**Report and Accounts** 

30 June 2013

Thomas & Young Limited
Chartered Accountants
Registered Auditor

# Digiland Limited Report and accounts

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# The following pages do not form part of the statutory accounts

Detailed trading and profit and loss account

16 to 18

# **Company Information**

#### Director

Mr Jae Dong Park

### Secretary

Mrs Heon-Sook Park

#### **Auditors**

Thomas & Young Limited Carleton House 266 - 268 Stratford Road Shirley Solihull

B90 3AD

#### **Bankers**

Lloyds TSB 113 The Border Telford Town Centre Telford Shropshire

TF3 4AE

### Registered office

Digiland House Unit C Stafford Park 12 Telford Shropshire TF3 3BJ

### Registered number

05812731

### Incorporated

England & Wales 10 May 2006

Registered number: 05812731

**Director's Report** 

The director presents his report and accounts for the year ended 30 June 2013.

#### **Principal activities**

The company's principal activity during the year continued to be retail and wholesale of electrical and grade B goods.

#### Review of the business

The results for the year are set out on page 5. The director considers the profit achieved on ordinary activities before taxation to be exceptionally good given the difficult trading conditions from the effects of the recession. Gross profit margin has increased from 23% to 30%. Turnover has decreased by 12%, but the higher margins has resulted in a net increase in the g r o s s p r o f i t .

The director considers the state of the affairs to be very good.

#### **Future developments**

The company continues to concentrate and develop exports, seeking new markets outside the U  $\,$  K  $\,$  .

The company is also allocating resources towards the marketing of digital signage and LED lighting within the domestic market.

The current domestic market for retailing and wholesaling remains a challenging environment.

#### **Directors**

The following persons served as directors during the year:

Mr Jae Dong Park

#### Director's responsibilities

The director is responsible for preparing the report and accounts in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare accounts for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the accounts in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the accounts unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these accounts, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts;
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable him to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### Disclosure of information to auditors

The director confirms that:

so far as he is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and

he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This report was approved by the board on 19 December 2013 and signed on its behalf.

Mr J D Park Director

#### Independent auditors' report

#### to the shareholders of Digiland Limited

We have audited the accounts of Digiland Limited for the year ended 30 June 2013 set out on pages 5 to 15. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Director's Responsibilities set out on pages 2 to 3, the director is responsible for the preparation of the accounts and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the accounts in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the accounts

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www.frc.org.uk/apb/scope/private.cfm

#### Opinion on the accounts

In our opinion the accounts:

give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2013 and of its profit for the year then ended:

have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Director's Report for the financial year for which the accounts are prepared is consistent with the accounts.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or

the accounts are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or

certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or

we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

M E Vousden FCA

(Senior Statutory Auditor) Carleton House

for and on behalf of 266 - 268 Stratford Road

Thomas & Young Limited Shirley
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor Solihull
19 December 2013 B90 3AD

# Digiland Limited Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 30 June 2013

	Notes	2013 £	2012 £
Turnover	2	11,602,934	13,191,905
Cost of sales		(8,158,214)	(10,182,389)
Gross profit		3,444,720	3,009,516
Administrative expenses		(1,274,842)	(1,164,578)
Operating profit	3	2,169,878	1,844,938
Interest payable	6	(37,787)	9,241
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		2,132,091	1,854,179
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(513,502)	(476,248)
Profit for the financial year		1,618,589	1,377,931

# **Continuing operations**

None of the company's activities were acquired or discontinued during the above two financial years.

# Statement of total recognised gains and losses

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the above two financial years.

# Digiland Limited Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2013

N	otes		2013		2012
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	8		1,329,146		1,158,195
Investments	9		700,000		400,000
		-	2,029,146	_	1,558,195
Current assets					
Stocks	10	457,561		91,549	
Debtors	11	530,991		567,641	
Cash at bank and in hand	• •	3,931,597		2,667,101	
		4,920,149		3,326,291	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	12	(2,106,846)		(1,625,788)	
Net current assets			2,813,303		1,700,503
			_,,,,,,,		,,,,,,,,
Total assets less current		-		_	
liabilities			4,842,449		3,258,698
Creditors: amounts falling					
due after more than one year	13		(813,836)		(849,656)
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred taxation	15		(4,474)		(3,492)
		_		_	
Net assets			4,024,139	_	2,405,550
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	16		2		2
Profit and loss account	17		4,024,137		2,405,548
Shareholders' funds	18	•	4,024,139	-	2,405,550

