where appointed and as appropriate, assess whether the
 proposal fits within the Trust's current priorities and is technically adequate;
- the Trustees then consider and decide between competing proposals and make the final decision.

When looking at a proposal key issues are:

- the importance and relevance of the topic to the Trust's priorities;
- whether the work will offer new insights or developments;
- the appropriateness of the methods proposed to the aims of the project, including research design, data collection and analysis;
- demonstration of good knowledge of the area, including both research literature and the policy and practice context:
- the ability of the staff and organisation to carry out the work and complete on time;
- the policy and practice implications of the project;
- an appropriate approach to dissemination;
- priority within available funds and value for money.

Judgments about proposals are made on the basis of what is written down or explained orally where an applicant is invited to attend a meeting of the Trustees. Some proposals are turned down because the Trust cannot give the topic sufficient priority even though the proposal is well thought out and presented. But proposals can also be rejected because insufficient information has been provided about key aspects or there is a lack of clarity about what is planned.

The Trustees have reviewed and updated in 2016 the Charity's documentation for the submission of grant applications and its processes for the award and monitoring of grant applications.

Plans for Future Periods

The Charity's aims for 2016 are to continue to make grants and fund research in pursuance of the charitable objects.

The Trustees' preferred method of awarding grants is to choose a number of themes and then to invite applications on those topic(s). They also approach people or organisations with known expertise or specialism in the relevant area and invite them to submit proposals for further research. We are however always prepared to consider unsolicited approaches where a good case can be made that the proposed work is consistent with the objects of our charity.

For 2016 grants have been awarded on the theme of Rebalancing the Economy, to investigate whether the UK economy is unbalanced, and if so how any rebalancing could be best brought about in terms of demand-driven policy changes or supply-side measures. Papers have been commissioned, in conjunction with a joint-funder, from IPPR, Demos, the New Economics Foundation, the Centre for Progressive Capitalism, the IEA, the CPS and Open Democracy. The Trustees believe that the collected results of this study, with submissions by the UK's leading think tanks and policy organisations from across the political spectrum, will provide a valuable and timely public benefit in contributing to informed and educated debate on a vital issue of public policy. The programme is now closed and the research findings are expected to be published during late 2016 and early 2017.

Belliam Norten

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES

Approved by order of the board of trustees on 2015 Sq. 2016 and signed on its behalf by:

W Norton - Trustee

Independent Examiner's Report to the Members

of Politics and Economics Research Trust

I report on the accounts of the Politics and Economics Research Trust for the year ended 31 December 2015 set out on pages 6 to 13.

Respective responsibilities of trustees and examiner

The charity's trustees are responsible for the preparation of the accounts. The charity's trustees consider that an audit is not required for this year (under Section 144(2) of the Charities Act 2011 (the 2011 Act)) and that an independent examination is required.

Having satisfied myself that the charity is not subject to an audit under company law and is eligible for independent examination, it is my responsibility to:

- examine the accounts under Section 145 of the 2011 Act
- to follow the procedures laid down in the General Directions given by the Charity Commission (under Section 145(5)(b) of the 2011 Act); and
- to state whether particular matters have come to my attention.

Basis of the independent examiner's report

My examination was carried out in accordance with the General Directions given by the Charity Commission. An examination includes a review of the accounting records kept by the charity and a comparison of the accounts presented with those records. It also includes consideration of any unusual items or disclosures in the accounts, and seeking explanations from you as trustees concerning any such matters. The procedures undertaken do not provide all the evidence that would be required in an audit, and consequently no opinion is given as to whether the accounts present a 'true and fair view' and the report is limited to those matters set out in the statements below.

Independent examiner's statement

Your attention is drawn to the fact that the charity has prepared the accounts (financial statements) in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS102) in preference to the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice issued on 1 April 2005 which is referred to in the extant regulations but has been withdrawn.

We understand that this has been done in order for the accounts to provide a true and fair view in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Practice effect for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015.

In connection with my examination, no matter has come to my attention:

- (1) which gives me reasonable cause to believe that, in any material respect, the requirements
 - to keep accounting records in accordance with Section 130 of the 2011 Act; and
 - to prepare accounts which accord with the accounting records and to comply with the accounting requirements of the 2011 Act

have not been met; or

(2) to which, in my opinion, attention should be drawn in order to enable a proper understanding of the accounts to be reached.

