

**Sterling Wills Ltd****Registered number:** 05923925**Balance Sheet****as at 31 December 2019**

	Notes	2019 £	2018 £
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Intangible assets	3	351	2,794
Tangible assets	4	2,350	343
		<u>2,701</u>	<u>3,137</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors	5	1,862	-
Cash at bank and in hand		58,778	70,818
		<u>60,640</u>	<u>70,818</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	6	(16,654)	(18,892)
<b>Net current assets</b>		<u>43,986</u>	<u>51,926</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>46,687</u>	<u>55,063</u>
<b>Provisions for liabilities</b>		(513)	(533)
<b>Net assets</b>		<u>46,174</u>	<u>54,530</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital		4	4
Profit and loss account		46,170	54,526
<b>Shareholder's funds</b>		<u>46,174</u>	<u>54,530</u>

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

T Hawkins

Director

Approved by the board on 25 September 2020

**Sterling Wills Ltd**  
**Notes to the Accounts**  
**for the year ended 31 December 2019**

**1 Accounting policies**

***Basis of preparation***

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

***Turnover***

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

***Intangible fixed assets***

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

***Tangible fixed assets***

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings	over 50 years
Leasehold land and buildings	over the lease term
Plant and machinery	over 5 years
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	over 5 years

***Debtors***

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

***Creditors***

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

***Taxation***

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing

differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

### **Provisions**

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

### **Pensions**

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2 Employees	2019 Number	2018 Number
Average number of persons employed by the company	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>
<b>3 Intangible fixed assets</b>		<b>£</b>
Goodwill:		
<b>Cost</b>		
At 1 January 2019		<u>12,216</u>
At 31 December 2019		<u>12,216</u>
<b>Amortisation</b>		
At 1 January 2019		9,422
Provided during the year		<u>2,443</u>
At 31 December 2019		<u>11,865</u>
<b>Net book value</b>		
At 31 December 2019		<u>351</u>
At 31 December 2018		<u>2,794</u>

Goodwill is being written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated economic life of 5 years.

4 Tangible fixed assets	Plant and machinery etc £
<b>Cost</b>	

At 1 January 2019	2,124
Additions	3,040
At 31 December 2019	<u>5,164</u>
<b>Depreciation</b>	
At 1 January 2019	1,781
Charge for the year	1,033
At 31 December 2019	<u>2,814</u>
<b>Net book value</b>	
At 31 December 2019	<u>2,350</u>
At 31 December 2018	<u>343</u>

<b>5 Debtors</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Other debtors	<u>1,862</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Corporation tax	-	5,265
Other taxes and social security costs	14,851	13,398
Other creditors	1,803	229
	<u>16,654</u>	<u>18,892</u>

## 7 Other information

Sterling Wills Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

31b High Street North  
Dunstable  
Bedfordshire  
LU6 1HX

The company is controlled by T Hawkins.

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