Mr J D Park

Director

Approved by the board on 19 December 2013

# Digiland Limited Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 30 June 2013

	Notes	2013	2012
		£	£
Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash			
inflow from operating activities			
Operating profit		2,169,878	1,844,938
Depreciation and amortisation		24,552	13,716
(Increase)/decrease in stocks		(366,012)	301,979
Decrease/(increase) in debtors		36,650	(1,146)
Increase/(decrease) in creditors		447,202	(117,767)
Net cash inflow from operating activities		2,312,270	2,041,720
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
Net cash inflow from operating activities		2,312,270	2,041,720
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	19	(37,787)	9,241
Taxation		(477,105)	(60,835)
Capital expenditure	19	(495,503)	(300,000)
		1,301,875	1,690,126
Financing	19	(36,875)	(32,074)
Increase in cash		1,265,000	1,658,052
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in ne	et debt		
Increase in cash in the period		1,265,000	1,658,052
Decrease in debt and lease financing		36,875	32,074
Change in net debt	20	1,301,875	1,690,126
Net funds at 1 July		1,773,382	83,256
Net funds at 30 June		3,075,257	1,773,382

# Digiland Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 30 June 2013

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

#### Turnover

Turnover represents the value, net of value added tax and discounts, of goods provided to customers and work carried out in respect of services provided to customers.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold and long leasehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Leasehold land and buildings Not depreciated

Plant and machinery 20 - 25% p.a. reducing balance basis Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment 25% p.a. reducing balance basis

#### Stocks

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

#### Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred taxation resulting from timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the accounts and their recognition for tax purposes.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates which are expected to apply in the periods when the timing differences will reverse. The deferred tax balance has not been discounted.

#### Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. All differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

#### Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts, which are those where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the company, are capitalised in the balance sheet and depreciated over their useful lives. The corresponding lease or hire purchase obligation is treated in the balance sheet as a liability.

The interest element of the rental obligations is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments  $o\ u\ t\ s\ t\ a\ n\ d\ i\ n\ g\ .$ 

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

# Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

2	Analysis of turnover	2013	2012
		£	£
	By activity:		
	Exports	10,505,576	12,121,029
	Wholesale/Others	227,909	306,486
	Retail	869,449	764,390
		11,602,934	13,191,905
	By geographical market:		
	UK	1,726,734	1,070,876
	Europe	1,572,490	1,337,571
	Rest of world	8,303,710	10,783,458
		11,602,934	13,191,905
3	Operating profit	2013	2012
		£	£
	This is stated after charging:		
	Depreciation of owned fixed assets	24,552	13,716
	Auditors' remuneration for audit services	5,000	5,000
4	Director's emoluments	2013	2012
		£	£
	Emoluments	67,198	65,559
	Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes	50,000	50,000
		117,198	115,559
	Number of directors in company pension schemes:	2013	2012
		Number	Number
	Money purchase schemes	1	1
		<u>.</u>	<u></u>
5	Staff costs	2013	2012
		£	£
	Wages and salaries	952,497	920,155

100,000	Other pension costs
1,052,497	
Number	Average number of employees during the year
15	Administration
11	Sales
26	
2013	Interest payable
£	
37,787	Bank loans and overdrafts
2013	Taxation
£	
	Analysis of charge in period
	Current tax:
512,521	UK corporation tax on profits of the period
	Adjustments in respect of previous periods
<u>512,520</u> -	
	Deferred tax:
982	Origination and reversal of timing differences
513,502	Tax on profit on ordinary activities
	1,052,497  Number  15 11 26  2013 £ 37,787  2013 £  512,521 (1) 512,520

# Factors affecting tax charge for period

The differences between the tax assessed for the period and the standard rate of corporation tax are explained as follows:

	2013 £	2012 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	2,132,091	1,854,179
Standard rate of corporation tax in the UK	24%	26%
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of	£	£
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax	511,702	482,087
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1,784	(12,180)
Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation	(965)	7,199

Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	(1)	-
Current tax charge for period	512,520	477,106

# 8 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
At 1 July 2012	1,116,737	34,011	90,056	1,240,804
Additions	128,421	50,445	16,637	195,503
At 30 June 2013	1,245,158	84,456	106,693	1,436,307
Depreciation				
At 1 July 2012	-	21,604	61,005	82,609
Charge for the year	-	13,130	11,422	24,552
At 30 June 2013		34,734	72,427	107,161
Net book value				
At 30 June 2013	1,245,158	49,722	34,266	1,329,146
At 30 June 2012	1,116,737	12,407	29,051	1,158,195

### 9 Investments

		Other
		investments
		£
Cost		
At 1 July 2012		400,000
Additions		300,000
At 30 June 2013		700,000
Other investments	2013	2012
	£	£
Listed investments	700,000	400,000
Valuation:		
Listed investments - market value	733,844	413,715

10 Stocks 2013 2012

	I.	Z.
Finished goods and goods for resale	457,561	91,549

The difference between purchase price or production cost of stocks and their replacement cost is not material.