John Howard FCA

for and on behalf of Wilkins Kennedy LLP

Statutory Auditor
Chartered Accountants
Bridge House
London Bridge
London

SET 9QR

Date: 27 Septe Ses 2016

POLITICS AND ECONOMICS RESEARCH TRUST STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

	Notes	2015	2014
		3	3
Incoming resources			
Incoming resources from			
generated funds:	_		
Donations and legacies	2	296,160	514,544
Investment income		4	7
Total incoming resources		296,164	514,551
Resources expended			
Charitable activities:			
Research grants		336,304	512,922
otal resources expended	· 3 ·	336,304	512,922
Net movement in funds		(40,140)	1,629
Fund balances brought			
forward 1 January 2015		57,823	56,194
Fund balances carried		•	
forward 31 December 2015		£17,683	£57,823

The notes on pages 8 to 13 form part of the financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2015

	2015				2015		2014	
	Notes	£	£	£	£			
Current assets Cash at bank and in hand		208,783		88,175				
Cash at bank and in hand								
		208,783		88,175				
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	7	191,100		30,352				
Net current assets			17,683		57,823			
Net assets			£17,683		£57,823			
Represented by:								
Unrestricted funds			17,683		57,823			
			£17,683		£57,823			

The charitable company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 December 2015.

The members have not required the charitable company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The Trustees acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provision of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2016 relating to small charitable companies:

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Trustees on 20.16 and were signed on its behalf by:

W Norton - Trustee

The notes on pages 8 to 13 form part of the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) General information and basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) issued on 16 July 2014, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102), the Charities Act 2011, the Companies Act 2006 and UK Generally Accepted Practice as it applies from 1 January 2015.

The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain items at fair value. The financial statements are prepared in sterling which is the functional currency of the charity.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented unless otherwise stated.

(b) Financial reporting standard 102 – reduced disclosure exemptions

The charity has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemption in preparing these financial statements as permitted by FRS 102 'The financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland':

the requirement of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows.

(c) Reconciliation with previous Generally Accepted Accounting Practice

The trust transitioned from previously extant UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 January 2014. An explanation of how transition to FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in the notes.

(d) Going Concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis as the trustees believe that no material uncertainties exist. The trustees have considered the level of funds held and the expected level of income and expenditure for 12 months from authorising these financial statements. The budgeted income and expenditure is sufficient with the level of reserves for the charity to be able to continue as a going concern.

(e) Legal status

The charitable company is a company limited by guarantee.

(f) Public Benefit

The charitable company meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102.

(g) Funds accounting

The funds of the Charity comprise:

Unrestricted general funds - these are funds which can be used in accordance with the charitable objects at the discretion of the trustees.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

(h) Income

All incoming resources are included in the Statement of Financial Activities (SoFA) when the charity is legally entitled to the income after any performance conditions have been met, the amount can be measured reliably and it is probable that the income will be received:

- Donations and legacies are recognised in the financial statements when the Trust is convinced that
 there is entitlement to the income, there is certainty of receipt and the amount in question is
 measurable.
- · Investment income is included when receivable.

(i) Expenditure

All expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis and has been classified under headings that aggregate all costs related to the category. Expenditure is recognised where there is a legal or constructive obligation to make payments to third parties, it is probable that the settlement will be required and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. It is categorised under the following headings:

Expenditure on charitable activities includes research grants.

Irrecoverable VAT is charged as an expense against the activity for which expenditure arose.

Grants payable are charged in the year when the offer is conveyed to the recipient except in those cases where the offer is conditional, such as awards being recognised as expenditure when the conditions attached to the grants are fulfilled. Grants offered subject to conditions that have not been met at the year end are noted as a commitment, but not accrued as expenditure.

(j) Allocation of support and governance costs

Support costs are those that assist the work of the charity but do not directly represent charitable activities and include governance costs, administrative office function costs and premises costs. They are incurred directly in support of expenditure on the objects of the charitable company.

Governance costs comprise all costs involving the public accountability of the Trust and its compliance with regulation and good practice. These costs include costs related to the independent examination, statutory audit and legal fees.

Support and Governance costs have been allocated across the charitable activities using various percentage allocations.

(k) Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and cash in hand includes cash and short term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

(I) Creditors

Creditors are recognised where the Trust has a present obligation resulting from a past event that will probably result in the transfer of funds to a third party and the amount due to settle the obligation can be measured or estimated reliably.