11	Debtors	2013	2012
		£	£
	Trade debtors	35,186	12,243
	Other debtors	443,469	505,753
	Prepayments and accrued income	52,336	49,645
		530,991	567,641
12	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2013	2012
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	42,504	44,063
	Payments on account on long term contracts	225,907	46,389
	Trade creditors	256,866	217,720
	Corporation tax	512,521	477,106
	Other creditors	979,098	830,724
	Accruals and deferred income	89,950	9,786
		2,106,846	1,625,788
13	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2013	2012
		£	£
	Devilation		
	Bank loans	£ 813,836	<b>£</b> 849,656
14		813,836	849,656
14	Bank loans  Loans	813,836 2013	849,656 <b>2012</b>
14	Loans	813,836	849,656
14	Loans Loans not wholly repayable within five years:	813,836 2013	849,656 <b>2012</b>
14	Loans  Loans not wholly repayable within five years:  Loan 1 repayable over 20 years from June 2008	813,836 2013 £	849,656 2012 £
14	Loans  Loans not wholly repayable within five years:  Loan 1 repayable over 20 years from June 2008  Interest rate payable on the loan is base rate plus 1% p.a.	813,836 2013	849,656 <b>2012</b>
14	Loans  Loans not wholly repayable within five years:  Loan 1 repayable over 20 years from June 2008  Interest rate payable on the loan is base rate plus 1% p.a.  Loan 2 repayable over 18 years from June 2008	813,836 2013 £	849,656 2012 £
14	Loans  Loans not wholly repayable within five years:  Loan 1 repayable over 20 years from June 2008  Interest rate payable on the loan is base rate plus 1% p.a.	813,836 2013 £	849,656 2012 £
14	Loans  Loans not wholly repayable within five years:  Loan 1 repayable over 20 years from June 2008  Interest rate payable on the loan is base rate plus 1% p.a.  Loan 2 repayable over 18 years from June 2008  Interest rate payable on the loan is base rate plus 1% - 1.25%	813,836 2013 £ 457,533	849,656 2012 £ 471,146
14	Loans  Loans not wholly repayable within five years:  Loan 1 repayable over 20 years from June 2008  Interest rate payable on the loan is base rate plus 1% p.a.  Loan 2 repayable over 18 years from June 2008  Interest rate payable on the loan is base rate plus 1% - 1.25% p.a.	2013 £ 457,533	849,656  2012 £  471,146
14	Loans  Loans not wholly repayable within five years:  Loan 1 repayable over 20 years from June 2008  Interest rate payable on the loan is base rate plus 1% p.a.  Loan 2 repayable over 18 years from June 2008  Interest rate payable on the loan is base rate plus 1% - 1.25% p.a.  Analysis of maturity of debt:	813,836  2013 £ 457,533  393,303 850,836	2012 £ 471,146 416,509 887,655
14	Loans  Loans not wholly repayable within five years:  Loan 1 repayable over 20 years from June 2008  Interest rate payable on the loan is base rate plus 1% p.a.  Loan 2 repayable over 18 years from June 2008  Interest rate payable on the loan is base rate plus 1% - 1.25% p.a.  Analysis of maturity of debt:  Within one year or on demand	2013 £ 457,533 393,303 850,836	849,656  2012 £  471,146  416,509  887,655
14	Loans  Loans not wholly repayable within five years:  Loan 1 repayable over 20 years from June 2008  Interest rate payable on the loan is base rate plus 1% p.a.  Loan 2 repayable over 18 years from June 2008  Interest rate payable on the loan is base rate plus 1% - 1.25% p.a.  Analysis of maturity of debt:  Within one year or on demand  Between one and two years	813,836  2013 £ 457,533  393,303 850,836  42,504 39,000	849,656  2012 £  471,146  416,509  887,655  44,063  40,000
14	Loans  Loans not wholly repayable within five years:  Loan 1 repayable over 20 years from June 2008  Interest rate payable on the loan is base rate plus 1% p.a.  Loan 2 repayable over 18 years from June 2008  Interest rate payable on the loan is base rate plus 1% - 1.25% p.a.  Analysis of maturity of debt:  Within one year or on demand	2013 £ 457,533 393,303 850,836	2012 £ 471,146 416,509 887,655

856,339 893,719

The bank loans are secured by a legal charge over the long leasehold land and buildings, an unlimited debenture charge and an omnibus letter of set off among the bank, Digiland Limited and a related company, Digicare Limited.

15	Deferred taxation			2013	2012
				£	£
	Accelerated capital allowances			4,474	3,492
	Undiscounted provision for deferred	d tax		4,474	3,492
				2013	2012
				£	£
	At 1 July			3,492	4,350
	Deferred tax charge in profit and los	ss account		982	(858)
	At 30 June			4,474	3,492
16	Share conital	Nominal	2013	2013	2012
10	Share capital	value	Number	2013 £	2012 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:	value	Mulliber	~	<b>~</b>
	Ordinary shares	£1 each	2	2	2
	•				
17	Profit and loss account			2013	
				£	
	At 1 July 2012			2,405,548	
	Profit for the financial year			1,618,589	
	At 30 June 2013			4,024,137	
18	Reconciliation of movement in sl	hareholders' f	unds	2013	2012
				£	£
	At 1 July			2,405,550	1,027,619
	Profit for the financial year			1,618,589	1,377,931
	At 30 June			4,024,139	2,405,550
19	Gross cash flows			2013	2012
				£	£

	Interest paid			(37,787)	9,241
	Capital expenditure				
	Payments to acquire tangible fixe	ed assets		(195,503)	_
	Payments to acquire investments			(300,000)	(300,000)
	Taymonia to doquiro invocament			(495,503)	(300,000)
				(+30,000)	
	Financing				
	Loan repayments			(36,875)	(32,074)
	• •				
20	Analysis of changes in net deb	ot			
		At 1 Jul	Cash flows	Non-cash	At 30 Jun
		2012		changes	2013
		£	£	£	£
	Cash at bank and in hand	2,667,101	1,264,496		3,931,597
	Overdrafts	(504)	504		-
	Ovordiano	(001)	1,265,000		
			1,200,000		
	Debt due within 1 year	(43,559)	1,055		(42,504)
	Debt due after 1 year	(849,656)	35,820		(813,836)
	,	, ,	36,875		, , ,
	Total	1 772 202	1 201 975		2 075 257
	Total	1,773,382	1,301,875		3,075,257
21	Polated party and other transa	ctions		2013	2012
21	Related party and other transactions  Digicare Limited			2013 £	£
				-	~
	Mr J D Park, the director and a salso a director and a shareholder				
	At the balance sheet date there was an outstanding related company loan included in other creditors.  Amount due to Digicare Limited  Mr J D Park  Director and a shareholder in the company				
				978,601	830,726
	During the year the company a Mr J D Park at market value.				
	No amounts were outstanding at	the balance sh	eet date	11,080	-

# 22 Ultimate controlling party

The ultimate controlling party is Mr J D Park, who together with his spouse owns 100% of the issued share capital in the company.

# Digiland Limited Detailed profit and loss account for the year ended 30 June 2013

	2013	2012
	£	£
Sales	11,602,934	13,191,905
Cost of sales	(8,158,214)	(10,182,389)
Gross profit	3,444,720	3,009,516
Administrative expenses	(1,274,842)	(1,164,578)
Out and the same fit		
Operating profit	2,169,878	1,844,938
Interest payable	(37,787)	9,241
interest payable	(37,707)	9,241
Profit before tax	2,132,091	1,854,179

# Digiland Limited Detailed profit and loss account for the year ended 30 June 2013

	2013	2012
	£	£
Sales		
Sales	11,602,934	13,191,905
Cost of sales		
Purchases	8,403,994	9,656,989
(Increase)/decrease in stocks	(366,012)	301,979
Subcontractor costs	308	8,321
Direct labour	33,629	-
Carriage	58,760	200,740
Commissions payable	26,379	8,183
Other direct costs	1,156	6,177
	8,158,214	10,182,389
Administrative expenses		
Employee costs:		
Wages and salaries	885,299	854,596
Director's salary	67,198	65,559
Pensions	100,000	80,000
Temporary staff and recruitment	3,340	4,408
Staff training and welfare	1,282	287
Travel and subsistence	9,146	12,568
Motor expenses	9,680	15,576
Entertaining	15,368	13,086
	1,091,313	1,046,080
Premises costs:		
Rent	36,819	35,207
Rates	59,162	55,645
Service charges	461	-
Light and heat	12,111	10,771
Cleaning	1,465	1,618
Security costs	1,460	1,896
	111,478	105,137
General administrative expenses:		
Telephone and fax	9,348	9,784
Postage	800	2,145
Stationery and printing	1,539	-
Subscriptions	1,226	153
Bank charges	17,715	13,075
Insurance	11,598	10,141
Equipment hire	264	-
Software	2,700	-

Repairs and maintenance	36,343	15,988
Depreciation	24,551	13,717
Sundry expenses	(81,208)	(76,559)
	24,876	(11,556)
Legal and professional costs:		
Audit fees	5,000	5,000
Accountancy fees	3,200	3,200
Advertising and PR	8,383	14,063
Other legal and professional	30,592	2,654
	47,175	24,917
	1,274,842	1,164,578

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.