Other creditors and accruals are recognised at their settlement amount due.

(m) Financial instruments

The trust only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value with the exception of bank loans which are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

(n) Taxation

The Trust is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 Finance Act 2010 and therefore meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the Trust is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3 Part II Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

(o) Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates:

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on a continuing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

2.	Donations and Legacles			2015 £	2014 £
	Donations Legacies			296,160	514,544
				296,160	<u>514,544</u>
3.	Charitable Activities	Grants	Support Costs	Total 2015	Total 2014
		£	£ (Note 3:3)	£	£
	Grants approved (note 3.1)	320,000	-	320,000	532,000
	Amounts cancelled or returned	(20,000)	36,304	(20,000)	(60,000) 40,922
	Support costs		36,304	36,304)	40,922
	Total resources expended	300,000	36,304	336,304	512,922
3.1	Grant commitments			2015	2014
				£	3
	Balance brought forward			10,000	10,000
	Grants approved (note 3.2)			320,000	532,000
	Amounts paid			(122,000)	(472,000)
	Amounts recovered			(20,000)	(60,000)
	Balance carried forward			188,000	10,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

3.2	Grants approved	2015 Number	2015 £	2014 £
	The Trust approved the following grants to institutions during the year:			
	TaxPayers' Alliance		165,000	300,000
	New Culture Forum		-	7,000
	Business for Britain		150,000	205,000
	Global Britain			10,000
	Commonwealth Exchange		5,000	10,000
			320,000	532,000

The total of £150,000 granted to Business for Britain represents applications made by them during the year in respect of four discrete projects. Of this total, only £100,000 was drawn down by Business for Britain during the year. £20,000 was subsequently repaid before the year-end as the relevant project was aborted by them. A further £50,000 was repaid by Business for Britain in 2016 after mutual agreement that the project in question had materially altered in the course of its execution and no longer reflected the application in respect of which the grant had been approved.

3.3	Support costs:	2015 £	2014 £
	Professional fees	21,792	17,838
	Audit and Accountancy Fee:		
	- Auditors' fee - for audit	-	3,900
	 Auditors' fee – for other 	9,412	10,784
	- Independent Examiners fee	1,200	-
	Other accountancy fees	3,900	8,400
		36,304	40,922
4.	Net Income/(Expenditure) for the year	2015 £	2014 £
	This is stated after charging:	-	-
	Auditor's remuneration:		
	Independent examination fee	1.200	-
	Audit fee	•	3,900

5. Staff costs, Trustee remuneration and expenses and the cost of the key management personnel

There were no employees other than the trustees/directors (2014: None).

None of the trustees/directors received any remuneration or reimbursement of expenses during the year (2014: None).

The key management of the Trust comprise the trustees only.

POLITICS AND ECONOMICS RESEARCH TRUST NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

6.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	2015 £	2014 £
	Trade creditors	-	17,362
	Grant commitments (note 3.1)	188,000	10,000
	Accruals	3,100	2,990
		191,100	30,352

7. Related Party Disclosures

There were no related party transactions for the year ended 31 December 2015.

8. Company Status

The company is limited by guarantee and does not have a share capital. The liability of the members in the event of winding up is limited to £1 each.

POLITICS AND ECONOMICS RESEARCH TRUST RECONCILIATION OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

9. First year adoption

Transitional relief

On transition to FRS 102, the charity has taken advantage of the following transitional relief:

		UK GAAP	Effect of transition to FRS 102	FRS 102
	Notes	£	£	£
INCOME AND ENDOWMENTS FROM				
Donations and legacies		514,544	-	514,544
Investment income		7	-	7
Total		514,551	-	514,551
EXPENDITURE ON				
Charitable activities		476,170	36,752	512,922
OBSOLETE: Governance costs	A	36,752	(36,752)	-
NET INCOME		512,922	-	512,922

Notes to the reconciliation of income and expenditure

A - Governance Costs

FRS 102 SORP requires governance costs to be excluded from the face of the Statement of Financial Activities and to be included in expenditure on charitable activities, as a separate component of support costs.

On the date of transition to FRS 102 SORP £6,732 was reallocated in to the support costs of the charitable activity within Politics and Economics Research Trust. At the 31 December 2015, £36,752 was allocated in to the support costs of the charitable activity within Politics and Economics Research Trust.

Both movements had a no effect on the total funds carried forward at 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2015.